

RIVERBANK SUBWAY
PROTESTED BY BACK
BAY PEOPLE TODAY

Residents Desire Tunnel Entrance Placed in Business Section on Ground That It Would Affect Values.

ELEVATED OBJECTS

Opposition to Present Plans Asserts Project Would Decrease Value of Home Property of That District.

Residents of Back Bay are before the committee on metropolitan affairs today at the State House to secure a relocation of the westerly terminus of the Riverbank subway. This terminus has been located at Charlesgate West, and these petitioners desire that the subway be extended to the junction of Commonwealth and Brookline avenues with Beacon and Deerfield streets.

The location at Charlesgate West is in the midst of the residential district, two streets beyond Massachusetts avenue. The residents say that putting the terminus at this point will do great damage to their property, making it less valuable. The city of Boston, they say, should take an interest in this question, as it will result in lowering the amount of taxable property.

The situation a little further west at Deerfield street, they say, is entirely different. Here the business interest has taken a hold, there being several garages in the district, and the placing of the terminus would do little damage to the value of property, and it might even add to its value, according to those favoring the change in location.

The additional distance amounts to about 1100 feet, and would mean an added cost of about \$350,000. The Boston Elevated Railroad Company is opposed to any change in the location, and will likely be the chief factor in preventing the change, if it does not take place.

The petition for the change of location was presented to the Legislature by Representative D. Cushing, Mayor Fitzgerald being the representative petitioner.

The Boston transit commission, which had the power to place the terminus at either place, would possibly have placed it where the Legislature is now asked to place it, if the consent of the Boston Elevated railroad could have been secured.

James F. Jackson, formerly chairman of the Massachusetts board of railroad commissioners, presented the cause of the petitioners to the committee. He offered first a substitute bill for the one previously filed, asking for authority for the Boston transit commission to change the location rather than a law making the change, as the previous one provided. The transit commission, he said, was ready to reconsider the matter, and all parties were willing that it should.

The reason for making the change, he said, was of public as well as private interest. The present location interferes with the plans of the Charles river basin commission, establishes a grade crossing similar to those which thousands of dollars are spent annually to abolish, and makes unnecessary crossing of tracks, bringing tracks to the surface on a narrow street.

The plan the petitioners were presenting, he said, not only avoided these objections but also avoided paying large damages, and extended the subway. The difference in damages between the two plans would go part way in paying the additional cost. He said that he had the approval of land owners where the terminus now proposed was to be located. He further stated that he did not believe there was any agreement with the Boston Elevated that would prevent the change, and even so, such a contract could be broken for the public welfare.

Francis W. Kittredge, representing himself, Thomas W. Lawson and other property owners in the block where the cut now authorized would be located, stated that every one in the block favored the change.

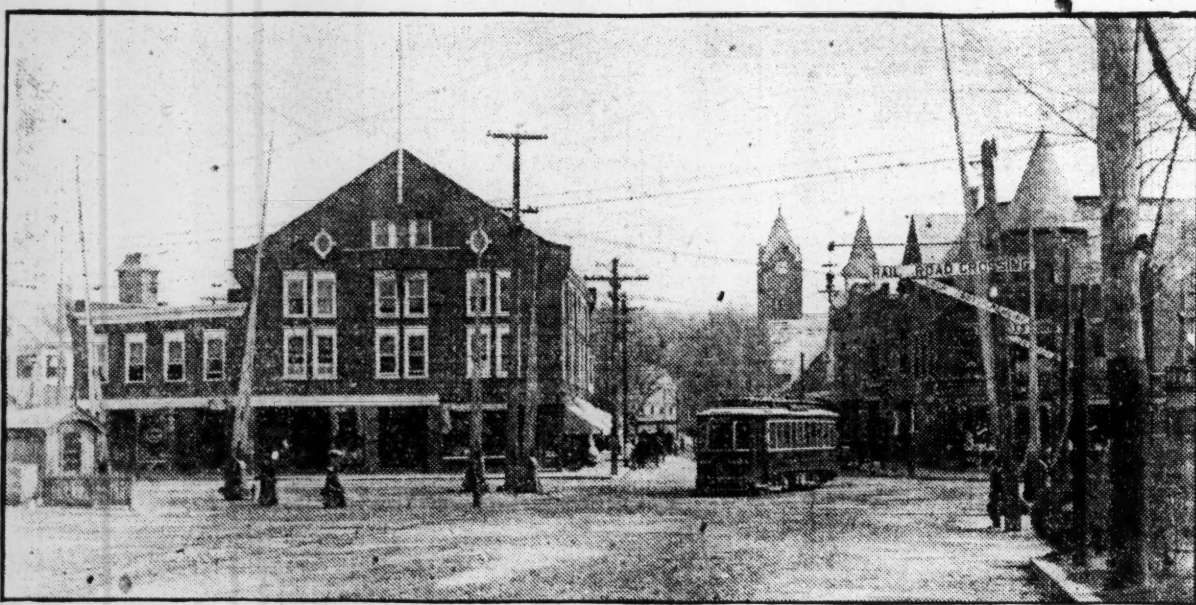
ABOLISH CROSSING
FOR LEOMINSTER

LEOMINSTER, Mass.—Work of abolishing the Main street grade crossing will begin at once, as the result of the decision of the legislative commission. The New York, New Haven & Hartford road is in harmony with the plan to abolish all grade crossings, but citizens of the town petitioned the commission for delay, on the ground that the rebuilding of their town hall, which was burned last December, would make the expense of the new project burdensome. The commission partly yielded by dismissing the cases of the other grade crossings.

The advisory committee of 21, an experiment in town government, has so far been a success and satisfactory to the majority of citizens, and it is likely that next year it will be made permanent.

GRADE CROSSING AT WINCHESTER CENTER

Plan for its abolition calls for a bridge south of the square, a subway for pedestrians and removal of the station northward.



GRADE CROSSING WHICH IT IS PROPOSED TO ABOLISH IN WINCHESTER, MASS.

View of the business center of the town, showing a trolley car that has just passed across the tracks of the Boston & Maine line. The tower of the town hall shows in the distance, looking from Church street, across Main street and the railroad, toward Pleasant street.

WINCHESTER, Mass.—Agitation for the abolition of the grade crossing at Winchester Center, which has been going on for several years, has been given new impetus by the activity in Waverly to get rid of the crossings similarly situated near the railroad station in that suburb.

Although the question of how best to handle the situation in Winchester has been a difficult one to agree upon, it is now believed that the controversy will soon be settled.

Many propositions for the doing away of the crossing have been before various committees and commissions, some involving the sinking of the tracks, beginning near the Wedgemere station, and others the raising of the rails and the building of a huge bridge at the center.

Scores of trains pass through the center daily, and two lines of trolleys, one to Medford and Woburn and the other to Arlington and Reading, pass over the crossing. The latest plan decided upon by the special grade crossing

abolition commission appointed by the superior court provides for a single bridge for street cars and trolleys to be located 635 feet south of the present crossing and a subway for the square for pedestrians. The railroad station will have to be moved to north of its present location.

The proposed new way would be carried over the tracks of the Boston & Maine railroad on a bridge of steel proportioned in accordance with the "Specifications for Bridges Carrying Electric Railways, Adopted by the Massachusetts Railroad Commission, Revised August, 1908," with floors of plank and roadway paved with brick. The total width of the bridge as planned is 60 feet, with two sidewalks each 10 feet wide in the clear.

A fence would be built between the main tracks at the present crossing and for a distance southerly sufficient to prevent crossing of tracks. The present location of the Boston & Northern street railway tracks within the limits of the railroad would be discontinued, and a new location made, beginning at Main

street at its junction with the Mystic valley parkway and extending along the center line of the new way across the railroad to its connection with Church street.

A suitable track with the necessary trolley poles, overhead wires and other accessories would be constructed, with suitable Y connection at the intersection of the new way with Main and with Church streets, also curve connections at the junction of Main and Pleasant streets and Main and Church streets.

Considerable land near the present station would have to be purchased if the commission's plan were adopted.

The above plan is at present only tentative. At the last town meeting a committee of five citizens was appointed to investigate the merits, costs, etc., of the provisions made by the commission named by the court, and it will report at a town meeting to be held next month. If the town has serious objections to the proposal it may ask for a hearing before the court or carry the matter to the supreme court on points of law, but the latter proceeding is unusual.

COUNCIL COMMITTEE
ON SUGHRUE INQUIRY
TO QUERY EX-MAYOR

It is the intention of the committee of the city council which is investigating the payment of some \$3000 to M. J. Sughrue for expert services to call ex-Mayor George A. Hibbard before it this afternoon when the third session of the investigation is held at City hall.

At the two previous hearings all the witnesses have testified that Mr. Sughrue was sent to the various departments by Mayor Hibbard, and without any recommendation from the heads of the departments to which he was sent, and in each case the head of the department has testified that the attorney's services were not needed or desired, but that the wishes of Mayor Hibbard were respected as to the rendering of expert services by Mr. Sughrue.

Inspector Karbaum of the civil service commission will also be a witness at the hearing, and if his testimony is not reached today he will be called at the next hearing. It is the intention of the committee to collect all the evidence possible and then request the presence of Mr. Sughrue at its final hearing.

The order offered in the city council last week by Councilman Matthew Hale for an investigation of the advertising of moving picture theaters in Mayor John F. Fitzgerald's weekly paper has been indefinitely postponed.

Mayor Fitzgerald will receive the annual appropriation bill from the city council today, that body having passed it at the meeting Monday afternoon. The total of the bill is \$18,759,396. Of this amount \$14,917,866 will be raised out of taxes and the rest out of revenue. The bill, as returned to the mayor, is \$62,662.50 more than last year's appropriation bill and \$90,989 less than the amount which the mayor submitted to the council in his annual budget. The

(Continued on Page Four, Column Five.)

NEW EXPEDITION TO ARCTIC
PLANNED BY HARRY WHITNEY

NEW YORK—A new expedition to the Arctic, in which he expects to stop at Etah to recover the instruments of Dr. Frederick A. Cook, is being planned for this summer by Harry Whitney of New Haven, Conn., the man who first heard Cook's assertion that he had reached the north pole.

Paul Rainey, horseman, polo player and yachtsman, will accompany Whitney. Negotiations, it is announced, are now being made to charter a suitable vessel, and it is expected the expedition will leave St. Johns, N. F., in July. Overtures are said to have been made to

STATE TRADE BOARD
ACTS ON IMPORTANT
AFFAIRS AT SESSION

The executive council of the Massachusetts State Board of Trade is holding its sixth and last meeting of the year today at the Hotel Vendome for action on important business and luncheon. There are four communications, two special assignments and five committee reports on the program.

Ex-Congressman U. J. Ledoux has invited the board to membership in the International Congress of Chambers of Commerce and to appoint delegates to the meeting of the congress in London, June, 1910, and to join in a movement to secure the holding of a congress in Boston in 1912.

The International Peace Congress has asked for delegates to its meeting to be held in Stockholm, Sweden, this year. The New England Arbitration and Peace Congress has asked for the appointment of delegates to its meeting at Hartford and New Britain May 8 to 11. The Lake Mohonk conference on international arbitration has sent an invitation for a delegate to its annual meeting May 18 to 20.

The committees of state legislation and transportation acting jointly reported on a communication from Mr. Spaulding of Mansfield for consideration of House bill 1213, "An act relative to the abolition of grade crossings."

The committee on international arbitration submitted a report from the Hon. Lloyd E. Chamberlain for limiting the number of new war vessels, which was unanimously adopted.

The committee on national legislation submitted a report from W. R. Chester for approval of President Taft's recent message calling for an appropriation for the current and next fiscal year for carrying out the purpose for which the tariff board was established.

Capt. Sam Bartlett, master of the schooner Jeannie, which was sent to the Arctic last year to carry relief to Commander Peary, to command the vessel. The principal object of the trip will be to obtain specimens for museums and zoological parks, and the recovery of Dr. Cook's instruments will be only incidental.

NEW DEPUTY COLLECTOR. Daniel T. McLaughlin of Charlestown was appointed a deputy collector of internal revenue late Monday in place of Edwin T. Niver, who recently left the service.

BEVERLY CHARTER
AND OTHER BILLS
REPORTED IN HOUSE

The committee on cities reported the new Beverly charter bill to the House today.

The committee on counties reported "ought to pass" on the bill to authorize advance payments on account of expenses to officers sent without the confines of the commonwealth by the district attorney of the Suffolk district.

The committee on insurance reported a bill requiring that referees appointed to determine the loss under a fire insurance policy shall hold a meeting within 10 days of their appointment and adjournments shall not be taken for a period of more than one week except by unanimous consent of the referees.

Representative David B. Shaw of Boston presented a petition of Mayor Fitzgerald and Police Commissioner O'Meara for an amendment of the law with respect to the licensing of theatrical entertainments. The bill accompanying the petition provides that the mayor may instead of shall, grant licenses for theatrical exhibitions, public shows, public amusements and exhibitions of every description to which admission is charged; that he may revoke or suspend such license at his pleasure, and that the fee to be charged for such licenses shall not exceed \$500 instead of \$100.

MR. PINCHOT SPENDS
SECOND DAY IN TALK
WITH EX-PRESIDENT

PORTO MAURIZIO, Italy—Gifford Pinchot is with Theodore Roosevelt again today, but the ex-President and the former chief forester of the United States give no indication of letting the correspondents in on the subjects they have been discussing.

Mr. Roosevelt today accepted an invitation, personally delivered by Gifford Pinchot, to address the meeting of the National Conservation Congress.

The meeting will probably be held in Kansas City early in September. It is becoming daily more apparent that Mr. Roosevelt is going to learn every phase of the American political situation before he returns to the United States. The report that Francis Heney, former prosecutor of San Francisco, and Seth Bullock, United States marshal at Deadwood, S. D., are to meet

(Continued on Page Four, Column One.)

SEGREGATION URGED
IN REPORT TO TUFTS
COLLEGE GOVERNORS

Separate Institution for Women Is Radical Move Recommended Today by Special Committee.

TRUSTEES ARGUE IT

Investigators Attempt to Show That Coeducation Is Not Proving Successful at Medford School.

A meeting of the trustees of Tufts College, at which the final decision in regard to the function of segregation of men and women students is expected to be reached will be held this afternoon. This subject, however, is not likely to be reached until late.

The committee of the trustees which was appointed to investigate the question of segregation will present a report that in their opinion the best interests of the institution require separation; that the best way of accomplishing this is by the establishment of an independent college for women; that the importance of the matter is so great that even though the financial resources are not at this moment in hand to meet the extra cost, the action should be taken at the earliest possible moment and efforts be made at once to secure the necessary funds.

The committee recommends securing an amendment to the charter of Tufts College authorizing the establishment of a separate college to be known as Jackson College for Women and that with the opening of the next college year a women's department be established which shall be merged into the Jackson College for Women as soon as the legislation therefor shall be secured.

The committee gives the following reasons for these conclusions:

In a few studies the delicacy of treating fully a subject where both men and women were present in the same class. This was not, however, considered by any one a sufficient cause in itself to justify a change.

The invariably different viewpoint due to the difference in sex from which men and women approach nearly all the subjects and the difficulty in the hour of recitations of properly presenting the subjects to the comprehension of both sexes.

A natural diffidence on the part of both sexes to enter during a recitation into any argument with the other sex over any subject under consideration.

The tendency of women to select courses in which, from the nature of the subject and their natural aptitude and ability they will secure high marks, coupled with the general desire of women for high marks. This secures for the women students a higher average standing than the men and consequently a rather disproportionate part of the awards, prizes and prestige which under coeducation are always awarded in common for both men and women. If the women took more of the courses ordinarily taken by the men it is probable that the result would be somewhat different, but as it is it appears rightly or wrongly that the incentive on the part of the men to work for honors and awards is weakened by the approximate certainty of non-success due to the peculiar competition just mentioned.

If this were the only objection it is probable that the conditions could be met by a plan which would secure a setting apart of honors, prizes and awards for men and women on the basis of scholarship in each sex, although this would be contrary to one of the fundamental principles of coeducation. The trustees will take action on the foregoing proposals this afternoon and upon this action will rest the fate of coeducation at Tufts College.

NEW HAVEN RAILROAD TODAY
ADMITS INVASION OF CANADA

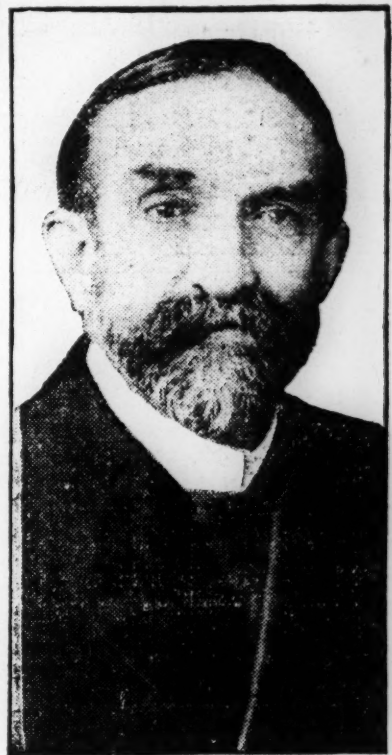
NEW HAVEN—The invasion of Canada by the New Haven railroad by the construction of connecting sections which will give it control of complete lines leading into the North, was officially verified by the officials of the road in a statement issued today.

The directors at their meeting in New York on Saturday decided to go ahead and complete the route through Springfield, Mass., from New York city to Sherbrooke, Que. Two stretches of track must be built before trains will be run over an entirely new New Haven line lying between Brattleboro and South Vernon, Vt., and Windsor and White River Junction, Vt., and it is expected surveys to this end will be made some time next fall.

The route extends over the New Haven road from New York city to Springfield, thence over the Boston & Maine, which is regarded as an integral part of the New Haven system.

Regarding its building a through line from New York to Sherbrooke, over the

Probate Judge Who Decides Case It Took 194 Days to Hear, in a Few Hours



(Photo by Chickering.)
JUDGE GEORGE F. LAWTON.
Who heard the famous Russell will case and who makes a record for quick decisions.

BOSTON IS MECCA
OF POSTMASTERS

New England Chiefs of the United States Mails Are Flocking Here Today for Convention Tomorrow.

Postmasters from various cities and towns in New England are flocking to Boston today to attend the annual convention and banquet of the Postmasters' Association of New England to be held at the American house tomorrow morning, afternoon and evening. President John Duff, postmaster at New Bedford, will preside.

At the morning session reports will be made by postmasters on the use of the pre-cancelled stamps for Christmas packages, and the use of teams in delivering the Christmas mail packages. This is a question of momentous importance to every postmaster in the country.

This will be followed by the reading of a paper by Postmaster W. H. Pierce of Winchendon on "Should the Government Discontinue the Printing of Special Request Envelopes," and an address by Edward J. Ryan, superintendent of the New England railway mail service, on "The Checking of Errors Made in Distribution."

The afternoon session will include addresses by E. T. Bushnell, chief clerk to the first assistant postmaster-general, Washington; E. H. Thorp, superintendent of division of city delivery, Washington, and Postoffice Inspector Charles M. Perkins. The latter will speak on "Relations of Postmasters and Inspectors to the Service and the Public."

At the banquet in the evening the guests will include Postmaster Edward M. Morgan of New York city, John Washington, superintendent of delivery at the New York postoffice; E. T. Bushnell, E. H. Thorp, from Washington; W. A. Murphy, secretary to Governor Draper; Asst. U. S. Dist. Atty. E. Mark Sullivan, and the Hon. Frank E. McMillin of New York, formerly chief postoffice inspector at Boston.

The question box topics this year will include the following:

"Use of Blank Form 3983," "Inquiry Slip," "The Examination of Letter Carriers," "The Use of Blank Form B-22," "Request for better address cards," "Various Methods of Educating the Public." It is the wish of President Taft that postmasters should be prepared to talk on these topics at any time when called upon.

R. & M., the New Haven officials today say: "The New Haven road now has a through line to Sherbrooke. The line now being surveyed will give it one under its own control. At present the line has to use a 10-mile section between South Vernon and Brattleboro belonging to the New London and Northern, a 15-mile section between Windsor and White River Junction, owned by the Central Vermont. The construction of these two sections will enable the line to be handled much more efficiently and economically."

DEBATE "STRIKE
BILL" IN HOUSE

The first subject for debate in the Massachusetts House of Representatives today was the bill providing that in case of solicitation for employees during a strike, lockout or other labor dispute, either by advertisement or orally, the employer shall state that a strike is in progress.

DAKOTA MAN LOSES
HIS CLAIM TO BEING
REAL D. B. RUSSELL

Judge Lawton Decides Against Claimant in Long Contested Will Suit Over \$500,000 Fortune.

ENDS HARD DISPUTE

Middlesex Probate Court Crowded This Morning With Persons Eager to Hear the Final Result.

The North Dakota claimant in the Russell will case is not Daniel Blake Russell, the long missing son of the late Daniel Russell of Melrose, and brother of William C. Russell, according to the decision handed down by Judge George F. Lawton at 11:30 a. m. today in the Middlesex county probate court, at East Cambridge, and is therefore not entitled to a division of the estate, the value of which is estimated conservatively to be \$500,000.

Atty. Leslie A. Simpson, counsel for the North Dakota claimant, after Judge Lawton had rendered his decision, declared that it was his intention to appeal the case to the Massachusetts supreme court. He said that he would carry the case as far as might be necessary to get a decision favorable to his client if it cost him all that he (the attorney) has.

Eugene C. Upton, counsel for the Russell estate, this afternoon said that he does not know anything about the plans of the executors of the Russell estate in reference to the man from Fresno, Cal., who claims he is Daniel Blake Russell.

He said he had nothing to say about the outcome of the Russell will case this morning, as he thought that Judge Lawton had settled all questions fully and clearly.

Judge Lawton reviewed briefly the salient points in the testimony, given on both sides of the question during the extended hearing, saying he finds no basis for charges of alleged forgery or conspiracy on either side. He points out that the weight of evidence shows that the claimant cannot possibly be Daniel Blake Russell, and that much of the evidence shows that he may be James D. Rousseau of Massena, N. Y.

As it was not necessary for Judge Lawton to pass judgment on this latter point, he gives it only a passing remark.

Judge Lawton's findings in part are as follows: "The most remarkable feature of the trial has been the dispute by the handwriting experts employed by counsel on both sides about the handwriting of the so-called Rousseau letters, and the Woodmen of the World application. I do not find that there have been wholesale forgeries, or forgeries in part, in connection with these letters and the application, as counsel for the petitioner has claimed and has sought to show."

"The charge of conspiracy and perjury made by counsel for the petitioner is too extensive and too elaborate to warrant belief. It includes the Pinkerton Detective Agency, their detectives employed by counsel for the respondents, the Rousseau family, many witnesses from northern New York. It does not appear from the evidence given that there has been any such conspiracy or perjury."

"This accusation of conspiracy and fraud involves the counsel for the respondents and one of the respondents himself, members of the Massachusetts bar, in the one instance, and a reputable Boston man in the other. I do not find any basis for such an accusation."

"I shall not attempt to review the testimony given in court in detail. There is one incident, however, that impressed me forcibly. Among all the boyhood friends of Daniel Blake Russell if there is any one he should remember it is Edward Frenz. When the claimant came to Melrose in 1909 and talked with Mr. Frenz he addressed him throughout the interview as Mr. 'Frenz'."

"The failure to remember the correct name appears to me more significant because of something which happened a few days later. The sister of Edward Frenz put herself into communication with the claimant. She talked with him by telephone and in the course of the conversation he spoke of her brother as Mr. 'Frenz,' his correct name."

"In determining who a man is, incidents of little interest in themselves become significant and often important. I was particularly impressed by a slight incident which occurred during the trial. The claimant affected to remember that as boys he and Edward Frenz and their companions were accustomed to sit beneath a certain butternut tree when putting on their skates in the winter."

"The claimant told in detail of how the boys used to stain their hands and clothes with the butternut from this tree. Mr. Frenz testified on the witness stand that it was a buttonwood tree, beneath which the boys played in summer and upon their skates in winter. He also testified that there was no butternut tree in this vicinity. Mr. Frenz"

(Continued on Page Four, Column Three.)

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News of the World Told by Cable and Correspondence

NEW TYPE OF GERMAN AIRSHIP MAKES SUCCESSFUL TRIAL

(Special to The Monitor.) LONDON.—Six Russian officers, three from the navy and three from the army, respectively, accompanied by six men, are about to travel from St. Petersburg to France, where they hope to become efficient in the art of aviation, having as instructors Mr. Farman and M. Bleriot.

A German airship of a new type has just made its first trial trip, which proved successful. The air vessel is of the semi-rigid type, about 75 feet long, and driven by a motor of 45 horsepower. After attaining an altitude of about 1000 feet, and sailing for several miles, the vessel performed a number of evolutions, eventually landing in a satisfactory manner.

It is reported that the municipal authorities at Dusseldorf have entered into negotiations with the Zeppelin Airship Construction Company for the hire of an airship for two years, from May, 1910. This air vessel will be used for passenger traffic, trips being arranged by the municipal authorities, including journeys to the great exhibition at Brussels. It is said that the main object in making this arrangement is to attract visitors to the town, and for this purpose the price of the fares will be made as low as possible.

The Clement Bayard airship, manufactured in France, is said to be now ready to start on her preliminary trials before sailing from Paris to London, or to be more accurate, Wormwood Scrubs, where the huge garage constructed by the Daily Mail is situated. It is expected that the first trips taken by this dirigible will be some nocturnal flights near

Compeigne. The balancing tests, which form so important a part of the final assembling of an air vessel, have been carried out to the satisfaction of all concerned, and the maiden trip, as well as the eventual voyage over the English channel is being looked forward to with the greatest interest.

Mr. H. Farman has, it is reported, recently made several modifications of his biplane. Owing to the new arrangements which have been made with the object of simplifying the machine, the weight of the machine has been diminished by some 200 pounds.

ALBERTA TO HAVE A BUSY SEASON BUILDING ROADS

(Special to The Monitor.) EDMONTON, Alberta.—Five hundred miles of new railway are to be constructed in northern Alberta this season, and it is estimated that fully one thousand men will be required for the work in addition to the 600 men now in the various construction camps. Laborers are said to be leaving the city at the rate of two and three hundred each week, and the employment agencies expect to be under the necessity of importing men from other points to meet the demand.

BUILD RAILWAYS IN INDO-CHINA

(Special to The Monitor.) PARIS.—M. Klobukowski, the Governor-General of French Indo-China, referring to French administration in that colony, says: The public works, which are being carried out with respect to railways, would be satisfactory to the natives and stop the opposition to the colonial administration. With regard to the fiscal system, he declared that improvements had been made.

All for Ireland League May Mean Much to Country



(Photo by Lafayette, Dublin.) LORD CASTLETOWN. Loyalist of Upper Ossory.

LONDON.—A meeting, the results of which may be fraught with immense consequences to the empire, and which can hardly be without considerable effect on the political relations of Great Britain and Ireland, has just been held in the city hall at Cork for the purpose of establishing the All for Ireland League. Almost for the first time since Mr. Butt and Colonel King-Harman and a handful of Irish Conservatives met in the Bilton hotel in Dublin for the purpose of launching the home rule movement, which in the hands of Mr. Parnell became a veritable Frankenstein to Conservative hopes, have the leaders of the Nationalist and Conservative forces met on the same political platform.

MID-GLAMORGAN ELECTION BRINGS ON CRISIS IN PARTY

(Special to The Monitor.) LONDON.—The promotion of Sir Samuel Evans from the attorney-generalship to a judgeship has created a vacancy in the mid-Glamorgan division, which has produced a most astonishing effect. In promoting Sir Samuel Evans, the government no doubt imagined that they were dealing with so safe a seat that no trouble would ensue to them through the election necessitated, the attorney-general's majority having been almost 10,000 over his Conservative opponent. The surprise came from quite a different quarter. The seat was suddenly claimed by the Labor party, and the Liberal Whip, the Master of Elibank, faced with the threat of opposition on the part of the local Labor party, surrendered the seat without reference to the local Liberals, and arranged that no Liberal candidate should be officially run.

Unfortunately for this arrangement, the local Liberal party have refused to acquiesce in it. They have treated the Master of Elibank's declaration, that the general in command during a battle must be allowed to sacrifice a particular battery, if he thinks fit, to the security of the whole army, with complete contempt. They have found a candidate, and a very strong candidate, in Mr. Gubbins, the Quaker manager of a tinplate factory, and an ex-high sheriff of the county. Mr. Gubbins is not by any manner of means a caucus politician. He is a desperately straightforward Liberal, strenuously opposed to the socialism of the Labor party, and he has behind him what is perhaps the greatest political force in Wales, the non-conformist churches.

CITIZENS WOULD BUILD RAILWAY

(Special to The Monitor.) CALGARY, Alberta.—A number of citizens who are interested in property about to be taken in the city limits have offered to build 1½ miles of street railway, or defray the expense of building, and hand the same over to the city unconditionally, to become part of the municipal railway service. This rather unusual course has been taken to facilitate the sale and settlement of the property concerned, which will be known as Capital Hill, and which is expected to prove a most desirable suburb.

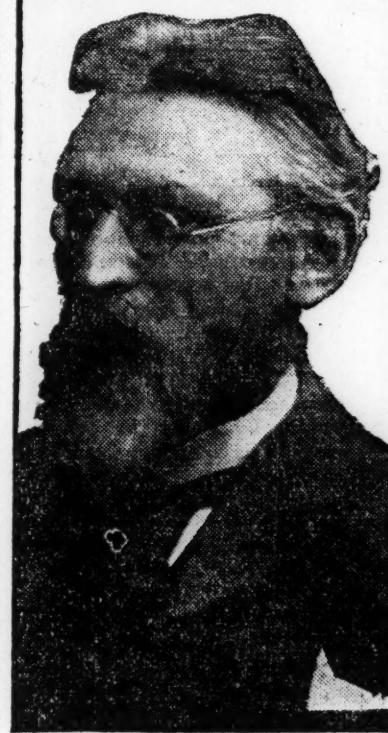
MINISTER MAY RESIGN.

BERLIN.—It is reported that the Prussian Minister of the Interior, von Moltke, will resign his post as soon as the question of electoral reform has been settled. His successor, according to a Frankfort contemporary, may be M. de Heydebrand, the chief of the Conservative party.

unavoidably prevented from attending, but besides Mr. O'Brien and his lieutenants of the new Independent party there were present such a venerable home ruler as T. D. Sullivan, the author of "God Save Ireland," and such representative loyalists as Lord Castletown, Mr. Keating of Tipperary and Maj. Villiers Stuart.

William McDonald, chairman of the Cork county council, was the chairman of the meeting, and he read the letters of Lord Dunraven and Lord Rossmore regretting their inability to attend. "Three things," wrote Lord Dunraven, "are necessary for the prosperity of our country—such self-governing power as is consistent with her position within the empire, and purchase on the lines of the great measure of appeasement which has already acted like a miracle wherever it has had fair play, and protection against excessive taxation. Ireland can achieve her legitimate objects only by convincing the people of Great Britain that those objects are legitimate, and she can do that only by a consistent policy of peace, reconciliation, and good will."

Those words were taken as the key to the meeting, and Mr. O'Brien's plea for conciliation was received with loud applause by the great audience, composed largely of those who had benefited under the various land purchase acts. The new movement, the chairman had declared, was based on patriotism and common sense, and had a spirit of the utmost conciliation to England and the Irish Protestants, and Mr. O'Brien raised the loudest of many cheers by his reference to the immense services which could be rendered to the Nationalist cause by the Unionists and the Protestants of Ireland if once they could be satisfied that their rights would be safeguarded under a scheme of Irish self-government. People, he said, had perhaps scarcely begun to realize that the various land purchase acts had brought about a transformation which had revolutionized the whole situation in Ireland to a greater degree than anything which had happened since the Norman conquest. In these entirely altered circumstances those who were with him on the



(Photo by William Lawrence, 5, 6 and 7 Upper Sackville street, Dublin.) WILLIAM O'BRIEN. Of the new Independent party.

platform believed that the best, indeed the only way, which could lead, in their life time, towards self government, was the willingness to go to every reasonable length in overcoming the apprehensions as to how the Protestant minority would fare under a native Irish government. The moment they convinced the Protestant minority of this, the difficulties, not only with that minority, but with England, would be at an end, and there would be witnessed the spectacle of the minority enjoying their prosperity in peace, and associating themselves with the necessities and aspirations of their country. This was the opportunity Mr. Redmond had lost.

FRENCH MERCHANTS BUY STOCKS BEFORE TARIFF INCREASES

(Special to The Monitor.) PARIS.—The text of the revised French tariff has been published. The effect on the principal railway stations of the capital for several weeks has been that they have overflowed with consignments of every description of goods from abroad. Whole trains have arrived from England, Belgium, Austria and Germany at the station of La Chapelle laden with merchandise, with the result that instead of having a day of rest on Sundays and fete days, the porters have been obliged to do an extra amount of work.

Those who will be affected by the enforcement of the new tariff have taken the opportunity of sending as much material into the country as possible, before being obliged to pay the extra taxes. The result is that at the station of La Chapelle there are nearly 300 truckloads of material waiting to be unloaded and no room available for housing the stuff. The customs receipts for the current month have reached quite exceptional proportions.

YOUNG PRIMROSE IN FIRST SPEECH

LONDON.—The House of Commons debated Premier Asquith's second veto resolution Monday night. The discussion was notable for the capital maiden speech of the Hon. Neil Primrose, the youngest son of the Earl of Rosebery. It was listened to by Queen Alexandra and Lord Rosebery. His style of oratory was strongly reminiscent of his father's. Interest in the political situation centers in the dispute between Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd George and the O'Brienites regarding the alleged budget concessions to Ireland. John Redmond, leader of the Irish Parliamentary party, has issued an emphatic denial of Mr. O'Brien's statements at Cork Saturday night. Mr. O'Brien will make a statement before Parliament Thursday.

EXTRA GRANT VOTED FOR MILITARY OPERATIONS

(Special Correspondence of The Monitor.) PARIS.—By 462 votes to 74, the extra grant demanded by the government for the continuation of the military operations in Morocco was sanctioned by the Chamber of Deputies. The sum demanded amounts to more than \$225,000. Objection was taken to the action of the government with regard to the situation in Morocco by some of the socialists, who declared also that the campaign of 1907 had been undertaken without the previous consent of the Chamber. M. Pichon replied that while it was quite possible that the original decisions regarding the expedition to Morocco had been taken while the Chamber was not

ONTARIO'S POWER MEASURE UPHELD

OTTAWA, Ont.—The Dominion government has decided not to disallow the act of the Ontario provincial Parliament, passed in 1909, "to provide for the transmission of electrical power to municipalities" by the hydro-electric commission, a body operating under the provincial government. The government was petitioned to disallow this legislation by power companies and individuals in Canada, the United States and England owning power company stock. The hydro-electric commission has promoted a policy of developing power at Niagara Falls and transmitting it to a dozen or more municipalities in Ontario.

SWEDISH PRESS ADVISE CALMNESS

HELSINGFORS.—Referring to the manifesto of the Czar of Russia, tending to limit the subjects of Finnish Legislature, to local matters, the Swedish newspapers advise the people to be calm in the face of what they consider an attack upon the liberties of Finland. They point out at the same time that Russia will not derive the benefits expected from the proposed bill, but that on the contrary the internal difficulties of the country will be increased.

CHANGES IN CANAL WORK TO TAKE EFFECT ON MAY FIRST

(Special to The Monitor.) GORGONA, Canal Zone.—Changes in the organization of the mechanical division of the canal work, under the direction of the electrical engineer and master mechanic, have been authorized to take effect May 1. The total saving in salaries will be \$625 a month, but the chief economy will be in greater efficiency.

The position of superintendent of engine houses and air compressors will be abolished, in the organization controlling outside plants other than those devoted to car repairing; and the air compressor

plants will be placed under the control of the superintendent of electric light plants. The master mechanic of the organization will be given personal supervision of the work of the foremen of the Pedro Miguel, Las Cascadas and Tabernilla engine houses, who will report directly to him. The foreman of the Las Cascadas engine house will have charge of the work both at that point and at the Gamboa engine house. The changes in these plants referred to will effect an economy of \$400 a month in salaries and probably increase the effectiveness.

MOST MODERN LABOR TEMPLE ON THE COAST

(Special to The Monitor.) VANCOUVER, B. C.—What is stated to be the most modern labor temple on the Pacific coast is now in course of erection in this city, and is intended to be ready for dedication on Jan. 1, 1911. The cost of the structure, which will be four stories in height, is estimated at \$80,000, the site being valued at \$75,000. The building has been planned so that two stories can be added when found necessary.

NEW COMMERCIAL TREATY IS MADE

(Special to The Monitor.) CONSTANTINOPLE.—It is reported that at the conferences which have taken place between Bulgaria and Ottoman ministers, entirely satisfactory conclusions have been reached with regard to a commercial treaty, and delimitation of undefined points on the frontier, and further linking up of Bulgarian and Turkish relations; also the question of "Indigenat," or national position of the inhabitants of both countries. A communique has been presented pointing out the good relations which prevail between the sovereigns and the statesmen of both countries.

The car repair work done outside the Gorgona shops consists of the inspection of cars used in the central division and the tugging and repair of those unfit for service. The repair work now carried on at Balboa, Pedro Miguel, Gamboa, Las Cascadas and Tabernilla yards will be concentrated at Pedro Miguel and Gorgona, the repairing at Las Cascadas will be discontinued and the work at Gamboa will be reduced to a minimum. The position of master car builder, under whose supervision the outside car work has been carried on, will be abolished, the supervision being vested in the general foreman of the car and foundry department of the Gorgona shops. A chief car inspector will be appointed and the inspection of cars will continue as at present, but the number of car repairers along the line from Tabernilla to Balboa will be reduced. The clerical work at the Gorgona shops will be so systematized as to require the services of one less clerk.

GERMANY MAY NOT ACCEPT RAISE

PARIS.—It is reported that Germany will not accept the new tariff imposed by France without retaliating in some way. Measures, it is pointed out, could be taken by the Reichstag not only to raise the tax on wines, perfumes, etc., imported, but to alter the freight rates in such a manner as to annul the effect on German trade of the recently adopted French tariffs.

AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON. AMERICAN MUSIC HALL.—Vaudeville. CASTLE SQUARE.—Raffles. COLONIAL.—The Third Degree. GLOBE.—Supper. GRAND OPERA HOUSE.—"Monte Cristo." HOLLIS STREET.—"Mile Modiste." KETTER.—Vaudeville. MAJESTIC.—"The White Sister." PARK.—"The Man From Home." SHUBERT.—"The Fighting Hope." TREMONT.—"The Man Who Owns Broadway." Boston Opera House. Every evening, April 11-16, at 8 o'clock, and Wednesday and Friday afternoons at 2 o'clock, Aborn Opera Company in "Alma." Boston Concerts. TUESDAY.—Steinert hall, 3 p. m., piano recital, Miss Marie von Utschuld. Steinhilf hall, 8:15 p. m., recital piano, Carlo Buonamici. WEDNESDAY.—Jordan hall, 3 p. m., recital by Laura Kuran, soprano, and Charles Anthony, pianist. Chickering hall, 8 p. m., chamber concert, Helen Reynolds, Trio, assisted by Louis Schalk, baritone. FRIDAY.—Symphony hall, 2:20 p. m., twenty-first public rehearsal Boston Symphony orchestra, Fritz Kreisler, soloist. Sunday hall, 8 p. m., recital by Miss Natalie Patten, violinist, and Miss Marjorie Patten, cellist, assisted by John Beach, pianist. SATURDAY.—Symphony hall, 8 p. m., twenty-first concert Boston Symphony orchestra, Fritz Kreisler, soloist. SUNDAY.—Symphony hall, 8 p. m., pension fund concert Boston Symphony orchestra, Miss Marcelle Sembrich, soloist.

NEW YORK. ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—"The Traveling Salesman." AMERICAN.—Vaudeville. ARTIST.—Seven Days. ELGIN.—"The Lottery Man." BROADWAY.—"The Jolly Bachelors." CASINO.—"The Chocolate Soldier." COLONIAL.—Vaudeville. COMEDY.—"A Man's World." CRYSTAL.—"The Whirlwind." EMPEROR.—"Mid-Channel." GAIETY.—"The Fortune Hunter." GARDEN.—Ben Greet company in "Midsummer Night's Dream." GLOBE.—"Father and the Boys." HACKET.—"Molly May." HAMMERSTEIN.—Vaudeville. HERALD SQUARE.—"The Yankee Girl." HIPPODROME.—Spectacles. HUDSON.—"The Spendthrift." HIVING PLACE.—Dramas and operettas in German. KETTER & PROCTORS, Fifth avenue.—Vaudeville. KNECKBOCKER.—"The Dollar Princess." LIBERTY.—"The Arcadians." LYCEUM.—Double bill, "Huckle" and "The Green Cockade." LYRIC.—"The City." NEW AMSTERDAM.—"Madame X." NEW THEATRE.—"Beethoven." NEW YORK.—"A Skylark." PLAZA.—Vaudeville. STUYVESANT.—"The Lily." WALLACKS.—"Miss Jimmy Valentine." WEST END.—"Old Dutch." CHICAGO. AMERICAN VAUDEVILLE. CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE.—"The Call of the Cricket." COLONIAL.—"A Certain Sherry." GARRICK.—"A Certain Party." GRAND OPERA HOUSE.—"Mother." HAYMARKET.—Vaudeville. HOLLIS.—"Seven Days." LYRIC.—"The Beauty Spot." MYNICKERS.—"The Melting Pot." OLYMPIC.—"The Fortune Hunter." MAJESTIC.—Vaudeville. POWER.—"The Harvest Moon." STUBBART.—"The Fourth Estate." WHITNEY.—"My Cinderella Girl." ZEIGFELD.—"The Upright."

MAY HAVE EXHIBIT AT BRUSSELS FAIR

(Special to The Monitor.) EDMONTON, Alberta.—The Canadian government has been asked to make an exhibit at the annual game exhibition to open at Brussels on April 20, and the matter has been placed in the hands of Howard Douglas, commissioner of Dominion parks, who is now in the province for this purpose. The bulk of the exhibit, it is said, will be obtained in Edmonton district, and Mr. Douglas will endeavor to secure the cooperation of the board of trade in making the collection a success. It is believed that such an exhibit would go far toward advertising the advantages offered to sportsmen in the province of Alberta.

KING MAY ABDICATE.

BELGRADE.—The rumor is current, and has been taken up by the Press, that King Peter is about to abdicate.

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ENGLAND AND The Continent North TO LONDON-PARIS-BREMEN Express Sailings Every TUESDAY PLYMOUTH-CHESTER-BERMEX Twin-Screw Sailings Every THURSDAY TO GIBRALTAR NAPLES AND GENOA Lloyd SATURDAY Wireless and Submarine Signals Independent Around-the-World Tours. Travelers checks good all over the world. Illustrated Booklets on Request. OELRICHS & CO., General Agents 5 Broadway, New York. C. THEO. GUETHING, Sole Agent 83-85 State St., Boston.

United Fruit Company DIVIDEND NO. 43. A quarterly dividend of two per cent on the capital stock of this Company has been declared payable April 15, 1910, at the office of the Treasurer, 131 State Street, Boston, Mass., to stockholders of record at the close of business March 24, 1910. CHARLES A. HUBBARD, Treasurer. Size 5x8, all wool. \$2.95. McLELLAN, Haymarket Square, Boston. Tel. 150 Hay. Loose Leaf Books WARD'S

Leading Events in Athletic World

ILLINOIS LOOKS FOR THE WESTERN BASEBALL TITLE

Has Two Pitchers with Three Years' Experience and a Number of Hard-Hitting Players.

RIGHTER CAPTAIN

URBANA, Ill.—With one of the best varsity baseball squads that has ever appeared for practice, the University of Illinois is looking forward to the coming season on the diamond with much confidence. The practice games have brought out the fact that Illinois has a staff of pitchers that will be hard to beat. There are probably no better pitchers in the western conference league this year than Buzick and Penn. This is the third year for these two men, and they should pitch better than ever.

With these two pitchers working right, it is hard to see where the other conference teams will get many runs. Penn gets more strike-outs, but Buzick is stouter. Van Gundy gives promise of developing into a good man, and McCleary may yet round into form.

Butzer, Weber, Bunn, Twist and Buzick form a quintet of heavy-hitters that should bring in many runs. Butzer and Weber, in particular, have a faculty of knocking the ball for long drives. Righter and Quayle have been meeting the ball successfully and are also adept in laying down bunts.

Captain Righter is playing second base in the style and leads all other men in the conference at this position. Bunn has been showing good form at first, and should again make the All-Western. Much is expected of Huff behind the bat. He is especially good in handling foul flies and throwing to bases.

Schwartz covers a lot of ground in center, but cannot bat. He is a whirlwind on the bases, and sure in catching hard drives. Thomas, Quayle and McElhenny are having a close contest for third base, and it is a close question which will win.

The team has secured the best training of years, and will open with Northwestern Wednesday in the best of condition. Northwestern has a much stronger team than usual, but the local boys are confident of victory.

HAUGHTON BEGINS SPRING COACHING

That the Harvard varsity football candidates will have a very good knowledge of the 1910 game before they come together for fall practice next September is very apparent from the way in which Coach Haughton is taking hold of the spring work. Although Monday was his first day in charge of the men, he got right down to business and gave them a hard session.

Some 40 men reported for practice and while no scrimmage work was indulged in, the entire afternoon was devoted to trying out formations especially the new ones that will fit the changes made in the rules. The forward pass and outside kick were given an extensive tryout. Hamilton, Fish, Jr., captain of last fall's eleven, was on the field and took part in the coaching. He will receive his degree in June and it is expected that he will enter the law school next fall, in which case he will undoubtedly help Coach Haughton in developing the eleven.

ANNUAL TRACK GAMES TODAY

PRINCETON, N. J.—The annual Caledonian track games of Princeton University, scheduled for May 10, will be held today on University field. The reason is that Coach Charles H. Wilson has had a large squad of athletes under his care throughout the indoor season and has started them in outdoor work so auspiciously that a tryout of material was considered advisable at this time. The Princeton team will compete in this first meet at the dual meet with the naval academy at Annapolis on April 23, and a week later at the Penn relays, Philadelphia.

EVEN UP SERIES IN PHILADELPHIA

PHILADELPHIA—The Philadelphia Americans evened up the series for the city baseball championship here Monday by winning from the Nationals by the score of 10 to 6. The Nationals played a poor game and their pitchers were hit hard. The seventh and final game of the series will be played today. The score: Innings.....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 R.H.E. Americans.....3 0 1 3 0 0 0—10 8 1 Nationals.....0 0 0 0 3 1 0 2—6 8 1 Batteries: Foxen and Shetter, Doolin and McDonough; Bender and Morgan, Thomas and Livingston; Empires, Moran and Connolly.

DOUBTS ENGLISH CREW COMING.

LONDON—No action has been taken as yet regarding the invitation to English crews to take part in the American national regatta of 1910, which will be held in August on the Potomac river, according to R. G. M. Grady, secretary of the British Amateur Rowing Association. He thinks, however, that the English crews will not be able to find time to accept.

U. OF P. FOOTBALL MEN CALLED OUT

Spring Practice Will Begin Tomorrow Afternoon—Captain Couzens Expects Big Squad Will Report.

PHILADELPHIA—The University of Pennsylvania football candidates for next fall's eleven will begin their annual spring practice tomorrow. Captain Couzens expects that at least two complete elevens will respond to the call for candidates, so that the putting into practical use of the new plays and formations can be fully realized.

Of last fall's squad who were awarded the varsity "P," Lambertson, right guard; Dietrick, left guard; Miller, quarterback; Braddock, left end; Burns, sub tackle; Philler, sub center; A. D. Thayer, sub quarter, and Cornwell, sub end, will be lost either through graduation or ineligibility. Fretz '12, who played a remarkable game at left tackle last fall, has withdrawn from college, and in all probability will not enter again next year.

This leaves Couzens, Ramsdell, Sommer, Scott, Pike, Young, Large, Ferrier, Heilman, Marks, Hutchinson, Irwin, Kaufman and Burdick as a nucleus for the 1911 team. Of the freshman squad, Simpson, Coryell, Kramer, Murphy, Nolan, Mercer, Harrington and Jourdet will give many of the veterans a struggle for their positions on the varsity.

Hutchinson will be worked at quarter throughout the spring practice and will undoubtedly develop into one of the best quarterbacks in the colleges. The rumor that Crooks, Miller and Braddock will return to college next fall is unfounded.

No coaches have as yet been definitely decided upon, although the acceptance of Hollenback, of the University of Missouri's offer, practically insures Smith's position as head coach. The football committee will meet this week and pass on all the positions of the coaching staff. Also they will ratify an authentic football schedule.

Tonight at 8:15 p. m., the committee will give an informal reception in the training house to all students of the university interested in football. Preparations are being made for about 100 men, including many old stars and graduates who are interested in the welfare of Pennsylvania's football team. There will be a general discussion of the new rules, in order to make the men familiar with the changes in the formations and plays.

BIG WELCOME FOR COLLINS

Boston Nationals Meet Providence Nine This Afternoon in Final Practice Game of Year.

Preparations have been completed to give Manager Lake and his Boston Nationals team and Manager Collins and his Providence Eastern League nine a rousing welcome when they take the field at the Walpole street grounds this afternoon in the final practice game of the year before the opening of the major league next Thursday.

It will be the first opportunity that Boston fans will have of seeing many of the young players who are to represent this city in the National league during the coming season and a large attendance is looked for. Manager Lake has announced that he will give the spectators a chance to see most of the squad in action.

Friends of Manager Collins, who began his major league experience with the Boston Nationals and later captained and managed the Boston Americans when they won the world's championship, are to give him a royal welcome. The game will start at 3:15 with the teams lining up in the following order:

DOVES. Moran, l.f.; Collins or Laise, r.f.; Beck, c.f.; Shean, 2b.; Collins, 3b.; Martell, 1b.; Herzog, c.; Gatz, 3b.; Fitzgerald, c.; Graham, Rariden, c.; Ritchie, Mattner, c.; Burke, Brown, p.

PROVIDENCE. Elston, r.f.; Phalen, c.f.; Atz or Arndt, 2b.; Courtney, 1b.; Collins, 3b.; Weldon, 1b.; Root, s.s.; Fitzgerald, c.; Peter-son, c.; Shinn, Martin, Cronin, Barry, p.

FOOTBALL SCRIMMAGE TODAY.

NEW HAVEN—Football scrimmage will be held at Yale today and will continue until the punting contests begin three weeks hence, which terminate the annual spring practice. Capt. Fred Daly told the men after practice that they should be well padded up, as he was not anxious for speed, but wanted to experiment with the proposed new rules in the scrimmage. It is the intention of the football association to keep this practice secret. Only a few of the varsity men have reported. Messenger and Paul are being tried at tackle and Pete Francis at left half.

NEWTON NOW ELIGIBLE.

G. F. Newton '12, who is rowing 6 in the Harvard varsity crew, has passed the necessary examinations to remove the conditions which were put on him at the midyears and is now eligible to compete in the races with Annapolis, Cornell and Yale.

STEINHARDT JOINS TRACK SQUAD.

M. Steinhardt '11, the promising Harvard sprinter who is relied on as a teammate for Foster this season, returned to practice Monday afternoon after a layoff. He is in good shape, and will probably be taken to the training table at the end of the week.

COACH MORRILL HAS SOME FINE MATERIAL ON BOWDOIN SQUAD

Should Easily Capture Maine Intercollegiate Track Meet and Stand High in New England Championships.

COLBATH CAPTAIN

BRUNSWICK, Me.—With the brightest prospects in many years the Bowdoin track candidates are now busy at outdoor work on Whittier field. The squad consists of about 45 men most of whom have been training all winter on the indoor track. Last year's point winners are practically all in college and with the host of new material that is out everything points to the most successful track team that has represented the black and white since they won the New England intercollegiate trial games in 1898. With 16 men who captured points in the Maine meet last year back, the Maine intercollegiate is already assured to Bowdoin by a wide margin and with seven men who scored in the New England meet out again it looks as though Bowdoin would be a contender for first honors at the games this year.

The team is being coached by Burton C. Morrill, a former Bowdoin shotputter, who won that event in 1907 and 1908. Coach Morrill is relying chiefly upon the distance runs and field events for points, as there are many veterans to depend upon. In the mile run Captain Colbath, who won the New England mile last May, is expected to repeat. Robinson '11, who has twice finished second in the mile in the Maine meet, is also expected to score, while Hine '11 and Auten '12 of the cross-country team are both running in 450.

In the two mile H. E. Slocum '10 who won the New England event in 1908 is back in college and is running in his old form and Captain Colbath will also enter this event. Timberlake '12, Moss '12 and Carey, the half miler, are all making good time. There are no veteran men in the 880, but Coach Morrill has developed Emery '13 who showed up so well on the cross-country team last fall, into one of the best half-milers in Maine and he should have no trouble in talking points. Carey '10 who also ran on the cross-country team is running a close second to Emery, while Howe '13, if he is eligible, will make a valuable half-miler.

The 440 is the weakest event and there are no men as yet who are expected to score in the New England meet although Cole '12 who is the fastest sprinter in college may be developed into a quarter-miler. Hall and Walker, two freshmen, and White '11 and Eastman '10, are at present being trained in the event. In the dashes the men are yet of untried quality although Cole '12 of the varsity relay team and McKenney '12 who took a place in the Maine meet, are both veterans. Of the new sprinters Tuttle '13, who made the varsity relay team, Z. Smith '11, Welch '12, Hussey '11 and Dodge '13, are the most promising men. Bowdoin also expects to capture the hurdles with Edwards '10 who won both the N. E. and the Maine events last year while McFarland should score in the Maine meet.

In the field events Bowdoin is especially strong. Newman scored in the shot in the New England games and won the Maine event with Clifford '10 second. In the hammer Warren '10 captured first in the New England, while in the Maine meet Crosby '10 and Hastings '11, with Warren, took all three places. In the high jump much is expected of Burlingame '12, who holds the Maine record of 5 ft. 8½ in. and is now jumping 5 ft. 10 in. in practice and should score in both the meets. Edwards '10, Pierce '11 and Green '13 all jump 5 ft. 5 in., but are not expected to score in the New England.

The pole vault has another New England point winner in Deming '10, who scored last year, and who holds the Maine record. Burlingame '12 is also capable of vaulting 11 feet and is sure of a place in the Maine meet. The broad jump will be well looked after by McFarland '11 and E. Smith and McKenney the sprinters. Stevens '11 and Rowell '10 are both veterans in the discus, while Smith, the football captain, Kern '12 and Pierce '11 will enter. The men have all started systematic training and the college training table will be opened this week.

SYRACUSE MAKES STRONG SHOWING

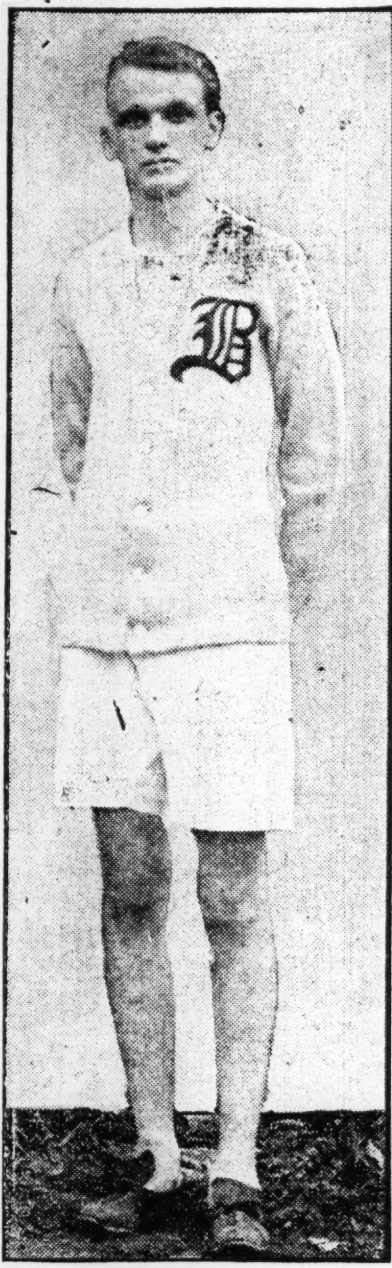
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—The fencing season has closed at Syracuse University and the work has proved more successful than ever before. Fencing has been recognized as a minor sport by the athletic authorities and for the first time in several years, Syracuse met the team of another university. Columbia's strong team defeated the Orange team after a number of play-offs five points to four.

An S. F. T. with foils crossed has been awarded to the members of the team, who are Capt. John B. Neily '10, George Delacase '12, Harry E. Capewell '12 and William C. Trumbower '12. Many other strong candidates were on the squad and promise to make the men work hard to hold their places on the team next year.

William Tefft Schwarz '09 who was the coach, has been very instrumental in arousing and keeping active the interest in this branch of sport. Schwarz traveled extensively through Europe last summer and met several noted leaders and experts in fencing, who taught him the different methods now in vogue on the continent.

Mr. Schwarz, in speaking about the prospects for next year, stated that arrangements were practically completed for meets with the strong teams of Pennsylvania, Yale, Princeton, Columbia and Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Running for Bowdoin



HENRY W. SLOCUM, 1910. Bowdoin College varsity track team.

AMERICAN NINE PLAYS HARVARD

Boston Ball Club Meets the Cambridge Varsity for the First Time in Fourteen Years.

The Boston American baseball nine has arrived home, and the followers of the team will be given a chance to witness a contest at the American league grounds this afternoon between the Harvard varsity nine and the Bostonians. It has been 34 years since a Harvard nine has defeated a league team, and it has been a number of years since the college representatives have played with the league team at all.

Many undergraduates will gather at the grounds today to cheer the Harvard players. The chances are good for a fast game, and the Cambridge boys will use two batteries against the league nine. The batting order of the two teams is as follows:

HARVARD. Langdon, 3b.; McLaughlin, 1b.; Porter, 2b.; Minot, c.f.; Aronson, c.f.; Babson, 1f.; Carr, s.s.; Young, Reeves, c.; Hicks, Ernst, p.

BOSTON. McConnell, 2b.; Speaker, c.f.; Stahl, 1b.; Wagner, s.s.; Lewis, r.f.; Tupper, l.f.; Carleton, c.; Collins, p.

Light batting and fielding practice was the order on Soldiers field Monday, both Hicks and Ernst doing little hard work. Langdon, Hicks, McLaughlin and Aronson are the only four men in the Cambridge lineup that have ever been in a varsity game before.

The opening of the season for the Boston Americans will take place in New York city next Thursday, and a large crowd is expected to witness the affair.

DOUGLAS DEFEATS UFFENHEIMER IN BILLIARD TOURNAMENT

New York Athletic Club Expert Furnishes Surprise of Amateur Championship—Gardner Defeats Mayer.

TWO ARE STILL TIED

STANDING OF PLAYERS.			
	W.	L.	P.C.
E. W. Gardner.....	3	0	1.000
G. F. Conklin.....	2	0	1.000
W. F. Uffenheimer.....	3	2	.600
J. F. Poggenburg.....	2	2	.500
Joseph Mayer.....	1	3	.250
M. D. Brown.....	1	3	.250
W. G. Douglas.....	1	3	.250

NEW YORK—Charles F. Conklin of Chicago meets M. D. Brown of Brooklyn this afternoon and E. W. Gardner of Montclair meets W. G. Douglas of the New York A. C. tonight in the fourth and fifth games of the 182 ball line amateur billiard championship tournament which is being played in the rooms of the Hamilton Club, Brooklyn. Much is dependent on the outcome of these matches as neither Conklin nor Gardner has as yet been defeated, the former having won 2 games and the latter 3.

Monday's contests resulted in one of the biggest upsets of the tournament when Walter G. Douglas of the New York A. C. who had not previously won a match in the tournament, defeated W. E. Uffenheimer of Philadelphia 400 to 305. Uffenheimer had been playing some good billiards and was expected to be well up with the leaders at the end. Douglas has shown flashes of good playing; but he seemed to lack steadiness and his triumph against such a good player as Uffenheimer was most unexpected.

That the latter was undoubtedly off his game was shown by the fact that he could not get together a cluster of more than 31 as a result of the play in any inning. His counts were mostly much below that figure, there being many zeros and strings that did not reach beyond the total of four or five. The average which Dr. Uffenheimer made was 457-62.

Dr. Douglas established his high run mark of the tournament, a cleverly executed string of 43, and his average, too, was the best that he has been able to get thus far, it being 628-62. The scores:

W. G. Douglas—6, 5, 7, 1, 2, 25, 1, 8, 1, 1, 28, 34, 6, 0, 6, 43, 4, 21, 5, 1, 0, 2, 24, 0, 8, 2, 19, 17, 9, 9, 9, 0, 14, 1, 5, 1, 11, 0, 2, 12, 10, 21, 0, 4, 0, 3, 0, 15, 1, 6, 0, 1, 3, 0, 3, 0, 15, 2, 3. Total, 400. Average, 628-62. High runs 43, 34 and 28.

W. E. Uffenheimer—3, 7, 6, 31, 2, 1, 23, 1, 5, 4, 0, 14, 1, 0, 3, 1, 0, 8, 13, 0, 1, 13, 1, 20, 6, 2, 1, 4, 13, 3, 0, 6, 3, 0, 4, 0, 2, 2, 11, 1, 0, 11, 1, 0, 0, 11, 0, 3, 13, 30, 0, 4, 3, 0, 5, 1, 1, 0, 6, 1. Total, 305. Average, 457-62. High runs, 31, 20 and 23.

In the evening game E. W. Gardner defeated Joseph Mayer in a fairly close contest, 400 to 378. Gardner's playing was good at all times and he showed form which places him in line for the championship title, his most likely contender being C. F. Conklin of Chicago.

DETROIT NINE WINS IN OHIO

CINCINNATI, O.—The Detroit team, champions of the American league, defeated the Cincinnati team here Monday, 4 to 1, by hitting the ball at the right moment. Poor fielding by the local nine was responsible for two runs. Bescher's home run and Mullin's triple with a man on base were features. Cobb was caught three times trying to steal bases.

Innings.....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 R.H.E. Detroit.....0 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 1—4 9 0 Cincinnati.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—4 7 0 Batteries: Mullin and Willett, and Stange and Casey; Castleton, Cheney and Roth.

GOLF ASSOCIATION TO MEET.

NEW YORK—The Eastern Trade Golf Association will hold its annual meeting tomorrow evening at the Imperial hotel, Broadway and Thirty-first street, at 8 p. m. In addition to the election of officers and other routine business, the meeting will consider a proposed amended constitution and by-laws which have been submitted for ratification.

RATIONAL GOLF

By Jason Rogers.

In golf probably more than any other game overconfidence is more largely accountable for falling off from one's best form than any other detail. At billiards, tennis, baseball, the player attains his highest efficiency by much practice and plenty of play, though, if he overdoes it, he may not be sufficiently keen to do his best. At golf it is different, for given just enough practice to reach the mastery of the various shots and be keen for the contest, feeling more ready to give a good account of himself than at any previous moment in his life, his very exalted confidence in his ability to drive farther and straighter than usual, leads him to press the drive from the first tee and a stroke or a hole is lost. If he is a thoroughly experienced player that one bad shot may tend to bring him to his senses and curb his violent efforts; but if he is a novice or petulant it will probably take him three or four holes to get command of his best game, by which time he may have sacrificed winning chances.

It is a peculiarity of golf from the very beginning that every step forward in skill or achievement is generally followed by a falling off which leaves the golfer just a little ahead of where he was when the previous slump occurred. It is relatively the same as if each time he made 10 additional points toward proficiency he dropped back say five. An honest confession by any expert will

confirm the truth of this statement, and strange to say that nearly each one of his slumps is caused by the same overconfidence that accounts for the expert occasionally going off his game. The player involuntarily forgets the factors of safety on which his individual game is based and just tries for a little more distance or a little different result than he has heretofore accomplished, or perhaps fails to realize the dangers involved. A man may be only said to fall off in his game when he has been well on it just before. But of course for one man to make a 90 represents being just as much on his game as for another player to make a 77. Every detail of the progress is of necessity comparative. When each according to his skill is playing equal to his best standard and is flattering himself that he will never go badly off again, something breaks loose and the whole fabric comes to the ground.

Nine times out of 10 the player has only to thank himself for the fall, for he probably began to take liberties with the game. He has forgotten all those hours and miles of traveling that were devoted to patient practice to hit the ball firmly and get it away cleanly and straight. He has forgotten the necessity for keeping the eye on the ball and is probably taking the club back with a jerk and a speed which he months or years previously learned was not part of the true golfing stroke.

BIG SHAKE-UP IN YALE SQUAD

Merritt Is Placed at Shortstop and Taylor Given Catcher's Position—More Changes Coming.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—The poor showing made by the Yale baseball nine in their game with the New York Nationals Saturday has already brought the coaches and Acting Captain Murphy to the realization that something must be done to build up the team. At the same time that the cut in the squad was made Monday another call for candidates was issued which it is hoped will bring forth better material. Already Lourel has been replaced by H. N. Merritt at shortstop. Merritt played third base and captained the freshman team last year, and so far this season has not been tried on the first team. His showing was most favorable, and it already seems probable that he will be a fixture at shortstop.

Because of the great weakness of the outfield a general shake-up will most likely take place there within a short time. Even though Acting Captain Fred Murphy is playing a fine game that he is at present, Coach Lush feels that he is too greatly needed in the outfield, so will move Murphy there in place of either Stevens or Carhart, and the latter will be tried at first base.

Taylor, who played for University of Chicago, was given Badger's place behind the bat, and did very well. Coach McPartlin, who has been assisting the Yale batting candidates for the past few weeks, has left New Haven to join the Waterbury, Conn., state league team. He was not altogether pleased with the work of the team's pitchers. A first-class man has yet to be developed though both Towers and S. Murley have shown marks of ability at times.

Captain and Catcher S. H. Philbin was present at practice Monday to aid in the coaching, but it seems unlikely that he can play until the final game of the season, if then. The following men survived the cut which was made in the squad: Philbin, F. Murphy, Badger, McIntyre, Stevens, Logan, Corey, Carhart, Lourel, Merritt, Brande, Coy, Towers, S. Murley, Freeman, Brinsmade, Paul, Field, McKee, Gross, Stillwell, Hartwell, Deming, C. Murfer, Moore, Darling, Shannon, Lynch, Shantenberg, Lilley, Taylor, Church, Mosser, Potter, Gregory, E. Freeman, Clary, Twombly, Hille, N. Freeman, Whitcomb, Leary.

N. Y. AMERICANS BEST PRINCETON

NEW YORK—The New York Americans defeated the Princeton team here Monday by the score of 5 to 2. Thirteen of the college players struck out. Vaughn retired eight and Doyle five. Cree played second for the New Yorks. The score:

Innings.....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 R.H.E. New York.....0 2 0 2 0 1 0 0—5 8 6 Princeton.....0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0—2 5 2

Batteries: Vaughn, Doyle and Criger and Sweeney, Woodie and Dawson. Runs made by Cree, Engle, Foster, Austin, 2. Ballin, Reed, Sacrifice hits, Engle, Criger. Stolen bases, Ballin, Cunningham, Sterrett, Hemphill 2, Engle, Criger. Left on bases, Princeton 8, New York 8. First base on errors, Princeton, New York. Struck out by Woodie 5, by Vaughn 8, by Doyle 5. Base on balls, off Woodie 4, off Vaughn 3. Hit by pitcher, by Woodie 2 (Woolie, Cree). Wild pitches, Woodie, Vaughn. Hits, off Vaughn 4 in 6 innings, off Doyle 1 in 3 innings. Umpires, Jolinstone and Brennan.

A TRIP AROUND THE WORLD

BY MEANS OF PICTURES AND SHORT SKETCHES ALONG AN INTERESTING ROUTE IS NOW ONE OF THE SEVERAL ENTERTAINING FEATURES TO BE

FOUND ON THE Boys' and Girls' Page of THE MONITOR EVERY SATURDAY IN THE

CAMERA CONTEST

For the most acceptable photograph received from its youthful readers each week The Monitor will give one dollar.

The photographs sent in may be of children at play, school scenes, historic places, picturesque views, quaint houses, city or country scenes, either characteristic or unusual. Blueprints are not available.

If a descriptive story of not over 200 words is sent in and published, it will be paid for. Put a title on the picture, write your name and address plainly and enclose stamps if you wish photograph returned.

Forward to "Children's Page," The Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass., Falmouth and St. Paul Streets.

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MR. PINCHOT SPENDS SECOND DAY IN TALK WITH EX-PRESIDENT

(Continued from Page One.)

him in Europe and disclose to him the situation in their respective territories bears out this conclusion. Both are staunch supporters of Mr. Roosevelt.

Mr. Pinchot was off again at 8 o'clock this morning for Miss Carow's villa, whence he and Mr. Roosevelt again started on a long tramp.

"It certainly seems like old times," Mr. Pinchot said to the correspondents who tried to break through his guards. "My walk with Mr. Roosevelt reminded me of the strolls we used to take about Washington."

Another perfect day greeted the Roosevelts at Miss Carow's villa. Wherever the Roosevelts went today, whether walking or riding, they were greeted enthusiastically by the villagers, who several times bombarded them with bouquets of violets and roses.

Mr. Pinchot expects to leave here this evening for Zurich, where he is to meet an old friend, Dr. Thence he will go to England for a visit to Sir Horace Plunkett, a friend of Mr. Roosevelt, who is of the department of agriculture of Ireland. He will sail for New York on the steamer Baltic April 30.

Ex-Mayor James P. Hanlon of San Francisco has telegraphed from Monte Carlo to Mr. Roosevelt that he will call on him here today to pay his respects.

Mr. Roosevelt, when informed of the exchange of telegrams between Mayor Carretti of Porto Maurizio and President Taft, said that he appreciated the honor done him very highly.

Mr. Pinchot spent the entire day with Mr. Roosevelt on Monday. He accompanied Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Carow on a five-hour excursion into the mountains. They had dinner together also, and the former forester did not return to his hotel until shortly before midnight.

It is known that Mr. Pinchot observed his usual policy in making no attack upon President Taft.

Mr. Roosevelt's secretary gave to the newspapermen a long and graphic account of how the party drove through the olive orchards of picturesque Caramagna valley and then climbed six miles up the winding road to the famous little chapel, once visited by Charlemagne on his way to be crowned at Rome, which contains interesting relics of the old Mediterranean galley slaves and votive offerings of sailors; also how enthusiastic the villagers were as the party was returning, crowding about the carriage and fairly deluging it with wild flowers. As to the long conversation between Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Pinchot, the secretary announced without a smile, that it consisted largely of reminiscences.

VIENNA.—Baron Hengelmüller von Hengervar, the Austrian ambassador to the United States, who is now in Austria on leave, is making all arrangements for Mr. Roosevelt's visit to Vienna and Budapest. The ex-President will be received by the Emperor April 16. Various dinners and luncheons will be given in his honor by Count von Aehrenthal, the foreign minister, Baron Hengelmüller and others.

Emperor Francis Joseph is in constant communication through court officials with the American embassy in regard to ex-President Roosevelt's plans. He has sent a court officer to the embassy with the intimation that court carriages would be placed at the disposal of the Roosevelt party during the whole period of their visit in Vienna and that the royal boxes at the imperial opera and the Court theater would await their occupancy.

Mr. Roosevelt will leave Vienna early next Sunday and will visit Count Albert Apponyi, the former minister of worship, at Eberhard, arriving at Budapest the same night. Monday will be devoted to sightseeing in that city. The Austrian ambassador will give a dinner in honor of Mr. Roosevelt at the Park Club. On Tuesday Mr. Roosevelt will visit the state stud establishment, afterwards attending a dinner given by Count Khuen von Hedervary, the premier.

OMAHA, Neb.—At the head of 100 cowboys from Nebraska, Wyoming, South Dakota and Montana, Mayor Jim Dahlman of Omaha will welcome Col. Theodore Roosevelt when he lands in New York. The band is being recruited from cowmen who knew Mr. Roosevelt years ago and those who have ridden the range with Mr. Dahlman.

Colonel Roosevelt will be asked to lead a cowboy parade up Broadway. This parade will be timed to suit the convenience of Mr. Roosevelt and will not necessarily take place on the day of the latter's return.

STRIKERS RIOT IN TRENTON. TRENTON, N. J.—The most serious riot of the Roebing strike occurred Monday afternoon when between 400 and 500 of the Italian strikers congregated about the plant of the American Cigar Company and endeavored to get the girl employees to go out on a sympathetic strike. Bricks and other missiles were hurled at the police. About 15 of the Italians were placed under arrest.

PRESIDENT FRATERNITY GUEST. WASHINGTON.—President Taft will be the guest of honor of his college fraternity—Psi Upsilon—next Saturday evening at a banquet in this city, with his son, Robert A. Taft, who will come from New Haven.

LABOR EXPERT IN EUROPE. ST. PAUL, Minn.—W. E. McEwen, state labor commissioner, has gone to England, France, Switzerland and Germany to make a study of labor laws. He will also visit Scandinavian countries.

BANK COMMISSIONER EXPLAINS METHOD IN SOUTHBRIDGE QUERY

Bank Commissioner Arthur B. Chapin today appeared before the legislative special committee that is investigating the Southbridge Savings Bank case and explained the attitude of his department toward the committee and the policy of Massachusetts in regard to bank supervision.

Commissioner Chapin told the committee that Massachusetts law as it stands is inadequate to meet such a case, and that further legislation is needed.

He stated that the commissioner's department is ready to cooperate with the committee in the investigation. There was nothing to conceal, he said.

In answer to a question by Senator White of the committee asking him to explain in what way the bank department has supervision over savings banks, Mr. Chapin stated that the department consists of 15 regular employees, including the bank commission. They have charge and supervision of the savings banks, cooperative banks and trust companies throughout the state, to the number of 450, whose total assets amount to \$1,222,000,000.

The supervision of the department, he said, consists of making an annual investigation of each of these institutions, by the examiners, who are appointed by the commissioners, and who are assigned to go to these various institutions without previous notice to them. They take possession of the bank and make an investigation as of the day on which they appear.

The banks elect various officers to do certain duties, and they are supposed to attend to these duties. The Massachusetts system, however, like all others, depends on the human equation. Even a bank with the best of equipment will slip a cog sometimes, and that, he declared, is what happened in the Southbridge case.

Treasurer Hall, he continued, was treasurer of the Y. M. C. A. fund, was town treasurer, and held other similar positions, which gave him peculiar advantages to shift assets back and forth. He was a man of ability and good judgment, but he did not possess the power to withstand temptation. No matter how good a system was in use he could have found a way to circumvent it.

The Massachusetts system of examining banks, Mr. Chapin said, is an evolution, and the department never had a large enough appropriation to make the examinations it would like to. As fast as defects in the system were discovered they were closed up. It was not until last year that a proper auditing requirement was put into the law.

There is a vast difference between an audit and an examination, and although in this case the public is apt to criticize the department, it should be borne in mind that the state does not assume the responsibility of its audit. To do so would be to guarantee deposits.

The national bank examination by federal authorities goes no farther than does that of the state department, and similar work in England is called the duty of inspection only. The department tried to guard against what has happened, and has exercised every possible precaution, he claimed.

It might be said that if the system is perfect there must be something wrong with the examiners. This is not so, however. Only one examiner is now in the department who was there when the commissioner took office about a year ago. The others have shown their ability and accepted better positions offered by banking institutions.

MILK COMMITTEE IN HEARING TODAY

The committee on agriculture of the Legislature continued its hearings on the various milk standard bills today. The committee has decided to visit various parts of the state and give hearings for the benefit of the farmers, who are unable to come to the State House.

George F. Albee of Concord argued in favor of his bill to provide for the abolition of the standard of solids and to provide a standard of fats. Ex-Representative Jewett of Worcester also favored the Albee bill. E. A. Emerson of Methuen and John P. Maroon of Princeton argued in favor of the Coffin bill, to provide that the only standard shall be one of purity. The hearing went over to Wednesday.

PLAN FOR ANNUAL JUNE 17 PARADE

Plans for the annual parade on the 17th of June in Charlestown are well under way, it is announced today. Councilors Buckley, McDonald, Brand, Collins and Curley are the committee in charge of the celebration on the part of the city government.

Invitations to participate have been extended to civic as well as military and naval organizations, and it is hoped to secure a large number of marines and sailors from the navy yard and warships and troops from the forts.

HARVARD CLUB HONOR TONIGHT

A reception to the faculty of arts and sciences of Harvard University and the students of the highest scholarship rank or the first group will be given by the Harvard Club of Boston at the Hotel Somerset this evening at 8 o'clock. This custom was introduced last year.

DAKOTA MAN LOSES HIS CLAIM TO BEING REAL D. B. RUSSELL

(Continued from Page One.)

testimony was confirmed by Mr. Thayer, one of the witnesses for the claimant.

"If the claimant is either impostor or the real Daniel Blake Russell, it is not strange that he may have forgotten certain things which were well known to Daniel Blake Russell as a boy. But there is one thing I think the real Daniel Blake Russell must remember: the full name of his only brother. The claimant, when asked on the witness stand, said that his alleged brother's full name was William Clifford Russell. As a matter of fact, his name is William Clifton Russell.

"Another incident of importance, it seems to me, is the testimony of the claimant relative to Miss Bertha York. The evidence has shown that this lady was known as Bertha York by the members of the Russell home at the time of the departure of Daniel Blake Russell in 1885. The petitioner denied on the witness stand having any knowledge of any one by the name of Bertha York. Miss York was the last person to see Daniel Blake Russell and talk with him prior to his departure. Testimony has shown that she endeavored to turn him from his purpose of going away.

"It is not strange that Daniel Blake Russell may have forgotten many incidents of this parting, but that he should forget the name of this young woman when it was mentioned to him, is to me unbelievable. The failure of the claimant to remember important incidents in the life of Daniel Blake Russell, and particularly to get names partly correct, as shown above, seemed to me to have much significance in determining the identity for the claimant.

"James Rousseau knew things that Daniel Blake Russell did not. Among these were the names of certain persons in northern New York, including that of Miss Lizzie Vice. Testimony has shown that the claimant used the name of Miss Lizzie Vice after he began his proceedings for recognition in this court. Daniel Blake Russell could not have known Lizzie Vice, it has been shown. Moreover, Miss Lizzie Vice is a relative of James Rousseau, and was well known by him."

"The tinctures and pictures of the claimant in possession of the Rousseau family are of importance, it seems to me. The evidence has shown that the picture of the claimant and his wife has been in the Rousseau home for nine years."

"Is it not remarkable, also, that one of the photos in possession of the Rousseau family, which is alleged to be that of Daniel Blake Russell, should be so like that of James Rousseau that 12 witnesses without promptings should testify that the photo is that of James Rousseau?"

"The petitioner does not prove satisfactorily that he is a member of the Masonic order, as he claims to be. He does not remember the town in which he was made a member of this order. Furthermore, he does not recall the name under which he joined the Masons."

The final argument of counsel for both sides was ended at noon Monday. Atty. Robert W. Nason, counsel for the respondents, having the final word.

While the first "Daniel Blake Russell" to lay claim to a share in the \$500,000 estate of the late Daniel Russell was listening to the final arguments in the East Cambridge court, the claimant from California, who has appeared to set up a similar identity was the center of interest in Melrose, the home of the Russell family for many years.

With his counsel, William Odlin of Boston and the Hon. George W. Cartwright of California, the Fresno claimant started on a tour of the business section of Melrose with the intention of interviewing men who were acquainted with the Russell family, and especially the younger son of Daniel Blake Russell.

Ex-Mayor John Larabee of Melrose, who has testified to the genuineness of the Dakota claimant, after meeting the Fresno man face to face, declared that he could see no resemblance to his old friend Daniel Blake Russell.

Christian L. Hoffman, a local contractor, who also testified that the Dakota claimant is Daniel Blake Russell, met and talked with the Fresno man, and at the close of the interview said that his former opinion was unchanged.

William Storey, the Melrose postman, who has declared that claimant No. 1 is genuine, also paid a visit to the latest "Russell" in company with John J. Keating, another partisan of the claimant from Dickinson. They joined in a denial of the identity of the second man as Daniel Blake Russell.

Fred Gordon, a Melrose letter carrier, who at one time was a member of the same Sunday school class at the Universalist church with Daniel Blake Russell, met the claimant at the station, and added his word to those of the other Melrose people, who could see no likeness between "Fresno Dan" and the long lost Russell boy.

Other persons were very emphatic in expressing their belief that the Fresno claimant is the real Daniel Blake Russell. James Axford, who for 10 years was employed on the Russell estate, had a long talk with the Californian, after which he announced that he was satisfied that the claimant is the Russell heir.

The former attaché of the Russell family put the supposed younger son through a long examination Monday evening, asking him many questions that Daniel Blake Russell ought to have been able to answer and many others that called for information never possessed by the Russell heir.

When Mr. Axford finished his private

Crowded Schools Problem Solved in Wakefield, Mass., By Change in Study Hours

TOWNS and cities struggling with the crowded schoolroom problem or laboring under conditions whereby it is necessary to combine two grades in one room may turn to Wakefield, Mass., for a solution.

When the Wakefield schools opened last fall there were six buildings in which it was necessary to place two grades in one room, and at the Hamilton and Warren schools Supt. J. H. Carfrey tried an experiment.

Second grade pupils arrive at 8:45 o'clock in the morning and remain until 11. The first grade children do not go to school until 10:15 a. m. and they stay until 11:45 a. m. In the afternoon the hours are 1:30 p. m. to 2:30 for the second grade and 2:30 p. m. to 3:30 for the first grade. By this method the teacher is able to give her entire attention to the first or second class as the case may be, and neither her attention nor that of her pupils is distracted by the presence of other children.

"Although the children do not get a full day of school as before," said Superintendent Carfrey in answer to queries from parents, "while they are in school they receive the teacher's undivided attention and they are progressing as rapidly as they did under the old system."

If the plan continues satisfactory it will be tried in other schools.

examination and Fresno Dan had reminded him of many incidents that had slipped his memory, the former grasped the hand of the claimant enthusiastically and exclaimed: "Dannie, I'm glad to see you! Dannie Blake Russell all over. You've got the blue eyes, the features, the slant of the head, the little impediment in your speech and all the characteristics that I remember so well. You're Dannie. You couldn't fool me!"

The Russell will case is one of the most interesting and important that the country has seen in years. It was heard in the Middlesex county probate court in East Cambridge before Judge George F. Lawton and ran for 194 days, more than 200 witnesses from all over the country giving testimony.

The claimant as Daniel Blake Russell first appeared in Boston in the spring of 1909. He claimed that he was the long lost brother of Daniel Russell of Melrose who had disappeared when a youth of 23 years from his home in Melrose, more than 25 years ago, and, as the brother of William C. Russell, elder son of Daniel, entitled to a share of the estimated \$500,000 estate left by the man whom he claimed to be his father.

He registered at a local hotel as being from Dickinson, N. D., and was accompanied by Charles J. Traxler of Minneapolis as his counsel. On May 3, 1909, the claimant returned to North Dakota and upon his reappearance in Boston was accompanied by Leslie A. Simpson of North Dakota as his counsel. Mr. Simpson, together with Nelson L. Sheldon, has conducted the case from that time to the finish. They returned to Boston June 30, 1909, and papers in the case were ordered returnable to the probate court July 15. The probate court then adjourned to Sept. 20, when the case came to a hearing.

William C. Russell, who for a long time was not to be found, finally disclaimed the North Dakota claimant, his denial of the man as his brother in court furnishing one of the most dramatic incidents of the entire session.

Several witnesses who had been playmates of Daniel Blake Russell in Melrose a quarter of a century ago, and more, testified that the claimant was the same with whom they had been acquainted. Others of these failed to identify him. Public opinion was about divided when there came another complication in the case. Witnesses were brought from Massena, N. Y., who swore that the claimant was none other than James Delbert Rousseau of that place. Letters were brought into the evidence to prove that missives from one who signed himself as James Rousseau were in the same hand-writing as that of the claimant. Numerous handwriting experts occupied days along this line of testimony.

The worst complication in the matter was the appearance during March in Boston of another claimant, this time in the person of a man who was called Henry Johnson, and who came from Fresno, Cal. He is more popularly known as "Fresno Dan."

Judge Lawton refused to reopen the case upon solicitation of State Senator George W. Cartwright of California, who is counsel for the second claimant, but notice has been filed that the second Daniel Blake Russell will demand a hearing.

The most important fact relative to the newer claimant is the fact that he has been recognized by William C. Russell as his brother.

By the terms of the will of the eldest Russell, William C., the elder brother, is not obliged to share the estate with the long-lost son should he return within 25 years, but it was expressed as the wish of the father that this be done.

District Attorney Chary About Course of Future

The offices of the state police and the city of Cambridge police declined to say whether they had been ordered to make any arrests in connection with the Russell case by the district attorney's office, stating that it was in the hands of the district attorney and that he was the only one to divulge any information along those lines if any were to be given out.

Dist. Atty. Joseph J. Higgins of Middlesex county would not make any statement as to whether his office would take any action following the decision of Judge Lawton and declined to say whether any charges would be made. If any such action were about to be taken he saw no reason for it being known beforehand, he said.

BEEF PACKERS TELL OF HIGH LIVING COST CAUSES AT INQUIRY

Representatives of beef packing houses were before the special commission on the cost of living at the State House today.

I. Berns of the National Beef Company talked on the cost of kosher meat. He said the extra cost of kosher meat is 1/4 of a cent per pound. The beef has to come here on the hoof and be prepared here. The extra cost of transportation is \$1.50 per animal and it cost \$1 more for preparation. This extra cost of 1/4 of a cent per pound is charged back to the consumer at an increase of 2 cents per pound.

Mr. Berns said there is a tremendous amount of frozen beef on the market which can be bought at any time. This is kept here by the packers for the purpose of regulating the price.

Eggs and butter used to be cheap, he said, because there were no cold storage warehouses. Now they can be kept in cold storage for the purpose of regulating the price. The same thing applies to beef. Every one in the business knows that frozen meat is kept on hand for the purpose of keeping up the price. Frozen beef is generally two or three cents cheaper than fresh beef, but it is hard to handle and on this account the dealers prefer to handle the fresh beef when they can get it.

Henry J. Nichols, who said he handled the finances of some of the eastern packing houses, said these houses are not controlled by the Swift Company, but that some of the Swift family are personally interested in some of them. As he represented the financial end of the business he was unable to give the commission information on prices, and was excused.

A. T. Hummell, general eastern representative of Swift & Co., said that beef at present is as high as he had ever known it to be, but there is no combination or agreement between the packers which is responsible for this. The present prices are 12 cents for the best beef, 10 1/2 cents for cows and 9 cents for bulls. These prices were reached about a month and a half ago. They are entirely the result of the great demand and the shortage of supply, and on these points the whole question hinges.

COUNCIL COMMITTEE TO QUERY EX-MAYOR

(Continued from Page One.)

latter represents the amount which the council out the mayor's allowances. Before closing up the bill, the committee added \$20,000 to the appropriation for the park department, with the understanding that it shall be used for the extension of the Dorchester speedway.

The committee also took \$1000 off the appropriation for the collecting department and \$2500 off the public grounds department.

The sum of \$30,000 was added to the appropriation for the sanitary division of the street department.

The investigation of the soldiers' relief department by the committee of the city council has resulted in Commissioner John E. Gilman being completely cleared of every charge made in the scathing report of the Boston finance commission.

In dealing with the question the committee makes some recommendations for changes in the department, which it is believed will greatly relieve the strain of work.

INITIAL TROLLEY LECTURE IS HELD

READING, Mass.—The first of a number of practical meetings and entertainments for the employees of the Wakefield, Reading, Woburn, Lynn and Chelsea division of the Boston & Northern street railway was held in this town Monday evening when Damon E. Hall, counsel for the road, Superintendent of Instruction Edwin W. Erwin addressed 200 employees and H. A. Faulkner, general passenger agent, entertained the men with a collection of stereoscopic views showing scenes along the trolley lines in this part of the state.

Superintendent Erwin announced that it is the purpose of the Boston & Northern to establish a school of instruction and one of the semi-convertible cars now in use on the Wakefield division is being fitted up for the purpose. It will travel from one street railway center to another, remaining at each place from two to four weeks and officials of the road will conduct a school of instruction for motormen and conductors.

The effect is to inspire among the street car men a deeper interest in their work and to bring about cooperation between the employer and the employed and produce more intelligent operation and management of the street railway lines.

FIRE IN DORCHESTER TODAY. Fire caused by the overturning of an alcohol stove did about \$2000 damage at noon today to the house of William F. Hickey at 85 Orleans street, Dorchester. Mrs. Mabel Eaton, who was in the room at the time, was badly burned.

dorchester county would not make any statement as to whether his office would take any action following the decision of Judge Lawton and declined to say whether any charges would be made. If any such action were about to be taken he saw no reason for it being known beforehand, he said.

REPORT MCKINLEY MOUNT SCALED BY EXPLORING PARTY

SEATTLE, Wash.—Word reached here from Fairbanks, Alaska, that the Fairbanks Mt. McKinley expedition, organized by practical Alaska explorers, has succeeded in climbing to the top of Mt. McKinley. They required one month to make the ascent.

The party reports that they found no traces of the records which Dr. Cook claims he placed at the "top of the continent."

The expedition is composed of Thomas Lloyd, Robert Horn, Harry Karsten and Charles McGonigle, all experienced mountaineers, who made more rapid progress than had been expected and attained 12,000 feet without special difficulty, according to a report on April 4. From the 12,000-foot altitude to that of 16,000 feet, an almost perpendicular wall of ice rose.

The climbers, however, explored the ice wall and found a gap. In a letter, sent to Fairbanks, Alaska, Lloyd wrote: "From the surveys we have just completed, we believe we have just found a route by which we can make the summit without having to overcome very serious difficulties. It will be steep climbing over a stretch, but that is the only prospective delay on which we shall have to figure."

When the party left Fairbanks in January it did not expect to make the dash for the summit until summer.

Prof. H. C. Parker of Columbia University in a lecture at the Hamilton Club, Brooklyn, last week predicted that the announcement of the scaling of Mt. McKinley would be made in a few days. He dubbed this announcement as untrue in advance.

Mr. Parker is intending to sail from Seattle May 5 at the head of an expedition to try and scale the mountain under the auspices of the American Geographical Society and the Explorers Club. Belmore Browne of the original Cook expedition and J. H. Cuntz of the Stevens Institute will accompany him, and he intends to make no move except when fully supported by technical witnesses.

CHELSEA BUILDING PROGRESS IS FAST

The two years today that have passed since the great fire in Chelsea, April 12, 1908, have seen wonderful progress in rehabilitating the city. Up to the present time 735 permits for new buildings have been issued, aggregating an estimated value of \$5,587,127. In the matter of repairs and alterations to buildings the total estimated cost is \$291,756. There has been built or is in course of construction close to \$5,000,000 worth of taxable property.

With the rebuilding of the remaining four-fifths of the city the feeling prevalent in Chelsea today is that the valuation of the city will reach in the vicinity of \$50,000,000, or double what it was previous to the fire. Among the new public buildings erected or in progress are the library, the city stables, two fire stations, the city hall, the state armory and two large schoolhouses.

FAMILY GETS T. F. WALSH ESTATE. WASHINGTON.—Mrs. Carrie B. Walsh, the widow, and Mrs. Evelyn B. McLean, the daughter, receive practically the entire estate of the late Thomas F. Walsh, whose will filed here today leaves \$100,000 to charity. The estate is estimated at from \$8,000 to \$10,000,000.

AGREE TO ARBITRATION. NEW YORK.—The trainmen and conductors of the New York Central and the officials of the company have failed to reach an agreement on the proposed wage increase. Both sides have agreed to the appointment of a board of arbitrators to finally settle the matter.

BATTLESHIP PLANS BURNED. CAMDEN, N. J.—Working plans for many vessels, including those of the United States dreadnoughts Utah and Arkansas and those of the proposed battleship for the Argentine Republic were destroyed by fire in the draughting department of the New York Shipbuilding Company here today.

BOSTON-1915 NAMES COMMITTEE TO AID SAFE FOURTH WORK

The directors of "Boston-1915" announce today that a committee of 150 has been appointed with the mayor's approval to cooperate with the city government in new plans for celebrating Independence day. The municipality has \$10,000 to spend on the celebration, and citizens probably will be asked to contribute to the fund.

A procession is planned for the morning, displaying historical events in costume. In connection with this event pageants will be held in different sections of the city taking in the smaller children. In the middle of the day the customary oration will be delivered at Faneuil hall, followed by a great choral festival in the open air. A program of sports on a larger scale than usual will be carried out in the afternoon throughout the city, and in the evening there will be fireworks. This year, however, it is recommended that the evening program be given on the Charles river basin.

There will be a meeting of the committee of 150 on Thursday at 4:30 p. m., when general plans will be discussed and an executive committee probably elected to work out the program in more detail. The directors changed the name of the Boston-1915 publication from the Chronicle of Boston-1915 to New Boston. The first issue of this magazine will appear about April 25.

The following executive committee of the board of directors was announced: Henry Abrahams, Mrs. Fannie Fern Andrews, Meyer Bloomfield, William E. Butler, Philip Cabot, Dr. Richard C. Cabot, Prof. C. W. Doten, John H. Fahy, Edward A. Filene, Miss Alice L. Higgins, Arthur M. Huddell, Judge F. L. Leveroni, Dr. John H. McCollom, George W. Mehaney, Prof. W. B. Munro, James P. Munroe, William H. O'Brien, Otto C. Piehler, Mrs. May Allen Ward and Robert A. Woods.

BOSTON CREDIT MEN WILL MEET

The Boston Credit Men's Association at its next meeting at Youngs Hotel on Friday, April 29, at 6:30 p. m., will have James G. Cannon, vice-president of the Fourth National Bank of New York city, to speak on "Clearing House Loan Certificates and Substitutes for Money Used During the Panic of 1917."

Mr. Cannon advocates the adoption of an emergency currency based on clearing house loan certificates in cities where there are sub-treasuries of the United States. He will show by the stereoscopic some of the unusual or different features of temporary instruments issued by the clearing-houses of the country to relieve their local situations immediately following the panic.

MALDEN FACTORY LOCATION CHOSEN

It is reported today that the American Glue Company, which owns considerable property along the river front in the Edgeworth section of Malden, is to reconstruct the old sandpaper factory property and combine two of its factories there.

The new plant, it is expected, will give employment to a large number. The date for opening has not yet been announced as extensive improvements are to be made. Former Mayor Stevens of Malden is one of the officers of the company and it is said that his influence had much to do with the location in Malden.

YOUTH DETAINED TO BE RELEASED

Vincenzo Fargoni, a youthful Italian immigrant detained here by local immigration authorities, is today rejoicing over the prospect of a speedy release, thanks to the efforts of Congressman Keliher of East Boston. The lad was detained as it was thought that he was being imported as a laborer, and deportation was to have occurred April 2.

Congressman Keliher secured a stay in the proceedings, and meanwhile sufficient evidence was secured to show that the boy would be put to school.

ORIENTAL
DOMESTIC

RUGS

It's not what you pay—but what you get for what you pay—that counts.

The buying advantages we possess as a wholesale house, together with our wholesale location (one block from Washington Street and Temple Place), carrying a very low rent, have a marked influence on our prices.

H. R. Lane & Co.

34-38 Chauncy Street
Directly Opposite Avon Street

CARPETS
LINOLEUMS

Brief News About the State

WINTHROP.

A farewell reception will be tendered the Rev. Charles L. Tilton and Mrs. Tilton Thursday. The Rev. Mr. Tilton has just resigned from the pastorate of the First Methodist church and will go to his New Hampshire home for the coming year.

Mrs. Jessie L. Leonard, the new chairman of the public meetings committee of the Historical and Improvement Society, has selected for the other members of her committee Mrs. William D. Allen, Mrs. Joseph L. Newton, Mrs. Albert F. Walker, Mrs. Charles H. Webber, Mrs. A. E. Wyman, chairman of the Deane Winthrop house committee, has selected Anthony F. Holohan, Channing Howard, Mrs. Elmer E. Dawson, Mrs. George Z. Lythgoe.

STOUGHTON.

The following pupils in grade 9 of the grammar school have neither been absent nor tardy during the winter term: D. Herbert Deacon, Carl Jansson, Charles W. Murphy, Walter E. Parent, Romeo Rinfret, John S. Stoye, Gertrude A. Franklin, Stella B. Hart, Miriam B. Hursey, Eleanor Leach, Anna C. Leonard, Annie T. MacDonald, Annie T. Tonnell, Margaret A. Toomey and Ruth R. Westerman.

The water commissioners have voted to engage Ernest E. Randall as superintendent of the water system and also have awarded the contract for the erection of a storehouse to George P. S. Curtiss of this town.

CAMBRIDGE.

The William H. Smart W. R. C. will hold a sale tonight in Grand Army hall, Central square. There will also be a supper, entertainment and social dance.

There will be a free organ concert this evening at Pilgrim church, Magazine and Cottage streets. Admission by ticket until 7:55 o'clock; after that hour open to all. The artists will be Henry T. Wade of Newton, organist; Miss A. B. Edwards, soprano, and Leon Van Vliet, cellist.

DEDHAM.

The adjourned session of the annual town meeting Monday night decided by a vote of 223 to 172 to indefinitely postpone the matter of appointing a finance commission to investigate and probe the various boards and departments of the town government.

It was voted, 197 to 132, to hold a celebration in 1911 of the twenty-seventh anniversary of the incorporation of the town. The moderator will appoint a committee later.

WINCHESTER.

The Fortnightly Club has elected these officers: President, Anna M. Dunning; first vice-president, Mabel G. Nichols; second vice-president, Edith Sack; treasurer, Lena R. Wellington; recording secretary, Maude Folts; corresponding secretary, Mary F. B. Woods.

The Visiting Nurse Association holds its annual meeting this afternoon.

The Equal Suffrage League meets tomorrow.

MANSFIELD.

Miss Wilma Dearborn Carter will entertain with readings, monologues and songs at the high school alumni reunion Friday evening.

The Rev. J. A. Wood of Tolland, Conn., has assumed duties as pastor of the Methodist church.

The High School Athletic Association is to hold an entertainment in the town hall tomorrow evening to raise money for the support of the baseball team.

BROOKVILLE.

The veteran firemen of this section are planning several meets with the veteran firemen of Avon for the coming summer.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Brookville Baptist church is arranging several entertainments.

Brookville grange is preparing to admit a number of members at its meeting this month.

CARVER.

The county commissioners will give a hearing at the South Carver postoffice April 29 on the petition of the selectmen to locate the bounds of the highway from the schoolhouse past the store of H. O. Hawkes to Lakeview street.

Several local cranberry dealers, who shipped a few carloads of cranberries west in December, have not yet heard from their shipments.

MIDDLEBORO.

Mrs. Mabel Chamberlain of Whitman has been appointed degree mistress of Alberta Rebekah lodge of this town.

John H. Ryder has been appointed by the selectmen as a surveyor of wood and bark for one year.

The North Middleboro Congregational church has extended a call to the Rev. Herbert Ames of Westminster.

HYDE PARK.

The Baptist Woman's Home Missionary Society meets in the vestry this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The First Presbyterian Society will hold its first meeting this evening at 7 o'clock.

The Boston University Glee Club will give a concert in the Methodist church April 26.

SOMERVILLE.

The Prospect Hill Men's Club expect to have Attorney Louis D. Brandeis speak to them tonight on the savings system of insurance.

The Somerville Teachers Club hold their regular monthly meeting tonight and will listen to a talk on Whistler by Ross Turner of Salem.

HANSON.

Flavel S. Thomas has been elected lecturer of Mayflower Pomona grange and for the next few months will be busy preparing the literary and educational work for the meetings. The next meeting of the grange will be held with Halifax grange the afternoon and evening of May 14, when Charles M. Gardner, master of the state grange and chairman of the legislative committee on agriculture and member of the state board of agriculture, will be a speaker. The literary and music committee has arranged for the remainder of the year by electing Mrs. Minnie Hayes, chairman of the literary committee and by giving Miss Nannie Holmes charge of the music.

READING.

The Men's Goodfellowship Club holds its ladies' night and banquet this evening. The entertainment will include readings by Edwin Day Sibley, singing by the Linden male quartet and music by Brown's orchestra.

The Reading Merchants and Business Men's Association is to negotiate with the Boston & Maine to have the freight house open during the noon hour for the convenience of the merchants.

The W. R. C. will observe its twentieth anniversary in Grand Army hall, April 30, with an entertainment and collation. Veteran Post 194, G. A. R., will be special guests.

ROCKLAND.

Mattakesett Tribe, Improved Order Red Men, observed the tenth anniversary of its organization in Pythian hall Monday evening.

Mt. Laurel lodge, New England Order Protection, will hold a costume party in Pythian hall Friday evening.

Charles A. Townsend, Henry T. Smith and Hermon L. Studley, members of the board of assessors, commenced Monday the work of taking the valuation of the town.

The Nemon Glee Club is arranging for a character party the evening of April 25.

BRIDGEWATER.

It has been decided that the junior and sophomore classes of the high school will not combine for a Washington trip next spring. The juniors are making plans for a play.

Miss Ada M. Phillips will give dramatic readings at the last entertainment of the season at the normal school the evening of April 15. The school will present the annual play April 29 and the glee club concert is set for the evening of May 13.

The Rev. C. W. Ruoff has been appointed pastor of the local Methodist church for a third term.

WALTHAM.

Waltham grange, Patrons of Husbandry, is to have a "neighbors' night" this evening.

The contractors in charge of the grading work at the new high school athletic field are experiencing considerable difficulty because of quicksand.

A three days' carnival is being planned at the free reading room for the evenings of May 12, 13 and 14.

The Young Men's Congress of the Temple Club will hold its annual business meeting and election of officers in Haven chapel this evening.

NORTH EASTON.

Postmaster Lorenzo B. Crockett has received word from the postoffice department in Washington that all of the mail boxes on the rural delivery routes must be painted white with the name of the owner on each box.

A new train has been put on from this town to Boston in the morning at 9:35. The gymnasium classes of the high school are holding rehearsals each afternoon for an exhibition the evening of April 15.

NEEDHAM.

The committee appointed to arrange for the town's bicentennial celebration will meet for organization and preliminary work Thursday evening.

The Ladies Aid Society of the First parish will give a social to the parishioners in the chapel Friday evening.

Miss Irma Seydel, violinist, assisted by Mrs. Kate Lamson, soprano, and Carl Lamson, pianist, will give a concert in Chevery hall, Medfield, Friday evening.

REVERE.

The Rev. D. E. Brother of Lynn will give a lecture before the Trinity Brotherhood of the Trinity Congregational church this evening on "Madeira, Algiers and Constantinople."

Frank Mugford of this town has recently been appointed a third class petty officer at the Brooklyn navy yard after studying six months at the electrical training school in Brooklyn.

NEWTON.

Mrs. Edith Smith Davis, A. M., Lit. D., national superintendent of the department of temperance instruction of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, spoke before the teachers of the Newton public schools in the assembly room of the technical high school this afternoon.

The Channing Alliance is holding its annual meeting in the parlors of Channing church today.

EAST BRIDGEWATER.

East Bridgewater grange will meet this evening.

Miss Sadie McGrory, who teaches in the Allen school has resigned to accept a similar position in Brockton.

The East Bridgewater high school baseball team will open its season the afternoon of April 19.

WAKEFIELD.

The officers and teachers of the Union church Sunday school are to hold a series of meetings to develop better work in the school.

Wakefield has been divided into six districts for the census and they will be canvassed by Miss Gertrude A. Lambert, James G. Jack, Allen E. Sederquest, Isadore M. Berg, Carroll V. Ronan and Frederick M. Libbey.

The Men's Club of the Union church will hold its second annual ladies' night this evening.

The second annual athletic exhibition of the Y. M. C. A. will be held in the town hall tomorrow evening.

BEVERLY.

The pedlars' parade in behalf of local charity Monday evening at city hall proved a big success.

The Holly Club will give an invitation dancing party at Malta hall, Saturday evening, April 23.

Speedwell colony, Pilgrim Fathers, will meet Friday evening.

The Men's Club of the Episcopal church has planned an interesting program for tonight at the parish house on Bow street. The Rev. A. W. Winkley of Danvers will give an address. The Girls' Club of the church meets at the parish house tomorrow evening.

MEDFORD.

Reserve Officer Harry L. Haskell has petitioned for a public hearing on his removal from the police force.

The Neighborhood Club of West Medford will visit the Melrose Club tomorrow evening to present two comedies. Early next fall the Melrose Club will give a return dramatic evening at the Neighborhood Club house.

The Young Peoples Society of the Universalist church has postponed its dramatic entertainment scheduled for this evening to April 22.

QUINCY.

The Makaria Fraternity of the Bethany Congregational church held a social in the chapel Monday evening.

The Quincy team of the Old Colony Baseball League will hold a dancing party in Music hall Monday evening next.

Two persons have announced themselves as candidates for the vacancy on the board of school committee. They are Dr. Alfred H. Gilson and John D. Macquay.

The Junior Alliance of the First Unitarian church held a neighborhood meeting in the chapel Monday evening.

TAUNTON.

The committee on streets has recommended an appropriation of \$25,000 to beautify the main streets.

The Rev. J. R. Lawrence will address the Taunton Social Union at the Winthrop church this evening, his subject being "The Lure of the Land."

Mrs. Ellen H. Richards of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology addressed the Taunton Woman's Club Monday evening, her subject being "Twentieth Century Housekeeping."

WEYMOUTH.

The Weymouth High School Alumni Association has appointed a committee to arrange for its annual reunion to take place some time in June.

The Rev. Edward Norton of Quincy has been engaged to supply the pulpit of the East Weymouth Congregational church until a successor to the Rev. E. L. Bradford, who has just resigned the pastorate, is secured.

A Japanese entertainment will be held in the Pilgrim Congregational church tonight.

Helena F. Riley and Esther W. Bicknell have been selected as valedictorian and salutatorian for the graduation exercises of the high school in June.

MALDEN.

Company L of the fifth regiment is planning to go into camp at South Framingham with the other companies of that regiment Aug. 6, remaining until Aug. 13.

Security lodge of Odd Fellows of Reading is to visit Malden lodge in a body Friday evening to work the first degree.

EVERETT.

The street watering assessment for this year is increased from 2 to 2½ cents a lineal foot as the city has been largely metered during the year and the cost of the work was found to be greater.

Councilman Ferguson is to ask the city to appropriate \$1000 for the celebration of the Fourth of July.

A hearing is to be held May 6 in the aldermanic chamber on petition of several citizens asking that Cherry street be laid out from Ferry street to Woodlawn avenue.

ABINGTON.

The Young People's Club of the Universalist church is to hold a costume party in Franklin hall Friday evening.

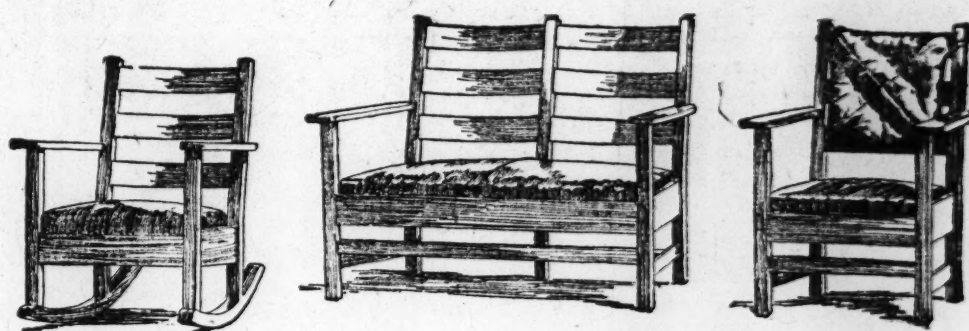
Pilgrim Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, held a convocation in Masonic hall Monday evening.

The degree staff of Manamooskeag council, Daughters of Pocahontas, visited Lynn council Monday evening.

The annual reunion of the Faunce Family Association, composed of residents of Abington, Whitman, Kingston and Quincy, will be held in Falmouth Memorial day.

CHELSEA.

The Margaret Corbin chapter, D. A. R., will hold its annual meeting and election of officers this evening at the home of Mrs. John K. Winn.



THE NEW SATIN WALNUT

A charming new note in medium-priced furniture that is destined to be very popular.

England and France have used it for years with most interesting results. It is a beautiful wood, full of variety, yet quiet in its shadings, with a velvety surface that suggests Circassian walnut.

But its most remarkable quality is the felicity with which it lends itself to artistic treatment.

We offer it in three styles: the new revival of Jacobean with its fine old English lines—an Empire-Colonial variation—and a graceful modification of Mission.

The Mission design in dark finish is illustrated above. The lines are very good. The Spring seats and Cushion back are mottled Spanish leather. A lighter finish has bright red leather.

These are representative prices:

Arm-chair (above)	\$15.50	Desk	\$34.00
Rocker (")	12.50	Desk	22.00
Settle (")	25.00	Bureau	\$25, 65.00
Settle (red leather-seat)	25.00	Bed	24.00
Rocker (")	12.50	Chiffonier	\$24, 50.00
Arm-chair (")	12.50	Bed-room table	\$ 5, 7.75
Large bookcase	33.00	Poster bed	40.00
Library table	28.00	Dressing table	\$24, 32.00

Wonderfully adapted to country houses.

PAINE FURNITURE COMPANY

48 Canal Street

Between North Station and Haymarket Square.

ECUADOR MAKES MOVE FOR PEACE

WASHINGTON—The resignation of Dr. Aguirre Jado as minister of foreign affairs of Ecuador and the appointment of Senor Peralta to the vacancy, news of which is reported to the state department, is regarded in Quito as a long step in the direction of a peaceful solution of the difficulties existing between Ecuador and Peru. Peralta, up to the time of his appointment, was governor of one of the Ecuadorian provinces, and is said to be popular with all classes.

The Peruvian note sent to Ecuador a few days ago demanding satisfaction for the outrages committed on the Peruvian legation and consulate in Ecuador had been modified in a way which materially lessens the dissension between the two countries.

NEW YORK HONOR FOR ROOSEVELTS

ALBANY, N. Y.—The Senate has unanimously adopted a resolution providing for the appointment of a legislative committee to receive the Roosevelt when they land at the port of New York, and appropriating \$2000 to meet the expense of such reception.

The resolution was offered by Senator George A. Davis (Rep., Erie), and provides that a committee of seven senators, to be appointed by the president of the Senate, and 10 members of the Assembly, to be appointed by the speaker, be authorized to assist in the ceremonies and to represent the Legislature in the greeting to be extended to Mr. Roosevelt.

BATTLESHIP MEN HAVE FIRST DRILL

Two companies of seamen from the battleship North Dakota, equipped with rifles, cartridge belts, leggings and the rest of the paraphernalia of the march had their first drill this forenoon at the Charlestown navy yard.

The court martial of Assistant Paymaster Lawrence G. Haughey was continued today in the board room, where several witnesses were examined by the attorney for the defendants, Herbert L. Baker of Boston.

Several hundred linden trees have been planted in the yard during the last week.

MR. LUCE PRESENTS ANIMAL BILL.

Robert Luce was before the committee on public health at the State House today to present a substitute for the Parker bill for the abolishment of the cattle bureau and the substitution of the board of health to have charge of the slaughter of animals in this state.

MR. ELIOT TO TALK AT TUFTS TONIGHT

Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard and formerly president of the National Conservation Association, will lecture at the Goddard chapel, Tufts College, tonight at 8 o'clock on "The Conservation of National Resources." The lecture will be given under the auspices of the senior class secret society, the Tower Cross, and, like the preceding lectures in the course, will be free. This lecture will close the course.

The election of a manager of the Tufts College Glee and Mandolin Clubs for next season will be held tonight, Parker McColister '11 of Detroit is the logical candidate, having served as assistant manager during the past year, and will undoubtedly be chosen for the office.

GLOVER PETITION DENIED BY COURT

The petition of Attorney MacFarland asking for a special administrator in place of Attorney Elmore, at present executor of the will of C. F. Glover, was denied by Judge McIntire of the probate court in Cambridge today.

The judge stated that no such action was necessary at this time and gave the petitioner leave to withdraw. This action was taken by the attorneys of the Glover brothers who are trying to break the will of Clarence F. Glover. The will contest has now closed and the decision rests in the hands of Judge McIntire.

BATTERY A SHOW IS AGAIN TONIGHT

The members of battery A, first battalion field artillery, entertained their friends with a dress rehearsal for the performance before the governor and their comrades of the militia, Monday evening.

The performance will be given again tonight on the occasion known as military night and in addition to Governor Draper and staff there will be a large delegation of members of the militia present, especially of the mounted arm and the first corps of cadets.

MOVE TO RETIRE JUSTICE MOODY

WASHINGTON—The administration is considering with congressional leaders the advisability of asking Congress to enact a law which would allow Justice Moody of the United States supreme court to retire on full pay before reaching the retiring age.

The object of this is to secure a full bench for the hearing of the trust cases. Mr. Moody is understood to be favorable to this plan.

CADETS' CAPTAIN NAMED TO BOARD

Secretary of War Dickinson has selected Capt. Charles H. Cole, commanding officer of company B, first corps Cadets, as a member of a board of officers to determine what ammunition shall be used at the national rifle match this year at Sea Girt, N. J. Captain Cole lives at 62 Beacon street, and has been notified of the honor.

The board is composed of Capt. Gilbert H. Stewart, ordnance department, U. S. A.; Gen. Bird W. Spencer, New Jersey national guard; James A. Drain, national guard of the District of Columbia; Captain Cole and Capt. William H. Parker of the New York national guard.

MEDFORD MOVES FOR QUIET FOURTH

Medford is to fall into line with other cities of the state in regard to a quieter observance of the Fourth of July and the city government will take action with that end in view at its next meeting.

Mrs. Anna C. Hallowell of West Medford, in a letter to the aldermen on behalf of the women's clubs, recommends that action be taken and it is probable that a committee of the aldermen will be appointed to act in conjunction with the committees of other civic bodies to adopt final plans for the observance.

CELEBRATE HUMANE DAY.

Today is being observed in the schools of Massachusetts as the fiftieth anniversary of humane day, and a book on the life of animals and their relations to man is being given to every pupil above the third grade by arrangement of the American Humane Education Society and the Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, through their state agent, A. Judson Leach.

NEW GRADING FOR FITCHBURG. FITCHBURG, Mass.—Under plans made by Guy C. Chase of Parker, Bateman & Chase, civil engineers, the grounds around the superior court house are to be regraded.

By LEWIS J. BIRD CO., Auctioneers
32 Bromfield St., Boston

GRAND SPECIAL SALE OF ELEGANT

House Furnishings

From one of the most finely furnished houses in Boston.

AT SALESMAN ON

Wednesday, April 13, at 10.30 a.m.

Book Plates W.B. Clarke Co

Designed and Printed 26 and 28 Tremont St.

BAY STATE MEN MENDING FENCES

WASHINGTON—Four Massachusetts congressmen are now in the state conferring with their political advisers. Representative Ames has gone back to give a few personal touches to his senatorial campaign against Senator Lodge. Representative Weeks has returned to Newton on personal business and Representative William S. Greene is in Fall River.

Representative Ernest W. Roberts has left to confer with the men on whose political advice he depends.

PIERIAN CONCERT DUE WEDNESDAY

The one hundred and second annual concert of the Pierian Sodality of Harvard University will be given in Sanders theater, Cambridge, Wednesday evening. There will be 60 pieces in the orchestra, the oboe and bassoon sections being assisted by members from the Boston Symphony orchestra.

Canadian Readers

Will find the Dominion News Service

One of the satisfying and distinctive features of

The Christian Science Monitor

Special correspondence and careful editing give this service

Unusual Value EVERY DAY

Dartmouth Musical Clubs Begin Concert Tour

Itinerary includes Lynn, Wellesley, Nashua and Lowell and the program is made up of vocal and instrumental selections and readings.



MEMBERS OF THE DARTMOUTH COLLEGE MUSICAL CLUBS.

Top row, left to right—H. R. Reed '10, Arlington; R. L. Steiner '12, Boston; J. H. Finn '10, Lynn; A. D. Pease '11, Laconia; W. S. Pounds '11, Brooklyn; R. W. Barstow '11, Lee, Mass.; H. P. Kelley '10, Mattapan; R. A. Crenner '13, Somerville; E. F. Chase '11, Lynn. Second row—H. A. Bellevue '12, Littleton; T. S. Knox '10, Jackson, Minn.; H. C. Clary '12, Windsor, Vt.; R. G. Kimball '12, Concord; M. Whittemore '12, Dover; N. H.; C. A. Piau '13, Bellevue; W. Y. Jones, Jr., '12, Brooklyn; H. A. Burr '11, Haverhill. Third row—C. B. White '12, Danvers; E. A. Wagner '10, Manchester; R. E. Lewis '12, Lebanon; C. G. Forsyth '13, Auburn; N. H.; R. M. Boutwell '12, Boston; B. A. Hoban '12, Windsor, Vt.; H. L. Walker '11, Orange; N. J.; N. O. Norris '11, Melrose; G. F. Dwinnee '11, Manchester; J. W. Mathea '11, Dover; N. H. Fourth row—L. S. Wiggins '10, Somerville; C. T. Leach '11, Oak Park, Ill.; W. W. Marden '11, Troy; S. K. Backus '11, Rome, N. Y.; J. R. Kreggs '11, Concord; J. E. Ingersoll '11, Minneapolis; C. C. Warren '11, Waterbury, Vt.; B. K. Ayers '11, Concord; G. C. Lewis '12, Lebanon. Fifth row—H. A. Winship '10, Passaic, N. J.; R. D. Meredith '10, Troy; W. H. Golde '10, Brooklyn; H. W. Jones '10, Malden; L. B. Wallace '10, Rochester; W. D. Steward '10, Chicago; W. L. Peck '10, St. Johnsbury, Vt.; R. R. Gordon '10, West Newton; E. J. Shattuck '10, Norwood; H. L. Fogg '10, Hyde Park. Sixth row—W. S. Carlisle '11, Brooklyn; R. W. Linscott '12, Boston; J. W. Irwin '11, Quincy, Ill.; H. C. Schulte '10, Dollar Bay, Mich.; G. A. Thurber '11, Concord; C. P. Bullard '12, Arlington.

THE members of the Dartmouth musical clubs will assemble at Lynn tonight for the first concert of their spring tour. The concert is to be held in the Woman's Club house and will be followed by dancing. Tomorrow night a concert will be given in the high school hall at Wellesley. Thursday night will be spent at Nashua, where a concert is to be given in the city hall, and on the following night the last concert of the trip will be given in Lowell. Dancing will follow all concerts except the one at Wellesley.

The trip is shorter than those of former years, and it was arranged by Lewis B. Wallace of Rochester, N. H. The concerts will all be under the leadership of W. D. Steward of Chicago, leader of the Glee Club. The program will consist of a number of selections by the Mandolin Club, well-known Dartmouth songs by the Glee Club and readings by A. C. Keough of Chicago.

MR. CANNON INTENDS TO REMAIN SPEAKER UNLESS THROWN OUT

WASHINGTON—Following closely upon Attorney-General Wickersham's Chicago speech, wherein the head of the nation's law department accused the insurgents as the ones who were bringing disruption upon the Republican party, Speaker Cannon Monday in the House defied the insurgents to throw him out.

He said he intended to remain as speaker until the end of this present Congress, unless he was deposed. The speaker left the chair and walked to his old seat on the floor, where he launched into a speech that kept the House interested for 15 minutes. Relative to his incumbency of the speaker's chair and his attitude toward it he said:

"I want to notify you that unless during this and the next session of Congress—this Congress expiring on the fourth of March—the Republicans on this side who do not approve of the personality of their speaker have the courage to join with the solid minority, I will remain speaker until the fourth of March next."

His declaration to the House came unexpectedly at the close of a successful fight by the minority, aided by a fair number of insurgents, upon the item of the \$2500 in the legislative appropriation bill providing for the maintenance of an automobile for the speaker. A similar amount for the Vice-President of the United States was also defeated by a coalition of the Democrats and insurgents.

Increases to the contingent fund of both Senate and House were also objected to, but the automobile seemed to be the principal thing sticking in the economical throats of the lawmakers, many of whom come from rural districts, where a man rich enough to have an automobile is an undesirable citizen, and one with a chauffeur is regarded as worthy of a grand jury investigation.

WALTHAM WATCH CO. CURTAILS.

WALTHAM, Mass.—The fifth shutdown in five months at the plant of the Waltham Watch Company is announced, to run from April 13 to April 31. Overproduction of watches is given as a cause. Four thousand employees are affected.

RUBBER COMPANY RESUMES.

BRISTOL, R. I.—The factory of the National India Rubber Company has started up after a shutdown of one week. It was intended to close the factory for two weeks, but orders booked made it necessary to resume.

HARVARD VOTE IS TIE BY LAW SCHOOL MEN ON ADMINISTRATION

Whether the Harvard law school students approve or disapprove of the first year's administration of President Taft is still a matter of doubt, as their straw vote on Monday on the resolution "that the record of the present administration for the past year would not justify the reelection of President Taft," resulted in a tie, 149 to 149. Less than half the members of the school expressed their opinion, the total number of students being 763, and the number who voted 298.

The ballot was conducted by the Political Club, and all the regulations in force at Cambridge municipal elections were observed. Officers were in charge of the polls, and both the Democratic and Republican parties were represented.

When first proposed the question was to have been submitted to all Harvard men and read: "Resolved, that if the constitution of the United States provided for the recall of its public servants, President Taft's record would justify his recall."

This framed the proposition was regarded as a reflection upon the administration. It was decided to alter the form, restrict the voting to the law school and perhaps refer the question to the undergraduates at a later date.

The members of the executive committee of the Political Club which inaugurated the ballot are R. S. Hoar 2d, T. M. Gregory '10, W. Lippman '10, A. P. Loring 11., and G. L. Harding '10.

HARVARD EXHIBITS ITS EX-PRESIDENT'S NEW PORTRAIT BUST

The now famous portrait bust of President-Emeritus Charles W. Eliot of Harvard, executed by Louis Potter of New York, is now on exhibition in the Fogg Art Museum, Cambridge. The bust is considered the best likeness of President Eliot ever produced.

Three paintings of the fifteenth century period have also been loaned the museum, and are now on view. The first is "The Mystic Marriage of St. Catherine," a fine group painting by Bernardo di Mariano of the Umbrian school. A Venetian water-scene in oils by Leonardo Bassano, and an early French "Annunciation" of the Burgundian school complete the exhibition.

BROWN TEACHERS MEET NEXT WEEK

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—At the eighth annual meeting of the Brown University Teachers' Association, to be held here April 22 and 23, some of the foremost educators of this section of the country will give addresses. The annual dinner of the association is to be held in the big gymnasium.

Prof. H. C. Bumpus, director of the American Museum of Natural History in New York, will give an illustrated lecture on "Cooperation between the Museum and the Public Schools." President William H. P. Faunce of Brown will preside at the meetings and will make an address.

A COMMISSION RULE FOR PITTSBURG WILL BE URGED IN REPORT

PITTSBURG—A report in favor of a commission form of government for this city will be made this week to the Chamber of Commerce by a committee on municipal affairs, which has spent over a year in thorough study of the local situation and of experiments made elsewhere.

The movement has no direct connection with the graft exposures. The new plan will probably be submitted to a meeting of allied civic organizations April 18, and a bill presented to the next Legislature for the amendment of the city's charter, to provide the election of eight city directors and a mayor. Each of the nine members of this board of government will be paid a salary of \$8000, in order that they may devote their entire attention to city affairs. The commissioners will be heads of various departments, and will also take the place of the present councilmanic bodies.

The committee of the Chamber of Commerce has been acting deliberately, not wishing to move hastily in the matter, and all the features and details of the plan have been worked out. Reports of the successes and failures of the various methods of conducting the commission form of government have been received and compiled from Buffalo, Boston, Des Moines, Galveston, and other cities where the method has been applied.

Those conversant with the investigation say that the commission will cost the city only about \$100,000, while the new form of government, it is claimed, would save a municipality the size of Pittsburgh about \$2,000,000 a year.

WELLESLEY VOTE ON STUDENT HEAD

WELLESLEY, Mass.—Today, the president of the Student Government Association of Wellesley College will be elected. As this is the highest office in college, great interest is being shown in the balloting. Thursday, the remaining officers will be voted on.

The girls who stand highest on the informal ballots for the different positions are as follows:

President, Miss Constance Eustis, Miss Hazel Hunnewell, Miss Sara Tupper, Miss Isabelle Noyes; vice-president, Miss Isabelle Noyes; Miss Constance Eustis, Miss Persis Purcell, Miss Katherine Terry; secretary, Miss Katherine Bingham, Miss Nell Carpenter, Miss Mildred Keim, Miss Alice Paine; treasurer, Miss Mildred Keim, Miss Martha Charles, Miss Mary Guernsey, Miss Katherine Bingham; joint committee, Mary Colt, Dorothy Sumy, Mary Welles, Mabel Lee. The junior class at Wellesley College was the winner of the indoor meet held Monday in the Mary Hemenway hall. The seniors were given second place. Miss Marjory Hoyt, Miss Riddle Gulon and Miss Bertha Scheller were awarded W's.

GLUCOSE AND STARCH LOWER. NEW YORK—The \$80,000,000 Corn Products Refining Company, a Standard Oil concern, announces a cut of 12½ cents per 100 pounds in the price of glucose and 15 cents per 100 pounds in that of starch, which will doubtless bring the price of the cheaper grades of candy down.

In the Realms of Music

BUSONI RECITAL.

THEY do not know why they are applauding. Noise, mere noise! So spoke somebody who left Jordan hall at the close of Mr. Busoni's performance of Chopin's B minor sonata Monday afternoon.

Why should a pianist, one of the most eminent of the artists who have ventured into the American concert field this season, send any one home from his recital under the impression that his playing had no music in it? Certainly the person who thought a pianist noisy in Chopin was wise in leaving him before he began to play Liszt. Here is the program with which Mr. Busoni held the attention of a good-sized audience, an audience that should have known better than to applaud him if he played unmusically: Beethoven, sonata, opus 53, "Waldstein"; Brahms-Paganini, variations; Chopin, sonata, B minor; Liszt, Erlkönig, au bord d'une source, sixth rhapsodie (edited by Busoni).

It is not to be expected that those who regard Paderewski as the standard interpreter of piano music will like Busoni, for in the Italian pianist's playing there is no such thing as sentiment, romance or any other of the fine things which are commonly thought of as characterizing an imaginative artist's performance. Color, as the term is generally applied to piano tone, is wanting in his work; the orchestral principle of color contrast is not recognized by Busoni even in his developments of the Waldstein allegro themes, which Beethoven expressly indicates should be treated as though played on various orchestral instruments.

Because Busoni's playing lacks many of the things which have come to be regarded as essential to a good reading of Beethoven and Chopin and because it makes much of technique, some listeners find in it nothing but hollow sound; others think it emphasizes intellect to the expense of soul; the Germans conveniently settle the whole matter by describing Busoni as a subjective artist. And certainly he does bring piano interpretation down to a pretty simple intellectual basis. His playing tells nothing outside itself; it is altogether unpoetical. According to his ideas music is as far as possible from being as one of the representative arts. But Busoni likes some of the things which prominently belong to music; he likes rhythm and he showed marvelous variety of it in his reading of the Waldstein sonata; he likes the harmonic progress of a large cyclic composition; he never loses his way in Chopin as sometimes do interpreters who would be called more imaginative than he.

"AIDA."

The Aborn Opera Company successfully opened its season Monday night at the Boston opera house with a presentation of "Aida," in which the characters were distributed as follows:

Aida Estelle Wentworth
Amneris Louise Le Baron
Priestess Florence Coughlan
Rhodame Joseph Sheehan
Ramfis H. L. Waterous
Amonasro Otley Cranston
King George W. Dunstan
Messenger John De Pillis

The visiting company used its own scenery, which is less gorgeous than that of the Boston Opera Company and more on the old theatrical order, but serves its purpose well. The parts of the opera which did not require the brightest gifts of dramatic singing were performed with good artistic effect; the third act, with its numerous passages of recitative and aria was well within the powers of Miss Wentworth, Miss C. Baron, Messrs. Sheehan and Cranston and was carried through in a spirited manner.

Too often this fine scene of the plot of Amonasro, Aida and Rhodame against the king of Egypt and its detection by Amneris and Ramfis is neglected by the great artists, who will do their best only when they can sing difficult arias. It was a satisfaction to hear Verdi's work sung in English, a greater satisfaction than it sometimes is to hear the opera sung in barbarously pronounced Italian.

The Aborn singers are well trained, both principals and chorus, and they have a competent conductor in Mr. Fichandler. They deserve the support of a more competent orchestra than they had Monday night.

This evening "Aida" will be sung with a new soprano in the leading role, Miss Lois Elwell.

NOTES.

New stock for the Boston opera company has been subscribed for by about 180 persons since the stock books were reopened. Subscriptions will be received by Hayden, Stone & Co., bankers, 87 Milk street, and at the office of the opera company until noon, Thursday, April 14.

There was a large attendance at Symphony hall Monday evening at a lecture by Michael J. Dwyer, assistant district attorney, on the scenery and songs of Ireland. Mr. Dwyer's lecture was a result of the interest aroused in Boston by the singing of John McCormack, the Irish tenor, who recently appeared here with the Manhattan Opera Company.

The music department of the city of Boston gives a concert tonight in Faneuil hall at 8 o'clock. There will be a concert at the Girls Latin school on Wednesday evening and at the Roxbury High school at the same hour.

At the New England Conservatory of Music, Jordan hall, Wednesday, April 13, at 8:15 p. m. there will be a concert by advanced students.

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE
ABORN ENGLISH OPERA CO.
THIS WEEK—"AIDA"
NEXT WEEK—"IL TROVATORE"
Wed. Mat. 25 and 50c. Evenings and Sat. Mat. 25, 50, 75c and \$1.00



MISS LOUISE LE BARON.
Contralto who sang in "Aida" with Aborn Opera Company Monday evening.

PULLMAN'S PROTEST BASED ON MINORITY COMMISSION REPORT

WASHINGTON—Notwithstanding the fact that it was shown by the returns of the Pullman company itself that the cash and special stock dividends for the past decade have amounted to \$59,664,224, that in addition to an annual 8 per cent dividend, "melons" have been cut by the company from time to time amounting to millions, the company today intends to fight the decision of the interstate commerce commission providing differential rates for upper and lower berths and that the prices between certain points for all sleeping car accommodations shall be changed.

The action of the company, it is learned, is based upon the dissent of Chairman Knapp of the interstate commerce commission and of Commissioner Harlan. Relative to the investigation of the commission into the earnings of the company the Pullman attorneys argued very earnestly that while the company's profits were very large during the early days of its existence, that period has long gone by, and the present returns upon its investment are no more than reasonable. This led the commission to make a careful examination into the financial history of the Pullman company.

In response to the commission's demand the Pullman company submitted the following table of its annual dividends for the last 10 years:

Year ending July 31—	Amount.
1899	\$3,149,550
1900	5,519,720
1901	5,919,588
1902	5,919,924
1903	5,919,968
1904	5,919,976
1905	5,919,982
1906	5,919,984
1907	7,476,873
1908	7,998,356
Total	\$59,664,224

This annual dividend (some 8 per cent upon the capital stock) does not represent by any means the annual net profits of the Pullman company. The company's annual statements to stockholders for the years 1898 to 1908, inclusive, which were filed in the record, show that the amount carried annually to surplus does not fall far short of the annual dividends, and at frequent intervals this accumulated surplus has been distributed among the stockholders in the shape of a special cash or stock dividend.

For instance, in 1898 a special cash dividend of 20 per cent (\$7,200,000) was declared out of the accumulated surplus; in 1899 a special stock dividend of 50 per cent (\$18,000,000) was declared; in 1907 a special stock dividend of 36 per cent (\$26,015,256) was declared.

It thus appears that during these 11 years some \$51,000,000 in special cash and stock dividends came out of the accumulated surplus, and all of this in addition to the annual dividends.

In 1898 the capital stock of the Pullman company was \$36,000,000, while in 1908 the capital stock had increased to \$100,000,000. Twenty million dollars of this increase is accounted for by the acquisition of the property of the Wagner Palace Car Company, which formerly competed with the Pullman company. The remaining increase of \$44,000,000 represents the capitalization of surplus earnings. The record shows conclusively that no additional capital was actually put into the company during this period.

ADVOCATES TAX ON VALUE.

LONDON—Joseph Martin, formerly prime minister of British Columbia, who is now member of Parliament for East St. Pancras, told 3000 Englishmen at the Whitefields Tabernacle that English land ought to be taxed on the basis of what it could be sold for, as in Canada, and not on the basis of the rent.

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On Wednesday, April the 13th.

LADIES' SUIT DEPTS. In Both Stores.

Linen Coat Suits.....12.50, 15.00 and 19.50
Linen Princess Dresses.....24.00
Tailored Suits, made of Serge, grey or tan worsted. 27.00 and 35.00

PARASOLS. In Both Stores.

Plain or fancy in all the leading shades...2.35
values 3.00 and 3.50

UMBRELLAS.

Covered with extra quality, tape edge, Twilled Silk. A large assortment of plain or fancy handles. 2.85
values 3.50 and 4.00

UPHOLSTERY DEPTS. In Both Stores.

On Wednesday and Thursday, April the 13th and 14th.

Furniture Slip Covers and Loose Dust Covers for suites of five pieces, made of English Damask, Chintz, Cretonne and best quality Belgium Linen. 10.00 set
usual price 12.00 to 13.25

Fine French and English Cretonne, 32 inches wide. 35c, 45c and 65c per yd.
former price 50c to 1.00

50 inch Printed Linen Cotton Taffeta and Cretonne. Designs and colors suitable for wall coverings and draperies. 1.00 per yd.
former price 1.50 to 2.50

CURTAINS.

Fancy Scrim, stencil designs.....2.00 pair
usual price 3.50

Colored Cross Stripes...65c, 1.00 and 1.50 pair
usual prices 1.00, 1.50 and 2.00

Ruffled Muslin.....1.00, 1.50 and 2.00 pair
usual prices 1.50, 2.25 and 2.75

Novelty and Filet on scrim.....1.85, 2.35 and 3.85 pair
usual prices 2.75, 3.50 and 5.50

Colored Muslin Bed Sets...2.25, 2.75 and 3.25
usual prices 3.25, 3.75 and 4.25

Casement Muslin in stripes, dots and floral designs. 10c and 15c per yd.
former price 12½c to 20c

23rd Street

New York

34th Street

ANNUAL LOG DRIVES ON RIVERS IN MAINE HAVE BEEN STARTED

BANGOR, Me.—The log drives have been started from the headwaters of eastern Maine rivers and for the next three months thousands of men will be engaged in navigating the winter's cut of timber to the booms, while some, like the long west branch of the Penobscot river drive, will not finish their hard and hazardous work until September. Most of these log drivers are hired in this city and every day crews are seen leaving the railway station.

On the north and south branches of the west branch 500 men are employed: Russell stream 75, Scott brook 100, Ragged stream 150, Farrar brook 10, Lobster lake 50, Cuxabaxis 60, Chamberlain lake 100, Harrington brook 100, Sourdunahunk 100, Trout brook 200, Hay brook 200, Little Sebais 100, Thorn brook 150, McNulty 400, Sawyer 150, Pleasant River Lumber Company 50. The men get from \$2 to \$3.50 a day, a few experts and experienced hands receiving more. Cooks get \$80 a month and cookees \$1.50 a day. There was a time when the best river drivers went to Connecticut, preferring the long drive, but of late years they have been staying on the Maine rivers, claiming they were better cared for.

CASTING PATTERN SHOP BURNS.

Fire caused the loss of valuable wooden patterns used in making molds for the castings at the works of the Coffin Valve Company at Neponset late Monday. The damage is estimated at about \$10,000. The patterns were the product of many years work. The cause of the fire is not known.

At the Railway Terminals

The New York Central railway private car 490 occupied by Assistant General Manager J. H. Hustis was attached to the 8:30 o'clock express at South station this morning enroute to New York via Chatham and the Harlem division.

General Superintendent B. R. Pollock of the New Haven road arrived at South station Monday in his private car from headquarters at New Haven for a stay of several days in Boston on company business.

The New Haven road delivered to the Boston & Albany road at Springfield today a special train with St. Marks students aboard enroute from New York city to Southboro.

Washington Briefs

The House committee on interstate and foreign commerce has ordered favorably reported a general bill providing for the damming of navigable waters, urged as a part of the Roosevelt and Taft administration policies.

The House has granted Representative A. P. Gardner of Massachusetts two weeks' leave of absence.

Today's Navy Orders

The following navy orders were posted today at the Charlestown navy yard: Passed Asst. Surg. E. M. Brown to the retired list; Asst. Surg. E. V. Valz to home and wait orders; Civil Engineer P. J. Bean to navy yard, Norfolk, Va.; Civil Engineer C. W. Parks to the General Electric Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

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News of Plays and Players in Boston and Elsewhere

LONDON DRAMA.

Somerset Maugham's "The Tenth Man."

(Special to The Monitor.)
LONDON—"The Tenth Man" is the one honest man, the man George Winter, M. P., is told to beware of. Winter is an unscrupulous financier, member for Middlepool, a town where the "nonconformist conscience" is to be reckoned with. He is a light-hearted scoundrel, a man of the people, overbearing, gay, a prodigious believer in himself, in his luck, and in every man having his price. This latter belief ultimately proves his undoing; the "Tenth Man" turns up at the last. Winter has married the daughter of Lord Francis Etchingham; "it's a convenient thing," he says, "for a radical member to have a duke for a connection."

Lord Francis has not much conscience either in his own poor way. His daughter's marriage was peculiarly very convenient to him. Winter also finds his noble father-in-law's noble name of some use in the city. Mr. Maurice makes Lord Francis an excellent character study. The fatuous old gentleman, humored by his wife and daughter, and treated with almost undisguised contempt by his son-in-law, solemnly keeps up the pretense of being a man of consequence in the world of affairs.

Winter's unfortunate wife has determined, after suffering many indignities, to divorce her husband. A rumor of this has got about. There is an election to be faced at Middlepool, the seat is by no means safe, and the party cannot afford to lose it. Moreover, the enterprising member for this pious town has floated a mine, and the wherewithal will not be forthcoming from his constituents if proceedings are taken against him.

This would mean ruin to himself and his worthy father-in-law. Winter is conscious of the fact that his wife has fallen in love with a man who is an under-secretary of state, and threatens her with a counter issue. Every influence is brought to bear on Mrs. Winter to stop her bringing the action, and in a scene where she has to meet three men from Middlepool who have come to find out from her own lips as to whether there is any truth in the report, she gives a flat denial to the story.

The last act is the scene of the election. Though an article has appeared in the opposition paper to the effect that the mine Winter has floated had been worked out before the shares were issued, he wins the seat by a narrow majority. Then, when every obstacle seems to have been overcome, the "Tenth Man" has to be reckoned with. The member for Middlepool has misappropriated certain funds belonging to the town, and the man he was told to beware of indignantly refuses to take hush-money. Winter, rather than face prison, destroys himself. The curtain falls on the information that the money which would have saved the man from the consequence of his ill-doing was in reality at hand.

Somerset Maugham's drama, like all his work, is thoroughly workmanlike. The interest is sustained right through, and the dialogue is easy and often amusing. It cannot be said to be the sort of play particularly harassing to the wits or to the emotions. George Winter means to get on, and he does so with no more subtlety than does the ordinary animal when a certain object is to be attained. The "Tenth Man's" ethics are conventional and not very interesting. He maintains at the top of his voice that he always has been honest. Mrs. Winter is also quite conventional in a theatrical way. Unfortunately, too, Miss Dillon, who plays the role, has adopted an equally theatrical method.

"The Tenth Man," however, supplies Arthur Bourchier with an excellent acting part. Bourchier is vastly amusing in an extravagant way, a way entirely his own. What would be impossible to another actor is natural to him. He is like an elephant masquerading as a kitten. His merriment is embracing; he takes

each member of the audience into his confidence, and they laugh, not merely at him, but with him.

In the final act, too, he rises to the occasion. The arrogance of the man is brought out, his overwhelming confidence, his insolent presumption when found out that he has only to name a sufficiently high figure, his appeal to sentiment, his taunts when he discovers the emotions are not to be tapped, his hysterical rage at the spectacle of his fallen castle, and finally his bravado in the face of what he regards as the inevitable. "The Tenth Man" is, in short, a genuine success for Arthur Bourchier.

AT NEW YORK THEATERS.

"Beethoven."

"Beethoven," Rene Fauchois' dramatic biography of the composer was presented at the New theater Monday evening. The play will be presented for four weeks by a special company under the direction of the New theater. The play has been translated by Henry Grafton Chapman. While "Beethoven" has never been seen in this country, it was given last winter at the Odéon in Paris. Although it is more of a biography than a drama the piece is said to include dramatic action, as the author has given a picture of the composer in the various periods of his life from early manhood to his death, and the incidents touched are his love affairs, his music publishers, friends and enemies, all historical persons and incidents and persons rather well known to readers of the biographies of the famous musician. A special feature is the introduction of Beethoven's nine symphonies, impersonated by as many women.

All through the piece there is incidental music by the composer, played by an augmented orchestra under the direction of Mr. Elliott Schenck. As an orchestral prelude the overture to "Coriolanus" is played, while the first movement of Beethoven's Fifth Symphony will be heard between acts one and two. The Sun this morning says: "The dialogue as presented in English was often stilted and old fashioned, but quite as often it was perfectly suited to the character of the scene and had a certain appropriateness to the personality of the author's Beethoven. Doubtless M. Fauchois took not a few hints from Beethoven's own writings and some of the utterances had at least a resemblance to the master's style. The play as a play was unsatisfying, for it lacked that one vital element of the conflict of two natures. This element was fatally one-sided in the history of Beethoven. To be true the dramatist was compelled in this to be undramatic. But in his delineation of the artistic tragedy of Beethoven's life he showed fine skill.

"In the numerous company engaged in assisting Mr. Robertson there were none who could lay claim to distinguished achievement last night. Rebecca Warren was acceptable as Bettina Brentano and Mrs. Sol Smith did all that could be done with the small role of Nanny, the servant of Beethoven.

"Donald Robertson, who enacted Beethoven, is evidently an actor who learned his art in the old school. He displayed some of its virtues and not a few of its vices. The latter were chiefly conspicuous in his treatment of the dialogue and the former in his effective composition of the character and his ability to make his points in the dramatic climaxes. He was warmly applauded and on the whole well deserved approval, for his Beethoven touched the sympathies of the audience.

"OMAR AND THE RABBI."

A "dramatized version" of "The Rubaiyat of Omar Khayyam" and Robert Browning's "Rabbi Ben Ezra" was presented by the senior class of the Emerson College of Oratory Monday evening before an audience that nearly filled Chickering hall.

Frederick Le Roy Sargent is responsible for this curious experiment. He has managed with considerable ingenuity to intersperse the pagan utterances of Omar with the wisdom of the Rabbi. Omar and his followers sit before a bright-colored tent at the left of an open space. The right side is occupied by the Rabbi and his followers.

The effect is totally undramatic, in that the youth learns not through his own volition by experience, but through listening to the bandying of speeches by Omar and the Rabbi. The piece is really a mask in the olden style, a dialogue between sense and soul, and as such has moderate interest. Lovers of Omar and of Browning naturally have an additional pleasure.

Miss Frances Woodbury was most interesting as Omar, giving an impersonation full of color and touched by languorous fire, a trifle too obvious in the underscoring of the incidence of Omar, but always hinting at the passion and poetry of the original.

The Rabbi, as impersonated by Hugh W. Towne, was sonorous, poised and vibrant voiced, convincing in righteous indignation and compassionate in pity and wisdom.

The most commendable feature of the whole performance was the really splendid freedom and variety of expression shown by the performers, even down to the minor characters. The very high vocal standard attained by the students at Emerson was evident throughout. More care, however, should be paid to keeping up the voice on the last word of the lines and especially the last word of a speech.

The general quality of the performance was high, and poetic feeling prevailed throughout. The stage direction of the piece was good. Most pleasing was the chorus about spring and a sunrise dance which so delighted the audience that both dance and sunrise were repeated. Illustrative music was played with spirit by Miss Alice C. Duffy.



MISS BLANCHE BATES.

Her impersonation of the young wife in "The Fighting Hope" at the Shubert is one of the finest performances of the current season.

Hollis—"The Prima Donna."

Miss Fritz Schell appeared at the Hollis Street theater Monday evening in "The Prima Donna," an operetta by Henry Blossom with music by Victor Herbert in which she was seen in Boston last season at the Colonial theater. The cast:

Col. Dutois.....Gilbert Clayton
Capt. Bordenave.....William K. Harcourt
Lieut. Armand.....Vernon Davidson
Lieut. Fernand Drouillard.....Donald Hall
Lieut. Gaston De Randal.....Martin Haydon
Lieut. Rousseau.....F. Von Gottfried
Lieut. De Beaumont.....Fred Killen
M. Beauvillage.....W. H. Fitzgerald
Herr Max Gundelfinger.....John E. Hazzard
Mlle. Athene.....Fritzi Schell
Countess Helene.....Alice Russon
Marquise De Periffonds.....Katherine Stewart

Miss Schell's notable singing of the title role renewed last night her former successes here in this and other light plays in which she has appeared, and again proved her right to the title of the foremost prima donna now appearing in operetta in this country.

The singer was greeted by an audience that filled the playhouse to the last seat and was most responsive in its enthusiastic applause to the efforts of the star and her excellent support. The several brilliant scenes that were designed to exhibit Miss Schell's powers both of singing and acting appeared to go better even than they did when the piece was seen here last season.

The star seemed her old vivacious self Monday evening, taking one back to the evening at the Boston theater when she so delighted a vast audience with her comical playing in the all star performance of "The Magic Flute" Monday evening the same liquid notes poured forth and she seemed to sing for the very joy of it. Her acting was satisfying in its own quaint and playful way and in the rare serious moments.

John E. Hazzard was the chief fun-maker as a German musician, employing his well-known ability to mangle the English language artistically. Mr. Harcourt was duly repellent as the villain and Mr. Davidson was satisfactory as the object of the prima donna's affections. The others were wholly satisfactory. The gowns of the ladies dazzled with their beauty and modishness. "The Prima Donna" is here for two weeks.

American Music Hall.

A number of Boston favorites were seen Monday at the American Music hall in a bill of such consistent merit that the headliners were hard to pick out. The evening of clever work was opened by a fine bit of Russian dancing, done by the Orlicks, a man and a woman, displaying great agility in a series of novel terpsichorean feats.

Next came C. W. Littlefield in some realistic imitations of birds and beasts and a laughable song purporting to be the performance of a child of 6 and another selection supposed to be given by the same child 20 years later. A sketch in which Wilson Franklin and company did their best to inject life into some rather labored humor came next. Mlle. Berthe gave a number of pleasing violin selections, showing skill and feeling.

Collins and Hart, they of the bulging muscles, drew great applause, the display of strength and a number of bizarre feats being one of the hits of the evening. A bright and versatile dancing turn was given by Genaro and Bailey. "Our Honey-moon," a jolly farce, gave John C. Rice and Sallie Cohen opportunity to display their characteristic humor. The skit emphasizes the wisdom of always telling the truth, even to your wife.

Advanced fashions in con songs was the offering of Sophie Tucker, her deep voice and swaggar being peculiarly adapted to this class of melody. The bill was concluded by Myrma, who gracefully plunged into a mountain lake in varied ways. There wasn't a dry moment in her act. The moving pictures with new subjects closed the evening of enjoyment.

Colonial—"The Third Degree."

With Miss Helen Ware still in her striking impersonation of the young wife, Charles Klein's drama, "The Third Degree," began a limited engagement Monday evening at the Colonial theater. The cast:

Richard Brewster.....James Seelye
Howard Jeffries.....Frazier Coulter
Howard Jeffries, Jr.....Malcolm Duncan
Captain Clinton.....Ralph Williams
Robert Underwood.....Earl Williams
Dr. Bernstein.....Walter Craven
Mr. Jones.....William Herbert
Mr. Bennington.....William Herbert
Det. Sergt. Muloney.....Edward Lehay
Annie Jeffries.....Helen Ware
Mrs. Howard Jeffries.....Lida McMillan

"The Third Degree" has technical features that call for admiration—notably that the entire plot is laid bare in a few moments after beginning and interest is sustained throughout four acts by development. This in spite of the fact that it is easy to point out the impossible nature of the play, the often stereotyped characterization and the numerous structural details that fail to convince. The play, however, in this case is not the thing, as it was thoroughly analyzed upon its last run here. The play has proved generally popular, which is one much sought standard of dramatic success.

The parts were taken adequately and in some cases admirably. Mr. Delmore's heavy villain is finished and strong. He would be in peril in France, Mr. Seelye is a Boston favorite and Frazier Coulter conveyed the iciness and decorum of the absurdly self righteous and self important elder Jeffries through every pore. Miss Lida McMillan did well with her unsympathetic role.

But the fine act of Miss Helen Ware dominated the stage at every moment of her appearance. It exhibited itself not only in her perfect assumption of the uncouth but plucky young wife, never for a moment failing in voice, gesture or walk to convey the impression of a youth devoid of advantages; but also in her strength and repose in heavy scenes; and finally in comely work of the finest sort wherein a ripple of laughter was constantly evoked without any sign of mechanism or working up of points. Her hesitation at unfamiliar words in reading the letter was a delight in its spontaneous naturalness.

Plays That Held Over.

David Belasco's fine hand is seen throughout the performance of "The Fighting Hope," in which Miss Blanche Bates is appearing at the Shubert for the last week of her engagement. The massive stage settings, all in perfect taste, and the smoothness of the performance are admirable. Of the cast after the vivid impersonation of the young wife fighting for her happiness and her children by Miss Bates commendation must go to the performance of a cynical man of business by John Gope.

In "The Man who Owns Broadway," in which Raymond Hitchcock is appearing at the Tremont theater, George M. Cohan has again proved his ability to write a play that pleases large numbers of playgoers. Whatever may be thought of the quality of the materials used, there can be no question as to the effectiveness of such materials as they are put together by the bright Mr. Cohan. The music is tuneful and the company is lively.

"The Man from Home," with William Hodge in the title role, on Monday evening entered upon the fifteenth week of its run at the Park theater. The scene of the play is a delight to the eye, for it is laid in one of the most fascinating places in Italy, Sorrento. Here the hoosier-lawyer finds his pretty ward in the coils of some fortune hunting Europeans, and manages to rescue her after several exciting adventures. The play is admirably cast.

Majestic—"The White Sister."

Lovers of the finest in dramatic art have an opportunity of witnessing Viola Allen and an exceptional company in "The White Sister" at the Majestic theater for the next two weeks and it is to be deplored that more did not take advantage of the unusual opportunity Monday evening when Miss Allen and her company opened a return engagement of two weeks here.

While commendable mention of each of the cast could well be made, it was Miss Allen, the old favorite James O'Neil, and William Farnum to whom exceptional credit is due.

The piece is one which is filled with rare chances for fine acting and neither of the three mentioned lost an opportunity to display their art. The piece is also filled with opportunities for overdoing "business," but in no one instance did the members of the cast allow themselves to overstep, a circumstance which was particularly notable and pleasing.

Throughout the piece Miss Allen's role of Sister Giovanna, "The White Sister," thrust her into soul stirring circumstances in which she acquitted herself most admirably and won several curtain calls after every act.

As Monsignore Saracinesca James O'Neil had none of the vigorous lines of his old Count of Monte Cristo, but still there were thrilling scenes in which he was able to display his excellent qualities.

In the role of Capt. Giovanni Severi William Farnum was given an unusual opportunity to cooperate with Miss Allen in the culminating scenes of each act, as well as in extended dialogue throughout, and his efforts count greatly in the success of the production.

The cast:
Monsignore Saracinesca.....James O'Neil
Capt. Giovanni Severi.....William Farnum
Lieut. Ugo Severi.....Dwight Dana
Dr. Pieri.....Edwin Barbour
Lieut. Basil.....Richie Ling
Bresca.....Joseph Carducci
Countess Chiamonte.....Minna Gale
Mme. Bernard.....Fanny Addison Pitt
Portress.....Belle Chippendale Warner
Sister Giovanna.....Miss Allen

Castle Square—"Raffles."

An unqualified success is to be marked down for the production of the Hornung Presbury drama "Raffles" at the Castle Square theater this week. "Raffles" is one of the best of the ever popular detective-thief plays rivaling in general interest even those ingenious and thrilling "Jim the Penman" and the more recent "Sherlock Holmes." The average theatergoer likes nothing better than to hang breathlessly on the edge of his seat and watch the duel of wits between the "masterly lawbreaker" and the "greatest of detectives."

Mr. Craig made Raffles a man of refined feeling, one who looked every inch his reputation as a champion athlete, politely witty in general company, tender in love, brave in danger, altogether admirable. When at the end he hands over the Melrose diamonds to their owner, and having won a wager from Redwood gives that great detective the slip, we of the audience sigh with the admiring Redwood, "Well, I'm glad of it."

Redwood was played with fine precision by Donald Meek. The drawl, the restless all-seeing eyes, that belie the nonchalant manner, were strikingly portrayed. The makeup, too, was another interesting addition to Mr. Meek's thoms and faces.

Miss Mary Young has little to do but be passively charming and womanly, and she does that successfully of course. An old rose gown with gray furs and picture hat in black and white had a breath-taking effect on the ladies in the audience. Wilfred Young has scarcely ever appeared to better advantage than as the faithful, unlucky, but good-hearted Bunny. Mr. Hassell as a brutal burglar, Sadie Tarrane as ingenious Ethel, Walter Walker as Lord Amersteth, Miss Colcord as Lady Melrose, and Miss Binley as the snaky Mrs. Vidal were all pleasing. The small parts were all well taken. The production is surprisingly complete, and the stage business has been worked out to the smallest detail of the Kyrie Bellaw performance.

Keith's.

Miss Gertrude Hoffman is the star attraction at Keith's this week, appearing in an elaborate review that requires an hour in presentation. In the course of the piece she gives imitations of Eddie Foy, Ethel Barrymore, George M. Cohan, Eva Tanguay, Ruth St. Denis, Anna Held, Isadora Duncan, Harry Lauder, Valeska Suratt, Alice Lloyd, Harry Watson, Jr., Annette Kellermann and Eddie Leonard.

Miss Hoffman's versatility is remarkable, and she succeeds in being, as it were, a moving photograph of the mannerisms and personality of those whom she imitates. Miss Hoffman is assisted by a numerous and lively company, and has given an elaborate setting to the various scenes shown.

Among the others who appeared were the four Holloways in feats upon the wire, who showed their skill as acrobats and cyclists as well. The feminine member of the troupe was especially daring and graceful. Jarrow proved a prestidigitator of unusual skill and a good comedian as well.

Haines and Videoq amused with their familiar nonsense. An interesting musical and dramatic sketch called "The Turn of the Tide" proved pleasing as presented by Madden and Fitzpatrick. As a singing comedienne Miss Ila Granman entertained her hearers, and there were acrobatics of the first class by the Bennett trio.

Everyone Has Valuables

You may have no stocks or bonds, but you surely have other things of intrinsic value, the loss of which would mean much to you.

Your insurance policies, contracts, leases, deeds, mortgages, receipts and jewelry are not safe in your home or in an office safe. Absolute security is to be obtained only in a modern safe deposit vault.

We have at each of our offices thoroughly modern vaults for the storage of securities or valuables, and comfortable private rooms for their examination, or for consultations or writing.

The freedom from anxiety is worth many times the cost of a safe deposit box.

Old Colony Trust Company

COURT STREET

TEMPLE PLACE

Globe—Hanlon's "Superba."

The art of creating laughter by means of trick scenery on the stage has reached a high state of development in the spectacular pantomime of Hanlon's "New Superba," now being produced at the Globe theater. Furniture usually impossible cavorts about, chairs and tables perform queer antics, seemingly solid rocks develop strange porousness, walls are very accommodating, and animals and human arms appear in unexpected places.

Amid this changing scenery, a clown called Pico, the part taken by Fred Hanlon, who is the chief creator of laughter, has a varied experience. He understands nothing but what he gets, coming to him seemingly from nowhere, occasion quite a puzzle to him and much amusement to the audience.

The scenes are tied together by a thread of a love affair, but the thread in places becomes so thin that it almost disappears. The love affair is not intended to make the show, so little need he said about it. It brings in an element of the supernatural to give a setting to some of the other things that happen. The pantomime before the mirror, all of which at least does not produce an image in the mirror, for the seeming image walks out on the stage, was an interesting scene. The performance closes with three tableaux, showing the greatness of "Old Glory."

Grand Opera House—"Monte Cristo."

"Monte Cristo" opened at the Grand Opera house last evening with Frederick Eckhart in the title role, supported by a good company. Mr. Eckhart was very popular and pleasing all through the play; as the young sailor, happy on his return to Marseilles and to his love Mercedes; as the prisoner in the dungeon of the Chateau d'If, his acting was strong and the dramatic points were well brought out. As the Abbe Busoni he was kind and ecclesiastical; and as the Count de Monte Cristo he portrayed the perfect gentleman, kind yet firm in his resolve.

W. P. Nunn in the character of Cadrouches did some clever work, and Miss Gretchen Sherman took the part of Mercedes in a commendable manner. The scenic effects, with the exception of the up-to-date mission furniture in a French palace, were all that one could wish for, the Dunrogo scene and the roadhouse being especially effective.

Altogether this old story by Alexander Dumas is presented in a realistic manner and holds the interest of the audience equal to many new productions.

Ibsen's "John Gabriel Borkman" has been produced with success in Japan.

SCHOOL REFORM FOR MINNEAPOLIS

MINNEAPOLIS—The local commercial club has recommended the establishment in the Minneapolis school system of an intermediate school between the high school and the grade schools, beginning in the seventh and ending with the ninth grade. One course would teach practical hand work and train intensively in practical branches, while the other would prepare for the high school. Figures show that 1000 pupils drop out of school each year during or at the end of the eighth grade and another 1000 during ninth grade work. The object of the proposed change is to hold these students in school through the ninth grade and give them a more valuable training for practical affairs, if they must leave school.

REICHSTAG TAKES UP TAX MEASURE

BERLIN—On the reassembly of the Reichstag today the government will submit a measure providing for the taxation of the unearned increment of land. The government will take for imperial uses 6 per cent of the taxes derived by the municipalities from unearned increment. This, it is expected, will yield \$7,500,000.

The municipalities are now collecting about \$125,000,000 from the unearned increment annually. The government will make no move in the direction of taxing increases in the value of stocks and bonds.

SHRINERS IN NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS—With the arrival Sunday of a score of patriots the number of Nobles of the Mystic Shrine who are attending the annual convocation of the imperial council, was swelled to more than 6500. The first session of the imperial council will be held today. Rochester and Milwaukee are the principal candidates for the imperial convocation next year.

LINCOLN, NEB., VOTES "DRY."

LINCOLN, Neb.—After the liveliest fight ever known in this city, Lincoln voted dry Monday by 1000 majority. Last year the city went dry by 365 votes, due to the campaigning by the women of the churches.

BUTTER PRICE DOWN AGAIN.

ELGIN, Ill.—The price of butter, fixed at 32 cents a pound by the quotation committee of the Elgin Board of Trade, was later forced down to 31 cents Monday by the voting, it is said, of 15 Chicago commission men, all members of the board, who went to Elgin to protest against the 32-cent rate.

Two Hundred Young Women Wanted

in Fine Stationery manufacturing plant, either as learners or experienced operators. Steady and pleasant employment at good wages in a clean, light and well ventilated factory. Arrangements will be made for good boarding places at a reasonable price. Learners can more than pay expenses from the start.

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Write to Superintendent for fuller particulars.

Cleanliness Second Law
being the S of Nature
its fulfillment is best effected by
using the purest dentifrice

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder

has for 43 years demonstrated
the Very Essence of Cleanliness
and to the refined is always

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ORIENTAL RUGS
GOOD VALUES ALL THE TIME.
MAY WE SHOW YOU?
Charge accounts solicited. Men-
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WALTER M. HATCH & CO.
42 and 44 Summer St.

BACK BAY BRANCH
State Street Trust Co.
130 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE

Accounts Solicited.
Second Hand W. B. Clarke Co.
Books Bought 26 and 28 Tremont St.

Financial, Commercial and Industrial News of the World

MORE BUOYANCY DISPLAYED BY STOCK MARKET

Better Tone Prevails Among Traders and Short Interest Forced to Cover—Steel Is Again Quite Active.

COPPERS IRREGULAR

Continuing the upward movement in progress when the New York market closed last night, stocks opened nearly on a level with last night's closing and during the forenoon held well the gain. Some made good advances over the opening prices during the first hour.

That there is a decidedly better feeling among financiers than existed for some weeks past and that the rearguard ordered in the Standard Oil and American Tobacco cases had much to do with it cannot be denied. It is also quite safe to say that shorts covering has done much to move stocks to a higher level.

It has been evident for some time that the short interest was large and that the technical position of the market was strong. One day's trading will not reverse these conditions, although it may be assumed that a large part of the buying has been to cover shorts, and that the larger interests will take profits on an advancing market.

There are many who believe that we shall have the usual spring advance unless the money question becomes troublesome. The call loaning rate has not advanced sufficiently to cause any alarm as yet, but the rate for time loans has been stiffening and indicates the feeling of bankers that we shall experience a higher money market from now on. Lending direct by interior institutions will relieve the New York banks and help to keep down the call rate, but much depends on the extent of the foreign demand for gold.

There is no sign as yet that the Bank of England has secured all the gold it wants and bankers are of the opinion that we shall lose another \$10,000,000, but if the demand should stop there it is not likely that money rates would go high enough to trouble. At the worst money is not expected to interfere with the speculation for some weeks to come, owing to the flow of funds from the interior into New York.

United States Steel was particularly active today. It had a net gain of 3 1/2 points yesterday. It opened unchanged at 85 1/2, crossed 86, reacted to 85 1/2 and again advanced, selling well above 86. Pennsylvania came into prominence. It opened off 1/4 at 136 1/2, and then made a good fractional advance during the first sales.

American Telephone & Telegraph was in better demand. Its net gain yesterday was 1 1/2 points. It opened up 1/4 this morning at 136 1/2 and rose over a point during the first part of the session.

Amalgamated Copper was off a point at the opening at 75 and held around that figure. American Smelting was fractionally lower. Central Leather opened up 1/2 at 42 1/2 and reacted to 41 1/2 before midday.

The local market was stronger and more active than it has been for some time past. Arizona Commercial opened unchanged at 15 1/2 and advanced to 17 before reacting. Delay in financing the Arizona Commercial Company has been due to expectations that the seventh level would end the leached ore zone and give the company a full and rich tonnage for its new smelter. The directors have now determined to wait no longer, but immediately to put the house in order. To this end arrangements are being made to underwrite, for a 5 per cent commission, \$1,000,000 of 6 per cent bonds at 95, convertible into stock at 20. President Amster wanted the issue at 100 and convertible at 25 as before, but the directors finally decided yesterday afternoon to make it attractive to the stockholders and insure its immediate success.

Oscoda opened off 1/2 at 137 1/2, advanced to 140 and then sagged off about a point. Superior opened up 1/4 at 46 1/2, but soon lost most of the gain. Lake Copper opened unchanged at 54 1/2, sold up to 55 1/2 and then declined under the opening figure. North Lake was off 1/4 at the opening at 15 1/2. It advanced 2 points and they lost about half its gain.

Weather Predictions

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU PREDICTION FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY: Fair and cooler tonight; Wednesday fair, continued cool; light to moderate northerly winds.

WASHINGTON: The U. S. weather bureau predicts weather today as follows for New England: Fair, cooler tonight, with frost; Wednesday fair; light to moderate northerly winds.

TEMPERATURE TODAY.

8 a. m. 44; 12 noon 52; 2 p. m. 56; 8 p. m. 52. Average temperature yesterday, 45.1-12.

IN OTHER CITIES.

Montreal 48; St. Louis 48; New York 48; Chicago 48; Washington 48; St. Paul 48; Kansas City 48; Omaha 48; Denver 48; Salt Lake City 48; Portland, Ore. 48.

ALMANAC FOR TOMORROW. Sun rises 5:58; Moon rises 11:22 a. m. Sun sets 6:22; High water, Length of day 12:15; 1:35 a. m., 2:55 p. m.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—Following are the opening, high, low and last sales of the principal active stocks to 2:30 p. m.:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last
Allis-Chalmers	10 1/2	10 5/8	10 1/4	10 1/2
Allis-Chalmers	38 1/2	39 1/4	38 1/2	38 1/2
Amalgamated	75	75 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2
Am Beet Sugar	38 1/2	38 3/4	38 1/2	38 1/2
Am Can	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Am Can pf	76	76 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2
Am Car & Found	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
Am C & P	115 1/2	115 1/2	115 1/2	115 1/2
Am Cotton Oil	67 1/2	67 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2
Am H & L pf	37 1/2	38	37 1/2	37 1/2
Am Ice	27	27 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Am Lumber Oil pf	38	38	38	38
Am Locomotive	52 1/2	52 1/2	52	52 1/2
Am Mail	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2
Am Mail pf	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
Am Smelt & R	106	106	106	106
Am S & R pf	106	106	106	106
Am Smelt Sec B	87 1/2	87 1/2	87	87 1/2
Am Sugar	123	123 1/2	123	123
Am Tel & Tel	137 1/2	137 1/2	137	137 1/2
Am Woolen	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2
Am Woolen pf	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Am Woolen pf	70	70	70	70
Atchafalpa	46	46	45 1/2	45 1/2
Atchafalpa	114	114 1/2	113	113
Atchafalpa	103	103	103	103
Atchafalpa	130	130	130	130
Balt & Ohio pf	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2
Atchafalpa	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Brooklyn Ry	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2
Canadian Pacific	183	183 1/2	182 1/2	182 1/2
Central Leather	42 1/2	42 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2
Central Leather pf	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Chesapeake & Ohio	86 1/2	86 1/2	86	86
Chesapeake & Ohio	51	51	51	51
Chesapeake & Ohio	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Chesapeake & Ohio	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2
Chesapeake & Ohio	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
Chesapeake & Ohio	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
Chesapeake & Ohio	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2
Chesapeake & Ohio	143 1/2	143 1/2	143	143
Corn Products	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Corn Products pf	78	78 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
Del & Hudson	173 1/2	173 1/2	172 1/2	172 1/2
Del & Hudson	41	41	41	41
Del & Hudson	30	30 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
Del & Hudson	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
Gen Chemical	104	104	104	104
Gen Chemical	151	152	151	152
Gen Northern	136 1/2	136 1/2	136 1/2	136 1/2
Gen Northern	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2
Gen Northern	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2
Gen Northern	120 1/2	120 1/2	120 1/2	120 1/2
Gen Northern	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Gen Northern	58	58 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2
Gen Northern	93 1/2	94 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2
Gen Northern	123	123 1/2	123	123 1/2
Gen Northern	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2
Gen Northern	46 1/2	46 1/2	46 1/2	46 1/2
Gen Northern	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Gen Northern	43	43 1/2	43	43 1/2
Gen Northern	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2
Gen Northern	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2
Gen Northern	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2
Gen Northern	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Gen Northern	150 1/2	150 1/2	150 1/2	150 1/2
Gen Northern	77	77	77	77
Gen Northern	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Gen Northern	69 1/2	69 1/2	69 1/2	69 1/2
Gen Northern	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Gen Northern	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2
Gen Northern	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
Gen Northern	103	103	103	103
Gen Northern	122 1/2	122 1/2	122 1/2	122 1/2
Gen Northern	59	59	59	59
Gen Northern	85 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/2
Gen Northern	156	156 1/2	155 1/2	155 1/2
Gen Northern	104	104	103 1/2	103 1/2
Gen Northern	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
Gen Northern	133 1/2	133 1/2	133 1/2	133 1/2
Gen Northern	154 1/2	154 1/2	153 1/2	153 1/2
Gen Northern	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
Gen Northern	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
Gen Northern	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2
Gen Northern	136 1/2	136 1/2	136 1/2	136 1/2
Gen Northern	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
Gen Northern	21 1/2	21 1/2	21 1/2	21 1/2
Gen Northern	103	103	102	102
Gen Northern	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
Gen Northern	191 1/2	191 1/2	191 1/2	191 1/2
Gen Northern	42	42	42	42
Gen Northern	167 1/2	167 1/2	167 1/2	167 1/2
Gen Northern	32	32	32	32
Gen Northern	38	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2
Gen Northern	101	101	100 1/2	100 1/2
Gen Northern	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2
Gen Northern	163 1/2	163 1/2	163 1/2	163 1/2
Gen Northern	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2
Gen Northern	28	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
Gen Northern	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2
Gen Northern	73 1/2	73 1/2	73 1/2	73 1/2
Gen Northern	50	50	50	50
Gen Northern	143 1/2	143 1/2	142 1/2	142 1/2
Gen Northern	158 1/2	158 1/2	158 1/2	158 1/2
Gen Northern	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Gen Northern	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Gen Northern	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2
Gen Northern	116	116	116	116
Gen Northern	187 1/2	187 1/2	186 1/2	186 1/2
Gen Northern	24	24	24	24
Gen Northern	72 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2
Gen Northern	37	37	37	37
Gen Northern	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
Gen Northern	116 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2
Gen Northern	85 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/2
Gen Northern	122 1/2	122 1/2	121 1/2	121 1/2
Gen Northern	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2
Gen Northern	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
Gen Northern	124	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
Gen Northern	21 1/2	21 1/2	21 1/2	21 1/2
Gen Northern	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
Gen Northern	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2
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Gen Northern	67	67 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2
Gen Northern	5	5	5	5

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GOVERNMENT BONDS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last
Atchafalpa	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
Atchafalpa	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
Atchafalpa	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
Atchafalpa	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Atchafalpa	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2
Atchafalpa	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2
Atchafalpa	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2
Atchafalpa	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
Atchafalpa	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Atchafalpa	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2
Atchafalpa	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Atchafalpa	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Atchafalpa	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Atchafalpa	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Atchafalpa	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2
Atchafalpa	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Atchafalpa	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
Atchafalpa	71 1/2	71 1/2	71 1/2	71 1/2

REPORT SHOE TRADE IS EXCELLENT IN ALL PARTS OF COUNTRY

Outlook for Prosperous Future Considered Good by Experts Who Appeal for Cooperation of Labor.

HINT ON NEW STYLE

A peculiar feature in connection with the shoe business this spring is embraced in the fact that while the wholesale houses throughout the country report a very satisfactory trade, the factories have not been pushed to their full capacity with of course the usual exceptions, which are always noticeable in all industries.

This was quite apparent in a recent visit to the great shoe city of Lynn. It was found that there was a tendency to complain, then again, one was awakened into the thought that business was at high watermark, and that difficulty might be experienced in getting through belated orders in time to escape countermeasures.

It is said that the cutting room of a shoe factory is an indicator of what the order book contains, and knowing the truth of that statement one is inclined to take notice passing through the factories, and the observation showed that in some, every cutting board was in use, while others varied from one quarter to one half in use.

In conversation with several of the manufacturers it was found that they are considerably annoyed over the too frequent changing of the price list. This has been a contention which the manufacturer has tried to handle to the satisfaction of both the workman and himself, but the unstable and changeable manufacturers it was found that they are character of the shoe worker, coupled factor in constant doubt as to whether the scale of prices mutually agreed upon will remain undisturbed until the season's run is completed.

This is regrettable, as it would prove to the advantage of all workers if the captains of industry who so largely influence and shape the course of the workman would faithfully adhere to agreements mutually understood, and under no condition lent

SHIPPING NEWS

Atlantic and P

Steamship Movements at a Glance.

autonic, for New York	April 27	CL
aiser Wilhelm der II., for N Y...	April 27	AM
t. Louis, for New York	April 30	AL
Sailings from London.		
innetonka, for New York	April 16	W
innehaha, for New York	April 23	—
innewaska, for New York	April 30	—

Str Bethania (Ger), Hamburg via Baltimore; Ivernia (Br), Liverpool via

na, for China and Japan, via Honolulu and Manila.....	April 19
neburia, for China and Japan, via Honolulu and Manila.....	April 26
rine, for Honolulu.....	April 27
riposa, for Tahiti.....	April 27
Sailings from Seattle.	
mba Maru, for China and Japan, via Honolulu and Manila.....	April 26

Meda, for Vancouver.....	April 26	t
Meda, for San Francisco.....	April 27	
Meda, for San Francisco..	April 27	t
Carrying U. S. mail.		

R. has put in here in distress. (The Boston agents have received a cablegram from Captain Bunker stating that the vessel is all right, but requesting that mate be sent to him).

LEWES, Del.—The keeper of the As-

CHARLESTON, S C, April 9--Sld, sch
sie H Davidson, New London. Arrd,

GIBRALTAR, April 10 — Arrd, str

Fruit Sale Monday.
California navel oranges \$1.40@3.55

Boston Receipts of Poultry.
Today 2872 pkgs, last year 876 pkgs,
(64 pkgs for export).

potatoes—Green Mountain, per 2-bu	10
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4ca; storage packet firsts, seller
 April, 22½ca, 22cb; No. 1 dirties, seller
 April, 18ca; No. 1 dirties, seller the
 week, 20ca, free delivery, 19½cb; north-
 ern Indiana firsts, seller the week,
 4ca, 22cb; car storage packet firsts,

strong belief that the directors will find their way clear to declare an extraordinary dividend on the common stock after the close of the fiscal year June 30. The probability of a disbursement certainly will not be less than 2 per cent and it may be

by the same as the American slaves
R. 5

for £1,000,000 or \$125,000,000 under which the

lengthening of the collateral underlying the collateral $4\frac{1}{2}$ in this direction. Nevertheless, all things considered, the funds are well secured so far as assets are concerned: what makes them sell at

the bond interest not met by \$2,686, but it was impossible to make any

Union	25.0	25.2	28.7
Webster & Atlas	25.7	25.0	27.5
Winthrop	26.7	26.3	27.5
Average	25.8	25.3	28.4

Average legal reserve is .5 per cent higher than a week ago, while average actual reserve is 1.1 per cent lower than

ectors; it is an absolutely imperative charge, which, not being met in one year, must be doubly accounted for in the next. It is probable, therefore, that the company's deficit will be shown in the next annual report to have been further in-

Those wishing to use this page for a Free Advertisement must write their advertisement on the blank on page 2.

Classified Advertisements

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN ON THIS PAGE TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

The advertisements upon this page are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

BOSTON AND N. E.

BOSTON AND N. E.

BOSTON AND N. E.

BOSTON AND N. E.

EASTERN STATES

CENTRAL STATES

Leave your Free Want Ads. with the following newspaper. They will send them to this office.

BOSTON.
Herald, 100 State st.
Globe, 250 Washington st.
Herald, 100 State st.
Globe, 250 Washington st.
Herald, 100 State st.
Globe, 250 Washington st.

EAST BOSTON.
Herald, 100 State st.
Globe, 250 Washington st.
Herald, 100 State st.
Globe, 250 Washington st.

ROXBURY.
Herald, 100 State st.
Globe, 250 Washington st.
Herald, 100 State st.
Globe, 250 Washington st.

CHARLESTOWN.
Herald, 100 State st.
Globe, 250 Washington st.
Herald, 100 State st.
Globe, 250 Washington st.

BROOKLINE.
Herald, 100 State st.
Globe, 250 Washington st.
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Globe, 250 Washington st.

LYNN.
Herald, 100 State st.
Globe, 250 Washington st.
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SALEM.
Herald, 100 State st.
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ANDOVER.
Herald, 100 State st.
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LOWELL.
Herald, 100 State st.
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MAINE.
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VERMONT.
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NEW HAMPSHIRE.
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MASSACHUSETTS.
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CONNECTICUT.
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NEW YORK.
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PENNSYLVANIA.
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DELAWARE.
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MARYLAND.
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VIRGINIA.
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NORTH CAROLINA.
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SOUTH CAROLINA.
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MISSISSIPPI.
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LOUISIANA.
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ARKANSAS.
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KENTUCKY.
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TENNESSEE.
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MISSOURI.
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ILLINOIS.
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INDIANA.
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OHIO.
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Herald, 100 State st.
Globe, 250 Washington st.

PENNSYLVANIA.
Herald, 100 State st.
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Herald, 100 State st.
Globe, 250 Washington st.

HELP WANTED—MALE

ACTIVE INVESTMENT SALESMAN wanted to sell real estate in Boston and vicinity. Must be experienced and have good references. Salary and commission. Address: 100 State st., Boston.

ALTERATION ROOM HANDS on coats, suits and gowns wanted; long season for competent persons. Apply to SUPERINTENDENT, James A. Houston Co., Boston.

APRENTICE picture frame factory, 450 Franklin st., Boston. Call FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

APRON AND BELT CUTTER, city; \$9-\$10 week. Call FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

ASSISTANT JANITOR wanted in Cambridge; single man preferred; must be experienced and have good references. Address: 100 State st., Boston.

BELL BOY wanted for hotel; car fare from city. BROOKLINE VILLAGE EMP. & REF. ASSN., 129 Washington st., Brookline, Mass.

BELL BOY wanted for hotel; car fare from city. BROOKLINE VILLAGE EMP. & REF. ASSN., 129 Washington st., Brookline, Mass.

BOILER MAKER wanted; experienced and references required; come ready to work. J. W. WHITE'S ENGINEERING AGENCY, 432 Main st., Springfield, Mass.

BOY wanted for the PUTIN LINO-TYPE, 152 Purchase st., Boston.

BOY wanted, Protestant, for wholesale shoe house; \$8 start. BROOKLINE VILLAGE EMP. & REF. ASSN., 129 Washington st., Brookline, Mass.

BOY general work, \$5. FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

BOY in shipping room, wholesale millinery, \$4-\$5. FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

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HELP WANTED—MALE

FLOOR MANAGERS—Henry Siegel Company require experienced floor managers; good salaries and permanent positions. Superintendents' office at 8:30 a. m. 10 FERRIS ST., Boston.

GENERAL WORK, Roxbury, 3 rooms and bath, and \$30 mo. Call FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

HARDWARE SALESMAN—Henry Siegel Company require an experienced hardware salesman. Apply Superintendents' office 8:30 a. m.

JANITOR, Sanford, Me., \$10 mo. b. & r. Call FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

JOB COMPOSITOR desired; must be experienced and have good references. Address: 100 State st., Boston.

JOB PRESS FEEDER, city; \$9 week. Call FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

LATHE HANDS and boring mill hands wanted at once; come ready to work. J. W. WHITE'S ENGINEERING AGENCY, 432 Main st., Springfield, Mass.

MACHINE HANDS, city. Call skilled dept. FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

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HELP WANTED—MALE

YOUNG MEN with mechanical ability wanted, experienced machinists and tool-makers, automatic and hand turret machine operators. BOSTON GEAR WORKS, Norfolk Downs, Mass.

ALTERATION HANDS on ladies' suits and dresses; only those thoroughly experienced on high-class work need apply. 8 to 9 a. m. to Mr. ROBERTSON, THRESHOLD BROS., the Specialty Silk Store, 46 Temple pl., Boston.

ALTERATION WOMEN wanted at once; first-class alteration hands, to work on ladies' coats; permanent positions for experienced workers. Apply to Mr. MARTELL, 5 Summer st., before 10 or after 4 o'clock. A. SHUMAN & CO.

ALTERATION WOMEN wanted for coats and skirts. TIMOTHY SMITH, 224-87 Washington st., Roxbury, Mass.

ALTERATION ROOM HANDS wanted on coats, skirts and gowns; long season for competent persons. Apply to SUPERINTENDENT, James A. Houston Co., Boston.

ASST. VEGETABLE COOK wanted at once; \$20 month. BROOKLINE VILLAGE EMP. & REF. ASSN., 129 Washington st., Brookline, Mass.

ASST. VEGETABLE COOK wanted; \$20 month. BROOKLINE VILLAGE EMP. & REF. ASSN., 129 Washington st., Brookline, Mass.

CHAMBER, WAITRESS AND KITCHEN wanted; experienced and references required. Apply to hotel in N. H. Call 129 Washington st., Brookline, Mass.

COOKS, hotel, Rye Beach, N. H. Prot. \$20, r. & b. Call FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

COOK, hotel, Boston, American Prot. \$20, r. & b. Call FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

COOK wanted in family of 6; must be experienced and have good references. Address: 100 State st., Boston.

COOK wanted; must be good and experienced. Apply to Mr. MARTELL, 5 Summer st., before 10 or after 4 o'clock. A. SHUMAN & CO.

COMPOSITOR desired at once; must be experienced and have good references. Address: 100 State st., Boston.

DRESSMAKER wanted, first-class, to sew straw bonnets. \$3 per week. Call FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

EXPERIENCED WAITRESSES and CHAMBERMAIDS wanted at once; city references and experience. BROOKLINE VILLAGE EMP. & REF. ASSN., 129 Washington st., Brookline, Mass.

EXPERIENCED ALTERATION WORKERS on coats, skirts and gowns; good salary and permanent positions. Apply to J. W. WHITE'S ENGINEERING AGENCY, 432 Main st., Springfield, Mass.

MILL HAND, Franklin; 20c-25c hour. Call skilled dept. FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

OPERATOR wanted, Cleveland automatic screw machine operator experienced on Norwalk. BOSTON GEAR WORKS, Norfolk Downs, Mass.

ORDER COOK, city, \$6 week and b. Call FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER, South Boston; \$25 day. Call skilled dept. FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

PAPER HANGERS, must be thoroughly experienced and competent. Apply at Wall Street, Boston.

PICTURE FRAME MAKER, city. Call skilled dept. FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

PLUMBERS wanted, first class; steady work for the right man; open shop. JOHN P. CARRON, 25 Essex st., Salem, Mass.

PRESS FEEDER, city; \$6 week. Call skilled dept. FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

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PRESS FEEDER, city; \$6 week. Call skilled dept. FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

TWO HUNDRED YOUNG WOMEN wanted. In Fine Stationery manufacturing plant, either as learners or experienced operators. Steady and pleasant employment at good wages in clean, light and well ventilated factory. Arrangements will be made for good boarding places at a reasonable price. Mothers can more than pay expenses from the start.

EATON, CRANE & PIKE CO.
PITTSFIELD, MASS.
Write to Superintendent for fuller particulars.

MILINERY GIRLS wanted. Protestant, to sew straw bonnets. \$3 per week. MAXWELL & HAT SHOP, 59 Temple pl., Boston.

MOTHER'S HELPER wanted to look after children. Mrs. E. T. WHITNEY, 10 Shepley st., Dorchester, Mass.

MOTHER'S HELPER wanted; must be experienced and have good references. Address: 100 State st., Boston.

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MOTHER'S HELPER wanted; must be experienced and have good references. Address: 100 State st

THE HOME FORUM

The Function of the University

The gist of the university is that it should be a community, with all the wonderful advantages which that word conveys. I do not believe, unless the students of the university are kept together, that they can get the atmospheric advantage of the community.

If the students, after they leave the lecture and class rooms of the university, can at once go out into the streets of a great city and become drifting and separate integral parts of urban life, they are not getting the benefit of a university. They are simply going to a day-school. It is my firm conviction that the real effects of a university are wrought between the hours of 6 p. m. and 9 a. m.

There has been a tendency in recent years to the belief that the university should cover the whole field of learning, from handicrafts to abstract schools of philosophy. To do that it would be necessary to resort to the principle of average, and this is not for the really great university, for the function of the university is, as much as anything else, to lift men. It is giving a man the capacity to look above the smoke and dust of his particular occupation in life and get a broad view of the world.

So the function of the universities of the United States is the service of the nation, the preparation of specialized minds, not in the sense of being narrowed, but in the sense of being tempered for hard and delicate work.—President Woodrow Wilson.

Whistler Exhibition

Whistler's portrait of his mother, called "Arrangement in Gray and Black," which it is said the Metropolitan Museum could have had for \$2250 and which was purchased by the French government and is now in the Luxembourg, would bring considerably over \$100,000 if it were put on sale. Next to the Freer collection in Detroit the most important single Whistler collection is that belonging to Richard Canfield and from both of these many examples are shown at the present New York exhibition.—Exchange.

Every man owes it as a sacred duty to his mind to start a little library of his own.—Henry Drummond.

The Christian Science Monitor

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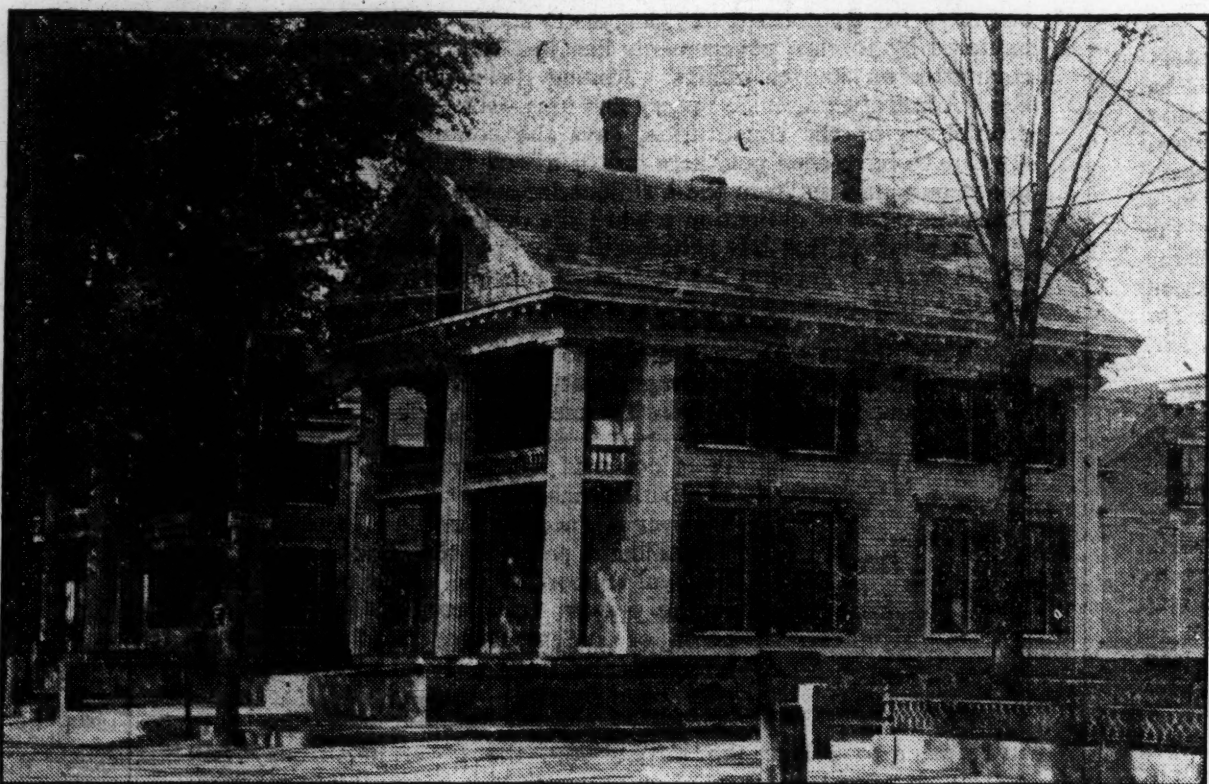
The Progress of Art in America

The advent of William M. Chase marked the beginning of a radical change in American art. Chase, more than any other painter, has been chiefly instrumental in enlarging the horizon, in infusing a cosmopolitan note into that dreary and narrow provincialism which characterized the art life of this country in the late 70s, when he made his triumphant return from Munich. Even in those days there were not wanting those who looked upon art with a certain Puritanical prejudice. Beauty was still regarded by many as an attribute of evil, and the only art that flourished and was accepted was made to point a moral or adorn a tale. And the superior few to whom morals were nothing lightly regarded all native art with a patronizing condescension that drove the ablest talents abroad from whence they could send back their canvases with the magic word Paris, Rome or Munich affixed to their signature, and "Made in Germany" became the open sesame that secured an American painter admission into an American collection. The Dusseldorf school of painting was in the ascendant and American art was in its nadir. "Breaking Home Ties" and "Can't 'oo Talk," the latter representing a little child addressing a large, puzzled looking Newfoundland dog, were the supreme and much applauded masterpieces of the period.—Metropolitan Magazine.

A book may be popular and yet be rarely read. I suppose "Don Quixote" would be described as a popular book—as one of the most popular, perhaps; and I wonder how many people of average culture could pass a "surprise" examination in the history of the Knight and the Squire.—London Globe.

Mrs. Eddy's Home for Three Years

In this quiet Concord (N. H.) house the Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science revised her book "Science and Health With Key to the Scriptures."



Shaded by elms that line both sides of the street, this typical New England town house stands near the New Hampshire State capitol building in Concord. To this house Mary Baker Eddy came from Boston, Mass., and lived in practical retirement from 1889 until 1892 while revising her book, "Science and Health With Key to the Scriptures." Subsequently she removed to the large estate on Pleasant street, which she named Pleasant View.

An Old Coin Better Interpreted

A very interesting contribution to the study of one of the early coins of the United States is made by a correspondent who writes that he is in possession of what is evidently a less worn example of the old copper cent recently described here (date of 1787) and explains the symbols as follows:

The word Lucio, as read before, is really Fugio (I fly) and the coiled serpent becomes a sun-dial on which most of the numerals from I to XII can be plainly seen, with the sun's rays above. The meaning of the whole with the motto seems to be "Mind your business, for time flies."

On the reverse side of the coin only 12 links are counted in the chain, though there is space of the thirteenth. The owner had at first supposed that the thirteenth had been effaced, but then remembered that Rhode Island had not come into the Union at the date of this coin. This accounts for the missing link.

A Great Temple

The great temple of Zeus Olympius at Olympia, Greece, was 354 feet long and 171 wide. The columns of this famous shrine were 60 feet in height and 6½ feet in diameter and are the largest which now remain of ancient architecture in marble. Sixteen of the wonderful columns are still standing and are among the most imposing in the world. In this temple stood the colossal statue of Zeus, 40 feet high, on a pedestal of 20. This statue was the masterpiece of Phidias, the world's greatest artist.—San Francisco Examiner.

We are more prone to complain than to redress and to excuse than excuse.—William Penn.

A Pen Picture of Speaker Cannon

Here is a point of view of Mr. Cannon which is worth presenting amid the caricature and ridicule of the hour. It is that of J. M. Chapple in the National Magazine.

Seated high in the speaker's chair, the glaring searchlight of publicity focused upon him, "Uncle Joe" Cannon has been bombarded with more abuse than any other public man during the year. You ask what "Cannonism" means, and the listener is puzzled to give a clear definition. In many instances, personal pique seems to have been the cause of the onslaught on "Uncle Joe." In the speaker's room, across the corridor of the House of Representatives, the veteran may be seen in the recesses and after adjournments of the House, the very embodiment of that energy and aggressiveness which have characterized his public career. Many times have I watched him thus or in the thick of a fight; I can think of no man in public office today who so completely enjoys the loyal and loving enthusiasm of those who really know him and his work. He is blunt and brusque, and will persist in stepping on toes that get in the way; but for 40 years he has mounted guard over public funds with an unswerving honesty and unimpeachable integrity that have commanded the respect of even his bitterest enemies.

A plain, genial, whole-souled man, taking breath between incessant interviews, with the air of one entirely at peace with his conscience. Instead of that stern, unalloyed face seen in his caricatures, one sees a pair of twinkling blue eyes, an unwrinkled face, whose smooth-shaven, broad upper lip, both humorous and Lincolnian, suggests the courage of the great President in those trying days when he was the target for undeserved abuse.

Helping Somebody

A wealthy lady once sent her new coachman to the railroad station to meet her husband. When the coachman asked, "How shall I know him?" the lady replied, "Look for a big man going about helping somebody."

Sure enough, when the coachman reached the station, he found a big man helping a lady to carry her heavy baggage to the carriage, and he at once recognized his master.—Exchange.

"RULE BRITANNIA"

THERE are only 365 days in the year, and as the history of England extends back at all events to the Anglo-Saxon Chronicle, so far as more exact information is concerned, it is not wonderful that centuries, bicentenaries, tercentenaries and every other variation of the word are becoming almost daily events. The bicentenary of the moment is that of Dr. Thomas Arne, the composer of "Rule Britannia," who was born in King street, Covent Garden, and continued to reside within the purlieus of that market. His father was an upholsterer, his school was Eton, his profession was the law, but his taste was music. Afraid that such a taste would not appeal to the parental upholsterer he visited the opera disguised as a footman and practised at night on a spinet muffled with silk handkerchiefs.

In the year 1740 Frederick, Prince of Wales, commissioned James Thomson, the author of "The Seasons" and David Mallet to write a libretto. The two poets handed over the manuscript to Arne to

The Baby

Like a tiny glint of light piercing through the dusky gloom Comes her little laughing face through the shadows of my room.

And my pen forgets its way as it hears her patting tread, While her prattling treble tones chase the thoughts from out my head.

She is queen, and I her slave—one who loves her and obeys; For she rules her world of home with imperious baby ways.

In she dances, calls me "Dear!" turns the pages of my books; Throws herself upon my knee, takes my pen with laughing looks.

Makes disorder reign supreme, turns my papers upside down; Draws me cabalistic signs, safe from fear of any frown.

Crumbles all my verses up, pleased to hear the crackling sound; Makes them into balls and then—flings them all upon the ground.

And although the thoughts return that her coming drove away, The remembrance of her laugh lingers with me through the day.

—Victor Hugo.

Some Royal Skaters

At the Italian court the roller skating craze has reached a climax. Young people meet daily in the "Sala dei Corazzieri" and practise a quadrille which is to be performed before the Queen-Mother. The young queen personally directs the rehearsals, assisted by Marchese Calabini and Marchese Giorgio Guglielmi, and two of the figures were designed by her.

The Queen is a proficient skater, but she will not take part in the quadrille. The King, who is a beginner, practises in his leisure moments. Another royal beginner is Princess Vera of Montenegro, the Queen's sister.—New York Herald's Paris Edition.

If we like a man's dream we call him a reformer; if we don't like his dream we call him a crank.—W. D. Howells.

RESOLVED

That I will be silent when I cannot speak a word of cheer.

That I will not give advice that I do not heed myself.

That I will not pass by on the other side.

That I will give what I can, when I can, to help a fellow man.

That I will preach only what I practise.

That I will look only on the bright side.

That I will not be envious.

That I will do my best.

That I will not blame others for my own mistakes.—Commoner.

GROWING SWEET PEAS

AMONG sweet pea lovers there are several well defined classes. There is the collector who aims to have a few feet of rows of every known variety, commercial as well as the private novelties of the different specialists, and who adds each year the introductions of all the growers in both this country and Europe. A collection of sweet peas has an educational value only as a basis for comparison for the student of the fluit. The connoisseur grows only the finest of each color or type and makes a critical study of each year's introduction.

in order to compare them as to relative merits. He usually grows but one or two of each color class, and drops any of them on the appearance of a new one which he thinks displaces it. This latter class of sweet pea enthusiasts has made the sweet pea what it is.

There are many written treatises on the culture of the sweet pea, some of which are fairly good, but it has taken the experience of the expert amateurs to disclose just what is the best method. The modified trench system is the most preferred. The soil should be fine and friable, well enriched the previous fall and summer, and dug in deep, for it is a fact that a well grown sweet pea vine will produce roots 18 inches long in a deep, loamy soil. The soil must have plenty of humus in it and be well drained.

There has been a great deal of discussion in the English horticultural papers as to the relative merits of wide and close planting. Some of the English seedsmen advise planting 18 inches apart, one row in a trench, while the custom among our best American growers is to plant in double rows four inches apart, and four inches apart in the row. It is quite likely that the moist climate of England requires wider planting, as tending to the growth of more vine and root than in our hot, dry summer climate. When the vines are grown up to and are attached to the supports, fill the trenches level with soil, and tread it hard and keep a straw mulch on all summer. There is no advantage in feeding during the blooming period. Give plenty of water.—Los Angeles Herald.

The Rising Tide of Back to the Land

One hundred years ago human society was essentially rural. Since then the great collective interests have developed, and the thought of the world has become largely urban. The present interest in country life is the rising of a tide. It is an unconscious expression of the sentiment lying back in the human mind that society must be neither predominantly rural or predominantly urban. We are now beginning to see that the most fertile civilization must be the result of the combination of the two great means by which human beings express themselves—as individuals and as collective or aggregate units. Country life typifies the individual self, acting unsyncretized means; city life typifies the associated consolidated and corporate means.—National Magazine.

Diamonds

The diamond is pure carbon and the hardest substance in nature. It burns in a temperature of 800 centigrade, producing carbonic acid. All diamonds are not equally hard, and there is sometimes a varying degree of hardness in different parts of a large diamond. Some diamonds glow in a dark room; some are fluorescent, appearing milky in sunlight. Diamonds are of many colors—pure white, yellow, jet black, dark brown, light cinnamon, green, blue, pink and orange, the diamonds of each mine having a distinctive character. An expert can usually tell the mine by examining the stone. Most of the diamonds of today come from the famous Kimberley and De Beers mines in South Africa.—New York American.

ACQUAINTANCE WITH GOD

MANKIND from time immemorial has been trying to obey the injunction, "Acquaint now thyself with Him and be at peace." Humanity has wished to acquaint itself with God, to know and understand Him, but has not known how to do it. For centuries we have been worshipping the unknown God that Paul spoke of on Mars hill. In thinking of God we have thought of a being possessed in a glorified but vague form of the good qualities of men. In order to obtain good for ourselves we have believed that we must get the ear of this divine being, get Him to listen to our woes, to be redeemed from sin, and sometimes, if in accordance with His will, to be freed from sickness.

Now it is evident to the student of the Gospel that Jesus knew and understood God in some way not known to others, knew Him positively and familiarly, and in a way that had its immediate effects upon the sick and the sinning, knew Him in the one right way and with scientific exactitude. Christian Science, which takes its name from this certain knowledge possessed by Jesus, unfolds and sets forth this knowledge. It shows how "Fresh pinions are given to faith and understanding, and thoughts acquaint themselves intelligently with God." (Science and Health, page 107.) It shows the way in which we may enlarge our sense of God, shows us what is

wrong in our mental attitude toward Him, teaches us the prayer which brings us near to the Father, and reveals to us our intelligent relationship to that power which creates and sustains the universe and man. Above all Christian Science explains to us what God is, shows us how narrow, shallow, indefinite, vague and intangible has been our sense of God. The Bible says that God is Love. Mrs. Eddy, in the Christian Science text-book, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," explains and elucidates what the Bible says on this subject; and when we read it we wonder why we had not seen this wonderful truth before.

We have said that God gives life, but we now find that God is Life, even as the Bible declares. Paul said, "In Him we live and move and have our being." When we understand that God is Mind, Spirit, we begin to see also why He is Life, and that He cannot be otherwise than Truth. As we cannot conceive of the Mind that is God containing anything of evil, we see why God can be said also to be good. When the conviction comes to us that God is not merely a being but Being itself the Bible definition of God, the great "I Am," dawns upon us and gradually comes to mean to us all substance, Principle and law. We see that Mind, necessarily active and expressing itself in ideas (or it would not be Mind),

must act according to Principle and through law, and that the intelligent activity according to Principle and law must mean in effect, order, harmony, perfection. We find, as a result of acquiring a true understanding of all these terms that define God that they are revealed gradually to us, as expressing in different aspects the one indivisible power and presence called God, and we finally come to a conclusion which affords us the most effective and convincing realization of the unity of being.

Now as we seek and find the true knowledge of God we let that Mind be in us which was also in Christ Jesus. In the degree to which we identify ourselves with this Mind do we become subject only to the law of perfect Mind, the law of good, the law of Love; and in that degree do we become free from the false, narrow, chilling sense of God which shuts us out from His presence. This divine idea of God, presented by Christ Jesus is the savior of men. Coming to the human consciousness, the spiritual idea purifies and renews it, thus showing forth the true Son of God.

The text, "Acquaint now thyself with Him and be at peace," means literally what it says; for in the process of acquainting ourselves with God we become receptive of the Christ, or divine idea of God, and are healed and saved by it as false beliefs are cast out and we become like the Mind that is God.

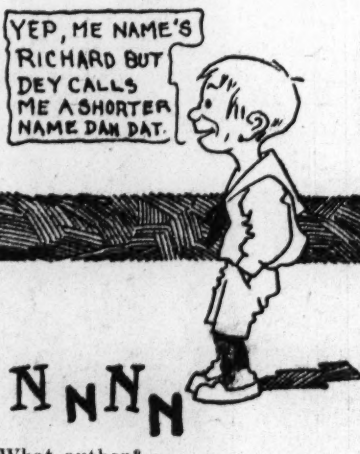
CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

The Grasshoppers' Croquet

Four little grasshoppers, one fine day, Hopped on the lawn to play croquet. "We can't use mallets and balls," one said, "But we'll play a game of our own instead. We'll hop through the wickets ourselves and see Whether I beat you or you beat me." So hippity-hop they went around Through all the wickets upon the ground Till the one who was leading made a jump And hit the home stake—bumpity-bump! Then out came Johnny and Bess to play And four little grasshoppers hopped away.

ANSWER TO CONUNDRUM.
Conundrum: It is a good looking glass (a good looking lass).

PICTURE PUZZLE



What author?

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PICTURE PUZZLE.

Swallow.

Tweedledum and Tweedledee

There is a story of a grocer in Cambridge 50 years ago who used to amuse the boys of the neighborhood very much. He had a desire to please all his customers and the boys would sometimes go shopping in this way. One would enter and ask if he had any sour apples.

"Well, no," was the reply; "Not what you would call sour; but these bell-flower apples, folks that like sour apples generally like these." The next boy would go in and ask if he had any sweet apples.

Perfect virtue is to do unwitnessed what we should be capable of doing before all the world.—La Rochefoucauld.

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With Key to the Scriptures

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Mary Baker Eddy

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THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear."

EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Tuesday, April 12, 1910.

An Apparently Disarranged Program

FRIENDS and foes of the administration are striving at present to explain why President Taft in his Saturday night speech before the League of Republican Clubs in Washington should have expressed one sentiment toward insurgency in the ranks, while Attorney-General Wickersham, one of the President's recognized confidential advisers, before the Hamilton Club of Chicago, on the same night, should have expressed a sentiment diametrically opposite—Mr. Taft for peace, Mr. Wickersham for war! Mr. Wickersham turning the insurgents out of the party, Mr. Taft appealing to them to come back to the fold!

It is said, and the statement sounds plausible, that Mr. Taft read Mr. Wickersham's speech and approved it before the attorney-general left for Chicago. It is asserted, furthermore, that Mr. Taft had himself intended to attack the insurgents with vigor, but that he changed his mind at the last moment. The question arises, Did he try to reach Mr. Wickersham so as to have that gentleman modify his remarks? There is room for equally interesting conjecture as to whether, while Mr. Wickersham was attacking the insurgents at Chicago, he felt that the President was also attacking them in Washington. Surely, in view of the apparent state of Republican affairs, the average man cannot be blamed if the words "disorganization" and "demoralization" flash across his intellectual horizon.

Of course, it will be impossible for the administration to divest itself of responsibility for Mr. Wickersham's speech. It may not care to do so, but in that event the country will be anxious to know where to fix the responsibility for Mr. Taft's speech. The administration cannot stride the fence with pleasure or profit. There is a winning chance always for the man or the movement or the party that has a fixed opinion or a fixed policy, but there is little beyond a losing chance where this position is reversed. The next House, already admitted to be in peril so far as the Republicans are concerned, can hardly be saved, if saved at all, by a divided administration, or by an administration that seems to be unable to make up its mind, or to choose sides. That the administration, from top to bottom, must eventually go on record for or against insurgency is plain, but it is not so plain that it has not already lost all the advantage that would have accrued from taking a positive stand at the beginning.

THE Chenango (N. Y.) Democrats are out for a clean campaign. Their convention adopted a resolution which "forbids absolutely its members and party workers expending one cent for any purpose whatever in connection with the special senatorial election."

ON THE presumption that the companies are open to proper recommendations, especially where these are of a nature still further to popularize the service and to increase its earnings, a New York patron proposes that the telephone exchanges shall cooperate still more closely than at present with the public. For instance, he wishes an arrangement to deliver messages, within certain limitations, to subscribers who cannot at the moment be reached by the persons calling. Many fees are lost by failure to get connection with the right "party." Now, it is held, in a great many cases a message such as "Call up No. —," or "So-and-so has been calling you," would entitle the companies to the fee for the service, and be a great accommodation to the persons concerned.

There are cases, too, where a patron may call a "party" a dozen times, and miss each time. If there were a mutual aid arrangement that would cover cases of this kind, one call would be sufficient, as the telephone operator might know exactly when the "parties" could be brought together. Operators in private exchanges work upon this system now to a great extent.

Much of the delay and uncertainty attending telephone communication could be removed if a message service were established. At present Mr. Smith must keep after Mr. Jones until Mr. Jones, who is in and out all day, is caught, so to speak, on the wing. As Mr. Jones may have used his instrument repeatedly in the meantime, it would, perhaps, be easy for "Central" to tell him to call up Mr. Smith.

These recommendations, it is probably safe to say, have come to the telephone managers in one shape or other before, but that will not detract from any intrinsic value they may have. Anything that will facilitate the transmission of telephone calls will be as beneficial to the companies as to their patrons.

INDEPENDENCE DAY is to be made more notable here this year by the presence of President Taft, who is expected to address the National Education Association convention delegates at the Stadium in Cambridge on that date.

Cutting Off Gifts to Our Officials

THE framers of the constitution of the United States made a wise move when they inserted a provision that no officer of this government should accept any title or gift from any foreign King or state without the expressed consent of Congress. In order to be consistent, this nation then stopped the practise it had before followed of presenting a gold medal and chain to retiring ministers from foreign governments. For over a hundred years now this government has given nothing more than kind and complimentary words to representatives of other countries. Congress early indorsed the idea of refusing gifts from foreign powers in a very striking case, that of Thomas Pinckney of South Carolina. Mr. Pinckney served with distinction as minister to Great Britain and Spain. On being informed that presents were being prepared for him by these governments, he replied that he could not accept them without consent of Congress. Later, he brought the matter to the attention of that body, and an earnest discussion ensued on the question. It was admitted that no one could be better entitled to the testimonials than Mr. Pinckney, but permission to receive them was denied him.

Two or three Congresses have reversed this rule to a certain

Referred to Telephone Managers

The Budget

IT is doubtful whether in the whole history of British finance more complete disorder has ever reigned than at the present moment. The Liberal party in the House is solid in its loyal support of the action of the cabinet in the present crisis, and to hint that any error of judgment has been exhibited is heresy of the worst political type. Whether the country will indorse this view is altogether another thing. A feeling that, in refusing to collect the income tax, the government has acted somewhat after the nature of an angry child is beginning to manifest itself, and it is not impossible that the ballot boxes, at the next election, may reveal a condition of things even less flattering to Mr. Asquith's hopes than at the last election. In spite of any amount of special pleading the fact remains that the action of the Lords in throwing out the budget has been justified by the return of a majority adverse to the budget. The prime minister had declared that if he was again returned to power his first action would be to present the budget once more to Parliament without the alteration of a single comma. He was returned to power, but by the irony of circumstances with a majority adverse not only to the House of Lords but to the budget.

The immediate effect of this is that the budget, commas and all, has remained in his despatch box, while the veto resolutions, as the only policy on which the rather heterogeneous majority is united, have pushed to the front, in the interval of opening up negotiations with Mr. Redmond with a view to obtaining the Irish vote in support of a policy to which the party is opposed. Had it not been for the sudden irruption of the Independent Nationalist party the negotiations might not have been a particularly delicate one. With Mr. O'Brien, however, implacable, the position of Mr. Redmond is distinctly precarious, and so, in the phrase of F. E. Smith, the country waits expectantly to know the fate of the budget, because Mr. Redmond not yet having had his mind made up by Mr. O'Brien is unable to address himself to the task of making up that of Mr. Asquith.

Meantime, every one knows that there is a majority in the House against the budget, and that the only way in which the second reading can be carried is by purchasing the Nationalist vote with an equivalent satisfactory to Mr. Redmond. In these circumstances, it is impossible to say in exactly what way the final blow may be dealt, whether it will be by the rejection of the budget in the House of Commons or by the rejection of the veto resolutions in the House of Lords.

WE HAVE had peace envoys, and now we are to have a potato envoy. The department of agriculture has commissioned a prominent Colorado farmer to go to Europe and find out why some countries over there can average 200 bushels of potatoes to the acre, against 80 or 90 bushels here. Expert New York farmers, however, have made a much better record than the European average.

WESTWARD the star of empire takes its way, and westward flows yearly a great tide of homeseekers. The vast number of fertile acres still unoccupied are very inviting to them, and pleasant dreams fill their minds of days to come when crops shall ripen on the broad fields of a homestead there that they can call their own. Next Monday 700,000 acres of land in Montana will be opened to homesteaders. The new land lies in Chouteau county, the largest county in the United States. The government land office has announced that the official opening will not take place until May 18, but that selections and occupation of homesteads can be made one month preceding that date. As a consequence, hundreds of people have assembled in the city of Great Falls, Mont., awaiting the word to advance upon the promised territory, and their number is being increased daily by arrivals, from the East, of persons anxious to acquire farms.

A great part of the land lies along the line of the Great Northern railway, and is more desirable on that account. Most of the soil on the bench lands is a loam, brown or black in color, and in texture something between a clay of considerable firmness and a sandy loam. The valley land along the streams is of silt formation, deep and rich. No doubt the major portion of the tract offered will be seized upon at once, and soon hundreds more of American homes will be founded to help build up our wonderful West. While we are thus gaining, we are not getting all the homeseekers, for many of them are being induced to cross over the border into the Dominion. It is stated that in the ten months ended the 31st of last October no fewer than 9919 homestead entries were taken up in the Canadian west by people from this country, every state and territory being represented, and that during the eight months ended Nov. 30 the total number of settlers who crossed the border into Canada from this country was 71,988, yet this is offset in large degree by immigrants from Canada to the United States. Both countries are being rapidly developed by settlers upon their farming lands.

SECRETARY OF THE NAVY MEYER hopes to promote efficiency and contentment by his order for one cruise each year to foreign waters by the battleship fleet.

Seeking Homes in the West

Canal Zone as a Coming Resort

THESE are busy days in Panama, according to F. W. Fitch, chief despatcher for the Panama railroad, who has come north on a visit to Washington. He states that never before has there been so much travel to the Canal Zone as there has been this winter. More than 5000 tourists have been down there already this season, and the indications are that the number will be doubled next year. Many Americans have been wintering at Ancon; Panama and Colon have been gayer than ever before.

This leads to conjecture what the future of the Canal Zone will be, when the Panama canal is completed and in operation, when a large part of the commerce of the world is passing through its gates, when new lines of passenger travel are opened, when large and important cities are at each end of the waterway and when the territory between them has been improved and made attractive. Then the zone may be the meeting place of the people of many countries in the months just preceding and following the new year. The tourist tide has already set that way, and discussion over proposed celebrations in California, in Louisiana and in Washington of the completion of the immense undertaking will give it a strong impetus. Will the zone become a noted winter resort?

The new track of the Panama railroad will be ready for use by June 1, we are told. It is forty-eight miles long, constituting practically an entirely new line. It follows the shore of the lake that will be a feature of the canal, and then runs along the canal through the Culebra cut on the 80-foot level.

There is active rivalry between New Orleans and the California cities planning to have canal celebrations and Congressman Moore is advocating a national exposition at Washington. Whatever the location, it would be a fine idea to have on exhibition a reproduction of the wonderful model of the canal which Colonel Goethals has at Culebra. The most sensible proposition as to how our people should show their appreciation of the big canal is that they should exert their influence for the creation of an American merchant marine to profit by the millions that the nation has put into the gigantic enterprise.

A Chair of Good Roads

ALL of the probabilities point to the conclusion that the great highways of the future will be much what the great highways were in the past. That is to say, they will be for country, interurban, county, state and national use. They will be traveled more than the old roadways, because population and traffic have greatly increased. If they be as well built as some of the ancient roadways still in use, they will be very well built, indeed. Traffic in larger volume than at any time since the railroad was introduced is now turning toward the country road, and the new system of trackless motor travel is only in its infancy. Transportation is about to undergo a great change. Considered entirely aside from whatever may be done on the water or in the air in the near future, the present possibilities of improvement in transportation by land are enough to hold the attention of the ordinary observer.

The application of power to road wagons is still in the early stages of its development. Edison's storage battery and the trackless trolley are only two of many recent additions to the resources of those who are looking and working toward a wider distribution of motive power. The business and agricultural interests of the country have scarcely yet been touched by the motor-car influence. It is well within the bounds of reason to say that in the next ten years the draft horse will have all but disappeared in city and country, and that, as a result of the general employment of motor wagons, traffic along the roadways will have multiplied in volume.

Preparations are being made for this change in many quarters, and the action just taken by the directors of the State Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, looking to the establishment of a good roads chair in that institution, is only fairly indicative of a movement that is widespread and increasing. It is unnecessary to say that this new traffic will seek the line of least resistance, everything else being equal. The district, town or city that can be reached by the best roads will enjoy, comparatively, the advantages now enjoyed by districts, towns and cities best served by railroads. The places that may in future be served by good railroads and good country roads will be most likely to hold the business they have already, and to attract the business to be created by the new conditions.

Texas is entering on a far-sighted policy. The making of good roads is an art and the development of the art is becoming a necessity. Practical education could hardly take a more timely or a more useful turn than that of instructing young men in good road making.

ONE point with reference to the irrigation work upon which the government has entered is becoming more and more evident, and this is that, like all undertakings of a public character, it is going to involve a very much greater outlay of money than was at first proposed, or originally intended or anticipated. The cost of irrigating lands per acre, for example, has risen from \$5 to \$10, to \$40, and in some instances to \$100, per acre. At the beginning, too, the understanding was that the work would soon pay for itself, or become self-sustaining. It is now being pointed out that even the \$100,000,000 in irrigation bonds favored by the President is not going to be sufficient to carry forward all the projects in hand and planned, but that the amount necessary will come nearer \$200,000,000.

The question, after all, however, is not one of cost, but, rather, whether the vast amount of money, private and public, put into irrigation schemes has been wisely invested. There is little doubt, if any, on this score. All of the government's projects promise to be entirely successful, in the sense that they will be profitable, which, perhaps, is the best proof of the wisdom of the undertakings. It is estimated that as a result of the expenditure already made and contemplated, more than 30,000,000 acres of arid land will be irrigated and made fertile, and that much of this will have a remarkable value of from \$100 to \$750 an acre. Even though this estimate may be subjected to considerable discount, there ought to be still a very large margin of profit for Uncle Sam.

THE announcement that President Taft and Vice-President Sherman went over the Chevy Chase golf course in less than 100 does not necessarily mean that their playing was below par.

The Progress of Irrigation